HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	7ii.l
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East (2f) (LCT Lowland Mosaic Medium Scale)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA7i Purbrook Heath / LCTB Lowland Settled Wooded Farmland
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	14.10.14
Surveyors:	AG
Weather/visibility:	Overcast

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: Glimpses of southern part from A3 (T) and adjacent houses, northern part visible from Purbrook Heath Road and Wayfarers Walk to north western edge, northern part of parcel used for various recreational activities	Types of viewers: Walkers, residents, motorists	Opportunities for mitigation Strong vegetation structure
Views out of the area to: From north part of site the rising ground to the south can be glimpsed	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Busy roads and several houses, but glimpsed views, regional footpath	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Compatible with landscape character
Does the area form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Northern part of parcel used for leisure pursuits	Green Infrastructure links: Streams through parcel, bike path along A3 (T), north west of parcel allocated as a Local Green Space
Panoramic views:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
No		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score: Medium	Sensitivity score: Medium	Sensitivity score: Medium/Low
Visual sensitivity score: Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Localised terracing for sports pitches in north; north part of parcel slopes into a shallow valley which passes through the parcel; the southern part of the parcel slopes into shallow valleys to the north and west High: 50m AOD Low: 35m AOD	Boundary features other than vegetation: Post and rail, post and wire, security palisade to substation, tennis netting	Tranquillity – Noise levels: A3 (T) traffic constant in east sections More peaceful elsewhere
Geological features: No	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Wooded backdrop to houses to north west (including listed Tudor Cottage)	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Substation, urban edge
Soil quality: Grades 3 and 4	Parkland features: None	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Street lighting on A3 (T)
Water features: Streams / ditches crossing northern section	Conservation Area: No	Accessibility to area by public footpath: Wayfarer's Way along north western boundary

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landcover and land use: Recreation ground including tennis courts, bowling green and cricket pitch, football pitch, play park, allotments, woodland, electric substation, arable field	Landscape features of CA: N/A	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: Wayfarer's Walk
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Tree belt south of cricket pitch and south of allotments, trees along stream, specimen trees in north section	Setting of listed buildings: Yes – Grade II Tudor Cottage adjacent to north west boundary and Grade II Old Rectory on A3 (T)	Recreational areas: North section made up almost entirely of recreation areas including tennis courts, bowling green and cricket pitch, football pitch, play park; allotments in south section
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Substantial hedgerow to eastern boundary, clipped hedge to parts of northern boundary	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: No	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Generally enclosed
Woodland and copses: Woodland along the south western boundaries and in the north west	Historic landscape (HLC): Medium irregular assarts and copses with wavy boundaries; sports fields; allotments	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Complex with some irregularity
Wetland and meadow: Floodplain grazing marsh crosses centre of parcel	Cultural associations: No	Open access areas: North section openly accessible
Common land: No	Features of cultural importance: No	
Heathland: No	Built form on area: Community building, bowling club house	
Other significant vegetation cover: No		
BAP/Phase I records:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
BAP habitats: woodland and coastal and floodplain		
grazing marsh		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Woodland SINC in south west		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Yes – north east corner		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/High	Medium / Low	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Purbrook to east – Victorian, Edwardian residential and modern estates

Character of the urban edge:

Screened from within parcel by strong hedgerow along the west side of the A3 (T)

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Purbrook to eastern and southern edges

Character of the wider landscape:

Continuation of the lowland mosaic to the north, west, and south west, with the open Portsdown ridge further to the south

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Links with countryside to the south and west

Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Sits to the side of rather than between settlements, but forms rural setting to edge of Purbrook
Historic links with the wider area if known:
None known
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
Vider countryside to west
Recreational links with the wider area:
Wayfarer's Walk
VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:
n/a

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	9.1
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East (2f)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA 9 Waterlooville Golf Course / LCTA Pasture and woodland (heath associated)
Presence in Chichester AONB	No, though less than 1 km outside the boundary of the South Downs National Park
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	15.08.14
Surveyors:	AG/WJ
Weather/visibility:	White cloud/good

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: Padnell Grange, adjacent houses, Hazleton Common Nature Reserve, footpath along Sheepwash Road. Not visible from the South Downs National Park	Types of viewers: Walkers, residents, golfers	Opportunities for mitigation Significant tree belts either side of Sheepwash Road and strong boundary vegetation to golf course with large amount of trees on course
Views out of the area to: Hazleton Common Nature Reserve, rest of golf course	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Popular local footpath for dog walkers, well used golf club	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Compatible with landscape character
Does the area form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Walkers expecting green space, golfers intent on play but aware of setting Rural setting to Waterlooville/Cowplain	Green Infrastructure links: Remainder of gold course, Hazleton Common NR, separated from Bells Copse and Blendworth Common by A3(M)
Panoramic views: No		
Landmark features:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
No		
Sensitivity score: Medium/Low	Sensitivity score: Medium /Low	Sensitivity score: Medium/Low
Visual sensitivity score: Medium/Low		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Gently undulating High: 60m AOD Low: 45m AOD	Boundary features other than vegetation: Palisade fencing to sections of western boundary of golf course, sections of post and rail, post and wire and chanlink. Closeboard fence to gardens	Tranquillity – Noise levels: A3 traffic constant in north and east sections Generally peaceful elsewhere
Geological features: No	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Trees in gardens on Greenfield Crescent on western edge of northern section Back gardens form southern and western boundaries of golf course although unable to assess extent of contribution	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Houses
Soil quality: Non-agricultural	Parkland features: Golf course	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Waterlooville, Cowplain, A3(M) traffic
Water features: Stream crossing northern section Ditches and pond on golf course	Conservation Area: No	Accessibility to area by public footpath: Sheepwash Road public bridleway
Landcover and land use: Grazed field, woodland, golf course	Landscape features of CA: N/A	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
		Sheepwawsh Road link to Monarchs Way to the north of the area
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Major tree lines either side of Sheepwash Road Large numbers of trees in belts dividing golf course Number of mature individual trees in field making up northern section	Setting of listed buildings: No	Recreational areas: Golf course
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Large hedgerow to western boundary of golf course	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: No	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Generally enclosed and sheltered with high point on golf course slightly more exposed
Woodland and copses: Padnell Cuts Wood in western section; areas of woodland extend out from A3 boundary in south and central area	Historic landscape (HLC): Golf courses Assarted Pre-1810	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Complex with some irregularity
Wetland and meadow: No	Cultural associations: No	Open access areas: No
Common land: No	Features of cultural importance: No	
Heathland: No	Built form on area: Club house	
Other significant vegetation cover: Areas of native shrubs on golf course		
BAP/Phase I records: BAP habitats: Lowland Meadows on golf course; Lowland Mixed Deciduous Woodland on golf course, along Sheepwash Road and in eastern woodland;		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Lowland Dry Acid Grassland in field in north east		
corner		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Entire golf course area is a SINC		
Pasture and tree belts along Sheepwash Road also a		
SINC known as Hazleton Wood		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/High	Low	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Cowplain – post-war detached housing in residential streets

Character of the urban edge:

Fairly soft with trees in back gardens and vegetation within area screening views in

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Adjacent to Waterlooville/Cowplain to the south and west

Character of the wider landscape:

Gently sloping open areas with some tree cover and tree belts continues to the north and east, large area of mixed woodland (Area 10.1) to the southeast

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Directly linked to the remainder of the golf course and Hazleton Common Nature Reserve to the north

Separated from Bell's Copse (Area 10.1) woodland, open area of land forming Area 10.2, Blendworth common and countryside beyond (including the South Downs National Park) by the A3(M). The area is not considered part of the setting of the SDNP as there is no physical or visual link.

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Forms part of rural edge of Waterlooville/Cowplain and part of open gap between Cowplain and Leigh Park/Rowlands Castle

Historic links with the wider area if known: None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Nature reserve to north and wider countryside to east over A3(M)

Recreational links with the wider area:

Bridleway along Sheepwash Road joins Monarchs way, a regional long distance trail approximately 1km to the north of the area, after passing through Hazleton Common Nature Reserve

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

None known

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	10.1
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East (2f)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA10 Blendworth Common and woodlands / LCTA Pasture and woodland (heath
	associated)
Presence in Chichester AONB	No, though less than 1km outside the boundary of the South Downs National Park
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	15.08.2014
Surveyors:	AG/WJ
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/Good

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: Accessible path on edge of Havant Thicket woodland, A3(M), Blendworth Common, possible minor, possible glimpsed views from edge of South Downs National Park	Types of viewers: Walkers, drivers, visitors to SD National Park	Opportunities for mitigation Divided by mature trees along stream in centre
Views out of the area to: Blendworth Common, Havant Thicket, A3(M), possible longer views to north	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Busy road and well used footpath	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Some compatibility although existing vegetation mature and quite open
Does the area form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Rural area, setting of a national park	Green Infrastructure links: Linked to woodland of Havant Thicket to east and area 10.2 to south Linked to A3 buffer vegetation to western edge
Panoramic views:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
No		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/Low	Medium	Medium/Low
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium/Low		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Gently undulating with stream valley in centre High: 55m AOD Low: 40m AOD	Boundary features other than vegetation: Post and wire fence	Tranquillity – Noise levels: A3(M) constant background noise loudest on western edge
Geological features: No	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: None	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Glimpses of traffic on A3(M) Pylons Generally visually tranquil
Soil quality: Grade 4	Parkland features: Mature trees in managed grassland	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: A3(M), Waterlooville/Cowplain
Water features: Stream running north/south through centre (same stream as 10.2) and tributary ditch connected to stream in southwest corner	Conservation Area: No	Accessibility to area by public footpath: No

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landcover and land use: Managed grassland with some areas of bracken and mature trees	Landscape features of CA: N/A	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: No
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Trees alongside stream running north/south through centre of area Small mature tree belt on eastern side of stream running east/west Tree belt along northern edge becoming increasingly broken to the east sopping before eastern boundary Large number of scattered mature individual trees, mostly on eastern side	Setting of listed buildings: No	Recreational areas: No
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Dense boundary trees and understory vegetation to eastern boundary	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: No	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Generally open with pockets of enclosure created by the tree belts and individual trees
Woodland and copses: None	Historic landscape (HLC): Unenclosed heath and scrub	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Simple irregular
Wetland and meadow: Managed grassland	Cultural associations: None	Open access areas: No - path
Common land: No	Features of cultural importance: None known	
Heathland: Areas of bracken	Built form on area: None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
BAP/Phase I records:		
Majority of area BAP habitat: Lowland Dry Acid		
Grassland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Entire parcel is a SINC		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/High	Low	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Post-war housing and flats in the north part of Leigh Park. Detached post war houses in Waterlooville/Cowplain across A3

Character of the urban edge:

North edge of Leigh Park is raw in places, Dunsbury Hill Wood provides some enclosure to the northern edge. Cowplain / Waterlooville screened by A3 corridor planting

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Separated from Leigh Park by Bell's Copse and Dunsbury Hill Wood Separated by A3(M) and Waterlooville Golf Course (Area 9.1)

Character of the wider landscape: Continued gently undulating grassland to north without individual trees and more intensely managed Woodland to east and south (area 10.2) Golf course (area 9.1) to west

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Separated from 9.1 to the west by A3(M) otherwise an important part of the woodland / grassland pattern of landscape to north, east and south

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Forms part of large gap between Havant/Rowlands Castle and Waterlooville/Cowplain although this will be reduced by the proposed Dunsbury Hill Farm development to the south west

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known: None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

None known

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

None known

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	10.2
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East (2f)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA10 Blendworth Common and woodlands / LCTA Pasture and woodland (heath
	associated)
Presence in Chichester AONB	No, though less than 1km outside the boundary of the South Downs National Park
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	15.08.2014
Surveyors:	AG/WJ
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/Good

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Staunton Country Park	Walkers	Entire area woodland
Footpaths	Land managers and staff	
A3(M)	Country Park visitors	
	Drivers	
Views out of the area to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Glimpsed views to Staunton Country Park	Well used local walking routes	mitigation:
	Fewer country park users in area from which site is visible	Loss of woodland
	Busy duel carriageway	
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes	local visual receptors):	Linked to woodland of Havant Thicket to
	Expecting rural setting	northeast
		Linked to grassland of area 10.1 to north and
		Staunton Country Park to east
		Linked to A3 buffer vegetation to western edge

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
		Linked to mosaic of rough grassland and copses to
		south
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/Low	Medium	Low
Visual sensitivity score:	·	·
Medium/Low		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Gently undulating and central valley High: 45m AOD Low: 35m AOD	Boundary features other than vegetation: None	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Tranquil with some noise from A3(M) traffic on western edge
Geological features: None	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: None	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Tranquil other than line of pylons in centre of site
Soil quality: Non-agricultural	Parkland features: Setting of Staunton Country Park – registered park and garden, grade 2*	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: A3(M) traffic, Waterlooville/Cowplain
Water features: Stream running north/south through centre (same stream as 10.1) with two tributary ditches connected to	Conservation Area: Part of setting of the Sir George Staunton Conservation Area	Accessibility to area by public footpath:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
stream, one on the eastern side and one on the western side		No PROW but open access land with maintained, surfaced path on eastern edge and paths through woodland maintained by use
Landcover and land use: Woodland	Landscape features of CA: The Avenue protrudes into the open field to the east of Bell's Copse	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: Links to PROW network to south of area
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: None	Setting of listed buildings: No	Recreational areas: Open access land used for informal recreation
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Laid willow hedge along eastern boundary	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: None	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Enclosed
Woodland and copses: Majority area mixed evergreen and deciduous woodland of varying maturity	Historic landscape (HLC): Assarted pre 1810 Medium regular with strait boundaries (Parliamentary Type)	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Some complexity
Wetland and meadow: Area of grassland and bracken where woodland cleared for electricity cables in centre of area	Cultural associations: None	Open access areas: Entire area
Common land: No	Features of cultural importance: None	
Heathland: Few small patches on northern edge	Built form on area: None	
Other significant vegetation cover: None		
BAP/Phase I records: Large parts of western side of site BAP habitat: Lowland Mixed Deciduous Woodland		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Woodland to the sides of the stream BAP habitat: Wet		
Woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Bells Copse SINC		
Meadow adjacent to Bells Copse SINC		
Two combined cover entire area		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Thin area either side of stream running north south		
through centre of site classed as Flood Zone 3		
-		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium	Medium/High
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium/High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Post-war housing and flats in the north part of Leigh Park. Cowplain / Waterlooville post-war detached housing.

Character of the urban edge:

North edge of Leigh Park is raw in places, Dunsbury Hill Wood provides some enclosure to the northern edge. Cowplain / Waterlooville screened by A3 corridor planting

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Separated from Leigh Park by Dunsbury Hill Wood, although a large area to the east of Dunsbury Hill Wood is allocated for housing (UE 6a) Separated from Waterlooville/Cowplain by A3 and as well as fields on Dunsbury Hill Farm on south eastern edge

Character of the wider landscape: Gently undulating open landscape with occasional tree belts and large areas of woodland Relationship with adjacent wider countryside: Important part of the woodland / grassland pattern of landscape to north, east and south Separated from area 9.1 by the A3(M) Contribution to the gap between settlements: Part of the gap between Havant and Waterlooville Historic links with the wider area if known: None known Ecological links with the wider area: None known Recreational links with the wider area: None known VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	II.I Dunsbury Hill
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCAII A3 (M) Eastern Corridor/ LCTB Lowland Settled Wooded Farmland
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Leigh Park – Waterlooville
Date of area survey:	8/8/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	High cloud

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Minute into the owner former	Turner of character	
Views into the area from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
North-east edge of Waterlooville	Walkers	New woodland and tree belt planting
Park Lane bridleway	Residents	
Housing on Calshot Road		
Local footpaths		
Views out of the area to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
North-east Waterlooville	Park Lane very well used	mitigation:
Bell's Copse	Low numbers elsewhere	Would enhance and reinforce landscape structure
Open countryside to the north		
South over Havant to the coast		
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes – at Dunsbury Hill	local visual receptors):	With existing SINCs and planting along A3 (M).
,	Open landscape near to the A3 (M)	Links with proposed landscape infrastructure for
	-F	the large development site to the south
		(proposed landscaped areas west and east of Park
		Lane and large scale infill planting east of Beech
		Wood and south of Dunsbury Hill)
Panoramic views:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
No		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium-high	Medium-high	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium/High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	No significant	Road noise from A3 (M)
Hill top of Dunsbury Hill and upper slopes		
50m AOD down to 25m AOD in the south of the area		
and within the eastern woodland		
Fall to north down to 40m AOD		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Pylons
	N/A	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
X	N/A	Highway lighting and urban fringe lighting
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Stream within eastern woodland which connects into	N/A	Along Park Lane and minor footpaths
Bell's Copse to the north and woodland off St Clements		
Ave to the south		
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable in the west and cropping in the north	N/A	national trails:
Woodland in east		Well used surfaced link along Park Lane into
		Waterlooville and north Leith Park
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Along Park Lane west of Calshot Road	N/A	None

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Along edge of A3 (M)		
At north end of area		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Field boundaries south of site of Dunsbury Hill Farm	N/A	openness/enclosure:
(forms boundary to development site to the south)		Mainly open but enclosed within wooded areas
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Woodland extension to Bell's Copse in th east of the	HLC 1.6 Medium regular fields with straight boundaries	Fairly simple medium sized pattern
area	(Parliamentary type)	
Extensions west of Bell's Copse in the north of the area		
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	Not known	NA
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	None	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
No	Hardstandings on site of Dunsbury Hill Farm	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Some rough grassland west of Calshot Road		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
SINCs within the north and east of the area		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
TPOs:		
Not known		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium-low	Medium-low
Landscape sensitivity score: Medium/Low		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Separated from Waterlooville by A3 (M)
Waterlooville (LCA8) : late 20 th C housing development
Leigh Park (LCA16) to the south-east – 60s and 70s residential including blocks of flats
Character of the urban edge:
Wooded edge to Waterlooville and planting along A3 (M) gives a strong wooded edge to the settlement with views of houses within this wooded setting
Wooded links into Leigh Park. Vegetation along boundary with Calshot Road
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Well separated from Waterlooville by wooded belt
Mainly disconnected from Leigh Park but with the build-out of the development site to the south the area will wrap around the settlement edge
Character of the wider landscape:
Mainly woodland with pockets of open grassland
Separated from Blendworth Common and Staunton Country Park by extensive woodland at Bell's Copse
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
With the allocation of the land to the south for development, the landscape character of this area is now isolated from the wider landscape by the development and
settlement, although the wooded eastern part has strong links with the wider wooded landscape to the north and east
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
With the proposed development to the south, the area separates Waterlooville from this new development area in a narrow gap of 300m
Historic links with the wider area if known:
No significant connections known
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
Woodland is part of a series of interlinked SINCs
Recreational links with the wider area:
No significant links
VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:
N/A

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	I I.2 Land at Neville's Park
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCAII A3 (M) Eastern Corridor/ LCTB Lowland Settled Wooded Farmland
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Leigh Park – Waterlooville
Date of area survey:	8/8/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Sun/cloud

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Hulbert Rd	Road users	Tree belts
Adjacent estate roads	Residents	
Footpaths within SINC	Users of the footpaths across the SINC and informal recreation area	
Informal recreation area west of Ramsdale	west of Ramsdale Avenue	
Avenue		
A3 roundabout		
Purbeck Way		
B2150		
Views out of the area to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Western edge of Leigh Park	Very busy roads	mitigation:
A3 roundabout	Number of residential properties in Leigh Park and Waterlooville	Compatible with landscape character
Southern edge of proposed Dunsbury Hill	Well used footpaths in SINC	
Farm development		
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual	Green Infrastructure links:
No	receptors):	Links to SINCs and other tree cover
	Secluded wooded landscape in close proximity to urban area	
Panoramic views:		

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STUDY INTO THE LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY AND THE VALUE OF THE UNDEVELOPED OPEN LAND IN HAVANT BOROUGH 2015 RECORD SHEET: LAND PARCEL 11.2

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
No		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/low	Medium	Low
Visual sensitivity score:		·
Medium/Low		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
—		
Topography and landform including highest and lowes		Tranquillity – Noise levels:
contours :	None of significance	Road noise from A3 and local road network
Very gently undulating		
35m AOD in the west to 15m AOD in the east		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	landscape character:	Pylons
	Small rear gardens butt up to the area often with	A3 and its roundabout
	trees along rear boundaries	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
X	None	Highway and adjacent urban lighting
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Hermitage Stream	N/A	Paths across 'country park' informal area and
Minor streams/ditches in the woodland		adjacent SINC
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes
Woodland	N/A	and national trails:
Informal 'country park' area		None
Rough grassland		
Road network		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Tree belts along edge of urban areas, the A3 and Hulbert Road	N/A	Informal 'country park' area west of Ramsdale Avenue
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
None of landscape significance	N/A	openness/enclosure:
Woodland and copses:	Historia landacana (HIC)	Enclosed landscape Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Extensive good sized and interlinked woodlands (SINCs)	Historic landscape (HLC): HLC 4.1 assarted woodland pre 1810 HLC 1.6 Small rectilinear fields with wavy boundaries HLC1.16 Small rectangular with wavy boundaries	Diverse landscape of woodland and open grassland Varied and irregular field size Medium scale
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Not recorded	Not known	None
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
N/A	None	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
Very possible – not recorded	Road network	
Other significant vegetation cover: Emerging woodland at Neville's Park		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland ASNW		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi- Natural Ancient Woodland: Many SINCs		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Narrow floodplain along Hermitage stream		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/High	Medium	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score: Medium	·	·

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

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STUDY INTO THE LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY AND THE VALUE OF THE UNDEVELOPED OPEN LAND IN HAVANT BOROUGH 2015 RECORD SHEET: LAND PARCEL 11.2

Adjacent settlement character and pattern: 1edium to large modern estates to the west (Waterlooville LCA 5 and 8) and east (Leigh Park LCA 15 and 16)	
Character of the urban edge:	
ree lined and well screened edge to Waterlooville (LCA 5 and 8). The wooded landscape extends into the urban fabric	
Open landscapes including recreation areas within LCAII.2 contribute to character of the urban edge at Leigh Park (LCAI6). More exposed edge to Ramsc	dale Road
evelopment. More wooded edge to LCA15	
Relationship with adjacent settlement:	
eparated from Waterlooville by the A3 and its boundary tree cover	
trong contrast with urban form of Leigh Park	
lecreational value to Leigh Park	
Vill be bounded in the north by the proposed Dunsbury Hill Farm development	
Character of the wider landscape:	
Voodland and open grassland continues to the north and south within LCAII	
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:	
No visual connection with LCAs 9, 10, 12 or 20	
art of the extensive woodland and open grassland landscape covering LCAs 9, 10, 11 and 20	
Contribution to the gap between settlements:	
Varrow gap at this point between Leigh Park and Waterlooville which is been further reduced by the proposed Dunsbury Hill Farm development north-east	t of the are
leville's Park has a notable sense of seclusion from the adjacent urban areas and the A3	
listoric links with the wider area if known:	
Contributes to a landscape of pre 1810 assarted woodland which survives as part of the Forest of Bere	
cological links with the wider area if known:	
he many SINCs in the area contribute to the matrix of SINCs between Waterlooville and Leigh Park	
Recreational links with the wider area:	
he informal 'country park' area at Neville's Park is rather isolated from other facilities and PRoW connections	
/DS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:	
V/A	

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	11.3 Land east of Crookhorn
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCAII A3 (M) Eastern Corridor/ LCTB Lowland Settled Wooded Farmland
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Leigh Park – Waterlooville
Date of area survey:	8/8/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Sun / cloud

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
PROW including Scratchface Lane	Road users	Major tree and woodland planting
College Road	Walkers	
Purbrook Way	Residents	
Adjacent housing		
Views out of the area to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Tree line along west edge of South Downs	Very well used	mitigation:
college and College Road		New tree and woodland planting would be in
Tree lined A3 (M)		keeping with the local character
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes – ground immediately east of College Road	local visual receptors):	Link with existing woodland in the area
	Well wooded area with pockets of open land between two	
	urban areas	

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
		GI Target note HB2: enhance visitor economy by
		promoting biodiversity assets and encouraging
		educational value GI Target note WA7: Maintain the A3 as an
		important multifunctional corridor linking with
		Stanton Park and Langstone Harbour
		GI Target note WA3: Improve links between
		woodland hubs by developing a good network of
		wooded stepping stones and street trees
Panoramic views:		
From along College Road to south-east and Langstone		
Harbour		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium-high	Medium-high
Visual sensitivity score:		·
Medium/High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Garden fencing	High noise levels from A3 (M) and other busy
Undulating landscape from 50m AOD dropping to 35m	Post and wire to field boundaries	roads
AOD in the south-east of the area	Security fencing to facilities	
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Pylons

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
	Very little effect	Built form well screened by tree cover
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
X	None	Local urban lighting
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Minor streams	N/A	Access to southern part along Scratchface Lane
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Woodland	N/A	national trails:
Open grassland		None
Commercial premises (Littlepark)		
Highway network		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Prominent tree belts along urban edge and A3 (M)	N/A	None
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
In southern part of the area along Scratchface Lane and	N/A	openness/enclosure:
southern boundary		Enclosed except for south of Scratchface Lane
		where open landscape
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
3 medium sized woodland areas	HLC 4.1 assarted woodland pre 1810	Matrix of medium scale woodland and open fields
	HLC 1.6 Small rectilinear fields with wavy boundaries	Diverse
	HLC1.10 Medium regular fields with straight boundaries	
	(parliamentary type)	
	Area recorded as one of the most archaeologically rich	
	areas in the Borough	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Ponds within woodland	Not known	None
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Roman road	
	Littlepark Wood Roman Village	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
None	Commercial premises in Littlepark Wood	
	Pylons and sub station	
	Highway infrastructure	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland		
Lowland meadow		
ASNW		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
SINCs at Littlepark Wood, Gundymoor Wood,		
Johnston's Coppice and Simonds Hill		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium-high	Medium-high	Medium-low
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

To the west urban edge defined by college and school buildings and their grounds with some modern housing as part of an urban area of mixed character (LCA5 and LCA6)

To the east two large superstores on the edge of Leigh Park and with a well defined edge to the modern housing within LCA15 (Leigh Park)

Character of the urban edge:

Well demarcated by mature tree lines

Relationship with adjacent settlement:
West of A3 (M) the area form the setting to the colleges and schools forming a buffer to the highway
The open land south of Scratchface Lane is orientated eastwards and there is no intervisibility with Crookhorn
Littlepark Wood relates to Leigh Park to the east and is enclosed on 3 sides by built form with a just a small boundary along the south side to open land
Character of the wider landscape:
Wooded landscape continues east of the A3 (M) to the north
Open rolling grassland continues south of the area into LCA12
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Good visual connectivity with wooded landscape to the north – severed physically by the A3 (M)
Open rolling landscape extends into LCA12 to the south
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
The area lies in a narrow gap between Leigh Park and Waterlooville which is already affected by the two superstores and extensive major highway infrastructure. The
woodland cover is important in maintaining the perception of a gap between the two settlements. The open land south of Scratchface Lane provides physical separation
but at this point both Crookhorn and Leigh Park are well screened by tree cover.
Historic links with the wider area if known:
Part of series of pre 1810 assarted woodland along the undeveloped A3 (M) landscape corridor
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
Part of a series of wooded SINCs along the undeveloped A3 (M) landscape corridor
Recreational links with the wider area:
None
VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:
Not known

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	12.1
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Portsdown Hill Open Downs (8i)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA12 Portsdown Hill / LCTD Settled chalk ridge
Presence in Chichester AONB:	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	13.08.2014
Surveyors:	AG/WJ
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/good

Population	Mitigation potential
Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Fort visitors, golfers, walkers on Wayfarers Walk and	Tree clumps and lines on golf course, hedgerow
footpath, residents, motorists, sailors / fishermen	structure surrounding fort and parts of golf
	course
Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Popular visitor attraction, well used golf course, walkers	mitigation:
on regional long distance trail	Setting of fort would be altered but tree clumps,
	belts and hedgerows would be in keeping
	Types of viewers: Fort visitors, golfers, walkers on Wayfarers Walk and footpath, residents, motorists, sailors / fishermen Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Popular visitor attraction, well used golf course, walkers

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes – Fort and ridge are prominent on the skyline	local visual receptors):	Small park to north of golf course
	Wayfarers Walk following ancient route through	Several SINCs immediately to the south of the
	countryside; golfers intent on play but aware of setting	area both north and south of Portsdown Hill
		Road
		Adjacent fields in areas 12.2 and 12.3
Panoramic views:		
Yes – north of the ridgeline views are to South Downs,		
south of ridge views are to the coast		
Landmark features:		
Purbrook Fort		
Woodland clump east of Crookhorn Lane		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / high	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Chainlink and post and rail to golf course; post and rail to	B2177 Portsdown Hill road, Crookhorn Lane and
Fort on ridge which falls to north and south with some	northern side of fort and metal rails to southern section of	College Road
undulation to north	fort	
High 95m AOD		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Low 40m AOD		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	M27, radio mast, suburban character of
	Some small trees and vegetation visible on north and west	Crookhorn Lane
	sides of golf course	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade 3	Scattered clumps on golf course	Portsmouth, Waterlooville and M27
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Ditch in golf course	No	Wayfarers Walk loops around fort
		Footpath to east of Crookhorn Lane through
		horse paddocks
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Recreational, cultural and horse grazing	n/a	national trails:
		Wayfarers Walk long distance trail loops around
		the fort
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belts and clumps within golf course including some non-native species	Fort Purbrook is a Grade II* listed building	Golf course and activity centre within fort
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Thick native hedgerows to north, east and west of fort	Fort Purbrook and underground tunnel to east	openness/enclosure:
bordering Wayfarers Walk and to north of horse		Generally open but enclosed within fort
paddocks to east and west of fort		surroundings
Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
--	--	--
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Two small areas of woodland on northern side of golf	Golf course	Complex and mixed
course	Defence 19 th C	
Two small areas of woodland on the eastern edge of	Downland	
the golf course		
One copse of mature trees on the top of the ridge		
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Areas of rough grass in golf course, area of rough grass and scrub to south of fort	18 th Century fort	None
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	18 th Century fort	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
No	Purbrook Fort and stable to east of fort; golf clubhouse	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
BAP/Phase I records:		
BAP habitat: Lowland Calcareous Grassland in thin strip		
around north east and west of fort and in field		
immediately east of fort		
BAP habitat: Lowland Mixed Deciduous Woodland in		
three areas on golf course		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Seven separate SINCs in golf course, the paddocks to		
the east and west of the fort are also designated SINCs		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / high	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:	•	•
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Widley to north west, Crookhorn to north east - suburban streets and cul-de-sacs of detached post war housing

Character of the urban edge:

Back gardens of detached post war housing and school buildings largely screened by woodland and tree clumps on the golf course and tree belt along north side of College Road

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Contained by Farlington and Drayton to the south and Widley and Crookhorn to the north

Character of the wider landscape:

Rough horse grazing pasture with scattered tree clumps and mature hedgerows across areas 12.2 and 12.3 to east and LCAII to north east

More undulating in 12.2 and sloping up to the continuation of the ridge in 12.3

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Connected to rough pasture in 12.2, 12.3 and LCA 11 as well as the strip of scrub and rough grass to south of fort

Separated from larger area of downland scrub and rough grass to south by Portsdown Hill Road and largely disconnected from wider landscape by settlement and transport corridors

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Makes up a large part of the open area between Farlington/Drayton to south of ridge and Widley and Crookhorn to north of ridge and eastern area forms part of open space between Havant / Bedhampton and Purbrook. Western part forms setting of Fort Purbrook.

Historic links with the wider area if known:

Fort and ridge are connected to areas naval and military history

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

Wayfarers Walk stretches from the coast to close to Newbury

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	12.2
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Portsdown Hill Open Downs (8i)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA12 Portsdown Hill / LCTD Settled chalk ridge
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	13/08/2014
Surveyors:	AG/WJ
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/Good

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: Golf course, A3(M) Houses on top of Camp Down (including Grade II listed Towers) Pedestrian bridge crossing the A3(M) and adjoining footpath College Road to northwest	Types of viewers: Drivers, walkers, golfers	Opportunities for mitigation Good existing structure of hedgerows some with hedgerow trees Bordered to the west by the small areas of woodland in area 12.1
Views out of the area to: Camp Down, golf course, College road and A3(M)	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Busy motorway, local road, well used golf course and local footpath	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Mitigation would be compatible with local character
Does the area form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Golfers intent on play but aware of setting Walkers on local footpath connected to green areas Drivers travelling past at speed	Green Infrastructure links: Adjacent to SINCS and A3 corridor planting

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / Iow	Medium / Iow	Medium / Iow
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / Iow		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours :	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
Undulating with a low point in the centre of the eastern boundary of the area rising to the north and south High: 45m AOD Low: 35m AOD	Post and wire fencing	A3(M) traffic produces high level of noise
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character:	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	No	A3 (M) traffic and road and pedestrian bridges
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade 4	No	A3 (M), Widley, Purbrook and Bedhampton
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Ditch / springline	No	No

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landcover and land use: Horse grazing	Landscape features of CA: n/a	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: No
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Four small individual trees in south-west corner; adjacent to eastern boundary (along A3 corridor)	Setting of listed buildings: The Towers grade II listed residential house in area 12.3 looks into area	Recreational areas: No
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedgerows with large hedgerow trees to field boundary bisecting area from east to west and along western boundary Hedgerows to north and south boundaries	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: No	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Partially enclosed by surrounding vegetation and topography
Woodland and copses: Small copse in south-west corner	Historic landscape (HLC): Small rectilinear with wavy boundaries	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Complex irregular and interesting pattern
Wetland and meadow: Possible wet grassland Common land: No	Cultural associations: No Features of cultural importance: No	Open access areas: No
Heathland: No	Built form on area: No	
Other significant vegetation cover: Occasional scattered patches of scrub Unimproved grassland		
BAP/Phase I records: Small area of BAP woodland		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: Small area of woodland SINC		
Presence in a floodplain: No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / Low	Low	Medium / Low
Landscape sensitivity score: Medium / Low		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Isolated from nearby settlements. Houses at Camp Down to south east (separated by parcel 12.3); Crookhorn to north west beyond 12.1 – suburban streets and culde-sacs of detached post war housing

Character of the urban edge:

Eastern edge of Crookhorn is strongly vegetated. Houses at Camp Down (including the Tower) are partly screened by vegetation, but partly open. Separated from A3(M) to the east by thin area of scrub and small trees

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Separated by 12.1 (golf course) from Crookhorn; separated by A3(M) from Bedhampton and by ridge of Camp Down from residential areas to the south

Character of the wider landscape:

Undulating horse grazed rough grassland continues to the north Higher grazed rough grassland to the south in area 12.3 Golf course in area 12.1 to west

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Linked to landscape to north, west and south - similar character with fewer hedgerow divisions to north and south separated from the area by low hedges

Contribution to the gap between settlements: Forms a significant section of the gap between Havant/Bedhampton and Crookhorn

Historic links with the wider area if known:

Historic character type continues to north

Ecological links with the wider area if known: None known

Recreational links with the wider area: No

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	12.3
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Portsdown Hill Open Downs (8i)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA12 Portsdown Hill / LCTD Settled chalk ridge
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	13.08.2014
Surveyors:	AG/WJ
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/good

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: A3(M), pedestrian road bridge over A3(M), golf course, college road, Southdowns College, Portsdown Hill Road (glimpsed views), A2030 Havant Road, A27, Wayfarers Walk (glimpsed views). Houses to east of area at Camp Down, including Towers listed building	Types of viewers: Motorists, walkers, students, residents	Opportunities for mitigation Some hedgerow and scrub but all fairly low Large trees surrounding existing buildings
Views out of the area to: Portsmouth, Langstone Channel, Emsworth Channel, Hayling Island, The Solent, Isle of Wight, LCA 41 to the south. Waterlooville, Purbrook, South Downs to north	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Large higher education college, well used golf course, walkers on regional long distance trail	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Adding in more large trees and shrubs would alter the character

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes	local visual receptors):	Linked to areas 12.1 and 12.2 and highways
	Wayfarers Walk following ancient route through	planting along A3
	countryside; golfers intent on play but aware of setting,	
	collage attendees likewise	
Panoramic views:		
Yes		
Landmark features:		
Large private houses on ridge		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

KIRKHAM LANDSCAPE PLANNING LTD

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours :	Boundary features other than vegetation: Chainlink fence around old peoples home	Tranquillity – Noise levels: A3(M), Portsdown Hill Road, vehicles in aggregate
Ridge sloping down gently from west to east and steeply down to south and to north High: 70m AOD Low: 35m AOD	Post and wire fence along Portsdown Hill road Palisade fence at entrance to aggregate recycling facility	recycling depot

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
No	character:	A3(M), A27
	Some large trees around private dwellings in southeast	
	corner, including listed grounds of The Tower	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade 3	No	Portsmouth, Havant, Purbrook, Waterlooville,
		Crookhorn, Widley, A3(M), A27
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
No	No	No
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Horse grazing	n/a	national trails:
Aggregate and cement recycling facility		Wayfarers walk runs along edge
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Several large trees and a number of smaller trees set	The Towers (bed and breakfast)	None
within residential dwellings adjacent to southeast corner of area		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Small hedgerow to northern boundary	No	openness/enclosure:
Large hedgerow to southern boundary		Enclosed in aggregate recycling depot, otherwise
Thick hedgerow to western boundary		open and exposed
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Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Semi mature copse in old pit on southern boundary	Medium to large regular fields with wavy boundaries	Regular, simple
Small woodland to north of dwellings in southeast	Defence 19 th C	
corner		
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	None known	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
No	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Unimproved rough grassland		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Grassland and woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Two small SINCs		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / Iow	Low	Medium / Low

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium / Iow		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern: Large detached houses to south east Camp Down and western edge of Bedhampton (split from Bedhampton by the A3) To the south west there are post war houses and waterworks south of Portsdown Hill road (part of Farlington)

Character of the urban edge:

Large driveways and front gardens separated from site by large hedge and Portsdown Hill Road

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

South east boundary with detached houses partly open, partly vegetated; houses south of Portsdown Hill Road separated by hedge to north side

Character of the wider landscape:

Area 12.2 to north similar but more enclosed while 12.1 is dominated by the golf course and fort but maintains a similar landform. The A3(M) is directly east

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Strongly linked to and overlooks area 12.2 to the north and 12.1 to the west. Overlooks 12.4 to the south although separated from it by Portsdown Hill Road and large houses south of the road.

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Forms the southeast corner of the undeveloped gap between Bedhampton/Farligton to the south and Crookhorn to the north and part of the narrow gap between Bedhampton and Farlington

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

Wayfarers Walk which runs from the coast to Newbury passes adjacent to the site on Portsdown Hill Road.

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	12.4
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Urban Area
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA12 Portsdown Hill / LCTD Settled chalk ridge
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	13.08.2014
Surveyors:	AG/WJ
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/Good

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: Houses to southwest and northeast, Portsdown Hill Road including Wayfarers Walk Public Right of Way, A2030 Havant Road, A27, Railway, Hayling Island, harbour	Types of viewers: Walkers, residents, drivers, train users, harbour users	Opportunities for mitigation Some existing hedgerow structure
Views out of the area to: Hayling Island, Portsmouth, Isle of Wight, Solent, Langstone Channel, English Channel	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Busy roads, Wayfarers Walk long distance trail of regional significance, busy water body	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of open hillside
Does the area form part of a skyline? Yes	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Walkers expect views to channel Harbour users taking in large area	Green Infrastructure links: None known
Panoramic views: Yes		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / High	Medium / High
Visual sensitivity score:	· · ·	•
Medium / High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Post and wire fence	A27, Portsdown Hill Road
Sloping from north to south		
High: 50m AOD		
Low: 15m AOD		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
	character:	A27, Portsdown Hill Road
None	Back gardens of houses along Fortunes Way visible from	
	site with small trees and shrubs in most	
	Large trees in back gardens of houses along Portsdown Hill	
	Road to northeast of site partly visible and contribute to	
	setting	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade 2	No	A27, Portsmouth,
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
No	No	No
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable fields	n/a	national trails:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
		None
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Line of conifers to southern boundary	Setting of listed buildings: 47 Portsdown Hill Road Grade II adjacent to north east	Recreational areas:
Line of conners to southern boundary	corner	
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Thick hedgerow to northern boundary Hedgerow with mixed coniferous and deciduous tree to southwest and western boundary	No	openness/enclosure: Open, exposed
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
No	Medium to large regular fields with wavy boundaries	Simple
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	No	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	No	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
No	No	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
No		
BAP/Phase I records:		
None		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: Entire site is a SINC		
Presence in a floodplain: No		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium / Low	Medium / Low
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium / Iow		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
ost war detached houses of Farlington to west and Bedhampton to east (separated by open field allocated for development)
Character of the urban edge:
Harsh – limited vegetation
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Overlooking and adjacent to housing to the southwest and land allocated for development to the east
Character of the wider landscape:
Residential and urban greenfield areas with the coast beyond to the south
Area 12.3 to the north
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
eparated from area 12.3 by Portsdown Hill Road; some link with LCA 41 (Forty Acre Farm) to south of Havant Road. Together with Forty Acre Farm and Camp
Down to north the area forms an open, green corridor to the coast
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
orms the narrow gap between Bedhampton and Farlington.
Historic links with the wider area if known:

No

Ecological links with the wider area if known: None known

Recreational links with the wider area: No

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	13.1
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA13 Historic Bedhampton / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB:	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2):	Yes – part of open space between Bedhampton and Farlington
Date of area survey:	25.7.14
Surveyors:	AG/KB
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/ hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: Houses, PROW, road, railway, Old Bedhampton Conservation Area	Types of viewers: Walkers, residents, train passengers	Opportunities for mitigation Good existing vegetation structure
Views out of the area to: Parcel 13.2, Conservation Area	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Few house residents and drivers. Local footpath. Mainline railway (mix of express and stopping services)	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Compatible if approach is appropriate to existing character
Does the area form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Rural setting to Old Bedhampton	Green Infrastructure links: GI Target Note HB6: Support the setting of key conservation areas ensuring these are attractive and inviting places to stay and visit.
Panoramic views: No		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / Low	Medium / Low	Medium / Low
Visual sensitivity score:	·	·
Medium / Low		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Flat and low-lying, largely between the 5m and 10m contours, extending just below the 5m contour to the south and east. Embankment to A27 and A3 to south and west	Boundary features other than vegetation: Post and rail fence to Lower Road	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Sporadic noise from passing trains. Traffic noise from A3/A27 in west of area. More quiet towards historic core of Old Bedhampton
Geological features: None	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Gardens of Conservation Area, including mature trees, provide soft edge to north-east corner	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Overhead lines A27 Railway
Soil quality: Grade I	Parkland features: None apparent	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Road and train headlights
Water features: None	Conservation Area: Adjacent to and important to the setting of Old Bedhampton Conservation Area to east	Accessibility to area by public footpath: No. PROW to eastern boundary
Landcover and land use: Arable, ruderal grassland, railway	Landscape features of CA: Mature trees, listed buildings, brick walls and bridge over railway line, views	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: No

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Trees to A3/A27/railway corridors. Internal tree belt. Small tree group within centre of north-eastern field.	Setting of listed buildings: Within Conservation area. Old Mill House is approx. 90m to east of eastern boundary	Recreational areas: No
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Thick vegetation to A27. Some internal boundaries. Hedge with trees to Lower Road	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: None	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Fairly enclosed to south and west, more open to north and east
Woodland and copses: No	Historic landscape (HLC): 1.10 Medium regular fields with straight boundaries (Parliamentary type)	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Medium scale, simple, irregular
Wetland and meadow: No	Cultural associations: Old Bedhampton Conservation area has associations with the Duke of Wellington. Old Mill House has associations with Keats.	Open access areas: No
Common land: No	Features of cultural importance: None	
Heathland: No	Built form in area: Sheds to north-west and south-east	
Other significant vegetation cover: None		
BAP/Phase I records: Adjacent to coastal and flood plain grazing meadow		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: No SSSI or SINC		
Presence in a floodplain:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Small area of Zone 2 and 3 to east of area along route		
of Hermitage Stream		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium	Medium / Low
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Dispersed settlement to Old Bedhampton Conservation area of older detached buildings within substantial plots. Modern extension along Lower Road.

Character of the urban edge:

Moderately soft and well-vegetated. Hedges and trees filter the edge to north.

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

North part is well-connected with Old Bedhampton and the Conservation Area and forms an important part of its rural setting, though the edge of settlement is fairly well vegetated. South of the railway the area is remote from the settlement. The parcel as a whole forms an important buffer between the settlement and the A27.

Character of the wider landscape:

Urban settlement to the north, Conservation Area with industrial and residential beyond to the east. A27 acts as a barrier to the south as does A3 to the west.

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Parcel has links with vestigial countryside to east

Cut off from wider countryside due to major roads to south and west.

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

More important as a setting for Old Bedhampton as the area is not directly between Bedhampton and Farlington, it is not widely visible generally and only from the train when travelling east to west between the settlements. The A3 corridor provides a physical and visual barrier between the settlements.

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

PROW to east with limited links to wider network but somewhat isolated due to presence of railway and major roads on two sides. Southern part of parcel sandwiched between road and railway albeit with footpath to east leading to footbridge.

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

Old Bedhampton Conservation Area- Character Appraisal 1994 HBC: 'Fine example of a Victorian brick railway bridge' to eastern boundary of parcel. 'The character of Old Bedhampton and its open undeveloped setting have remained remarkably intact'. Norman church. 'General character of the conservation area is of detached properties within substantial grounds'. Some modern buildings reflect the traditional building types, however some are 'less compatible'. Substantial number of significant trees. 'Still enjoys...an open undeveloped setting'. 'South of the railway line the open fields of Kingscroft Farm, adjoining the Hermitage Stream, provide the setting to the east of this part of the Conservation area'.

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE CAPACITY STUDY 2014 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	13.2
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA13 Historic Bedhampton / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB:	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2):	Yes – part of open space between Bedhampton and Farlington
Date of area survey:	25.7.14
Surveyors:	AG/KB
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/ hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: Houses, PROW, road, railway, Conservation Area, recreation ground,	Types of viewers: Walkers, residents, train passengers, recreation ground users, churchgoers	Opportunities for mitigation Good existing structure
Views out of the area to: Parcel 13.1, church, recreation ground, houses, farmland	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Local road, few house residents and drivers. Local PROW. Mainline railway (mix of express and stopping services). Popular recreation ground.	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Minimal impact if compatible with existing character
Does the area form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Village / Conservation Area edge	Green Infrastructure links:

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
		GI Target Note HB6: Support the setting of key
		conservation areas ensuring these are attractive
		and inviting places to stay and visit.
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium	Low / Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Brick walls to northern boundary, palisade fencing to water	Fairly quiet. Occasional noise from passing trains.
0-10m contours. Largely flat and low-lying valley floor.	works, brick walls to bridge / Mill Lane	A27 traffic hum.
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Trains
	Some mature trees in gardens creating a wooded setting	
	and backdrop	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Grade I	None	A27
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Hermitage Stream and tributaries	A large part of this parcel is within Old Bedhampton Conservation Area	Local PROW and Wayfarers Walk
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Allotments, gardens, horsiculture	Old Mill House and gardens, brick walls and bridge over railway line, Hermitage Stream and tributaries, small paddocks, TPO trees (individuals and groups), Area of Archaeological Importance identified to north of railway line	national trails: Wayfarers Walk and Solent Way
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Trees to A27 corridor. Trees to Hermitage stream corridor.	Gardens of Old Mill House	Bidbury Mead to north
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Some internal hedgerows.	None	openness/enclosure: More enclosed to the west
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
No	1.10 Medium regular fields with straight boundaries (Parliamentary type)	Small scale, complex
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Coastal and flood plain grazing meadow BAP	Old Bedhampton Conservation area has associations with the Duke of Wellington. Old Mill House has associations with Keats.	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	Old Mill House has associations with Keats.	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Heathland:	Built form in area:	
No	Houses on Mill Lane. Brick viaduct over railway line.	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
No		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Coastal and flood plain grazing meadow		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
No SSSI or SINC		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Zone 2 and 3 along route of Hermitage Stream, to field		
to east of stream and to north-west of railway/Mill Lane		
junction		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	High	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:	•	·
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Dispersed settlement to Old Bedhampton Conservation Area of older detached buildings within substantial plots. Modern extension along Lower Road.

Character of the urban edge:

Soft and well-vegetated.

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Fairly well-connected with Old Bedhampton and the Conservation Area to north and east via Mill Lane. Eastern part of the parcel somewhat isolated from Old Bedhampton, closer to Marples Way industrial units

Character of the wider landscape:

Village/urban settlement and recreation ground to the north, grazing/water works with industrial and residential beyond to the east. A27 acts as a barrier to the south. Arable farmland and railway to west.

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Fairly well-connected to remnant farmland to west and east.

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Forms part of buffer between Bedhanpton and Brockhampton although this is breached by railway line and A27

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known: Hermitage Stream

Recreational links with the wider area:

PROW to west with limited links to wider network but somewhat isolated due to presence of railway and major roads. Wayfarers Walk and Solent Way pass through the parcel.

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

Old Bedhampton Conservation Area- Character Appraisal 1994 HBC: 'Fine example of a Victorian brick railway bridge' to western boundary of parcel. 'The character of Old Bedhampton and its open undeveloped setting have remained remarkably intact'. Norman church. 'General character of the conservation area is of detached properties within substantial grounds'. Some modern buildings reflect the traditional building types, however some are 'less compatible'. Substantial number of significant trees. 'Still enjoys...an open undeveloped setting'. 'South of the railway line the open fields of Kingscroft Farm, adjoining the Hermitage Stream, provide the setting to the east of this part of the Conservation Area'.

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	20.1
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East (2f)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA20 Staunton Country Park / LCTB Lowland settled wooded farmland
Presence in South Downs National Park	No, though approximately 2km outside the boundary of the South Downs National Park
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	15.09.2014
Surveyors:	AG/IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/Good

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Country Park	Walkers	Area of woodland in the eastern area of parcel
Footpath: Staunton Way – Long distance walking route	Land managers and staff	Mature trees along boundaries
Housing along B2149 to east	Country Park visitors	
B2149 and adjacent designated cycleway	Drivers	
LCAI0 to west	Residents	
Views out of the area to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Deerslaughter plain/Gammon's Hill	Busy road	mitigation:
Housing along Swansmore Road	Popular Country Park	Good compatibility – strong boundary vegetation
Housing along B2149	Regional long distance walking route	and mature trees
Hammond's Copse		Potential loss of key views and focal points
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes – where elevated ground in the east of the parcel is	local visual receptors):	Linked to Furzy Plain and Hammond's Land Copse
viewed from the lower ground to the west	Rural character to north, urban edge, Country Park/	woodland to north.
	Historic parkland	Future potential of new walking and cycling routes
		and biodiversity gains provided by proposed

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
		Havant Thicket Reservoir (Target note LEI of
		Havant Green Infrastructure Study)
Panoramic views:		
Generally no		
Notable open view from terrace in Country Park to		
Deerslaughter Plain and Leigh Park urban edge		
Landmark features:		
Folly within parkland – visible at a local scale and not		
from wider area		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium/High	Medium/High
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Gently undulating landform	Boundary features other than vegetation: Brick walls Post and wire fencing	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Tranquil with some noise from road traffic on western edge. More tranquil to west.
High: 40m AOD Low: 25m AOD Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Noise arising from popular visitor attraction (Country Park) Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character: None	Polytunnels and porta cabins in north east corner – visible glimpses
Soil quality: Non-agricultural	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
	Designed 19 th century pleasure grounds and parkland. Ornamental lake, Listed buildings, follies, bridge, parkland tree planting, 'The Avenue'	Leigh Park residential areas and street lighting along B2149 and Middle Park Way to south and east
Water features: Ornamental lake, ditches and ponds	Conservation Area: Whole parcel within Sir George Staunton Conservation Area / Leigh Park (Staunton Country Park) Registered Park and Garden (grade 2*)	Accessibility to area by public footpath: Staunton Way runs through parcel Controlled public access to Country park
Landcover and land use: Parkland, amenity grassland, areas of mature trees and ornamental shrub planting, plant nursery	Landscape features of CA: Features associated with the designed 19 th century pleasure grounds and parkland. Ornamental lake, Listed buildings, follies, bridge, parkland tree planting, shrubbery walks, 'The Avenue'	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: Staunton Way long distance walking route runs through parcel.
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Woodland, field trees/ornamental trees in grassland, avenue trees, tree belts	Setting of listed buildings: Parkland forms part of the setting to a number of Listed Buildings/Structures: Staunton Memorial (grade 2*), Footbridge (grade 2), Leigh Park Mansion terrace (grade 2), The Beacon (grade 2), Pathway (grade 2), Stable Block (grade 2), Stable Cottage (grade 2)	Recreational areas: Whole parcel falls within the main controlled public access area of a Country Park
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Intermittent hedgerows	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: None	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Generally enclosed with some more open areas of parkland
Woodland and copses: Deciduous woodland in north west of parcel (Havant Thicket) and smaller areas of deciduous woodland in south east of parcel.	Historic landscape (HLC): Post 1810 Parkland Nurseries with Glass Houses Whole parcel within nationally important Registered Park and Garden (grade 2*)	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Designed 19th century pleasure park and gardens with some formal elements
Wetland and meadow: Areas of managed grassland and rank grassland	Cultural associations: Leigh Park (Staunton Country Park) Registered Park and Garden (grade 2*)	Open access areas: Entire area falls within Country Park (controlled public access)
Common land: No	Features of cultural importance: Listed buildings and parkland features including follies	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Heathland: None	Built form on area: Houses (including The Old Coach House and The Old Estate Office), agricultural buildings, poly tunnel, parkland	
	features including memorial, folly, bridge, terrace, walled garden	
Other significant vegetation cover: None		
BAP/Phase I records: Entire parcel BAP habitat: Woodpasture and Parkland BAP Priority Habitat Areas of woodland across the parcel BAP habitat: Deciduous Woodland Small areas of BAP Habitat: Purple Moor Grass and Rush Pasture and BAP Habitat: Lowland Meadows in north area of parcel		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: Ancient woodland (Havant Thicket) Havant Thicket SINC cover two-thirds of the west portion of the parcel		
Presence in a floodplain: None		
Sensitivity score: Medium/High	Sensitivity score: High	Sensitivity score: Medium/high
Landscape sensitivity score: Medium/High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

60's and 70's housing in the northern area of Leigh Park adjacent to south east edge.

Character of the urban edge:

Abrupt interface with urban edge is apparent at south east corner of parcel otherwise separated from urban edge by Thicket Lawn and High Lawn

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Largely separated from Leigh Park by Thicket Lawn and High Lawn with only south east corner adjacent to urban edge

Character of the wider landscape:

Gently undulating open landscape with occasional tree belts and large areas of woodland

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Stronger relationship to character of the rest of the Country park to the north Physical and visual links to Thicket and High Lawn and Deerslaughter Plain/Gammons Hill

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Part of the gap between Havant and Rowlands Castle

Historic links with the wider area if known:

Parkland boundary extends to the north with a clear link provided by 'The Avenue' protruding to the north west

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Woodland continues to the north

Recreational links with the wider area:

Staunton Way regional long distance walking route

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

None found

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	20.2
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East (2f)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA20 Staunton Country Park / LCTB Lowland settled wooded farmland
Presence in South Downs National Park	No, though approximately 2km outside the boundary of the South Downs National Park
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	15.09.2014
Surveyors:	AG/IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/Good

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Country Park	Walkers	Mature trees and vegetation along boundaries and
Footpath: Staunton Way – Long distance walking route	Land managers and staff	stream/ditches
LCA10 to west	Country Park visitors	Groups of mature field trees
Middle Park Way road	Drivers	
	Residents	
Views out of the area to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Deerslaughter plain/Gammon's Hill	Busy road	mitigation:
Leigh Park settlement edge	Popular Country Park	Some - Strong boundary vegetation and mature
Housing along B2149	Regional long distance walking route	trees
Hammond's Copse		Potential loss of views and openness
Mature trees along boundary of LCA 20.1		
General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
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Does the area form part of a skyline? Yes – where elevated ground in the east of the parcel is viewed from the lower ground to the west	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Rural character to north, urban edge, Country Park/ Historic parkland	Green Infrastructure links: Linked to Havant Thicket woodland to north Future potential of new walking and cycling routes and biodiversity gains provided by proposed Havant Thicket Reservoir (Target note LEI of Havant Green Infrastructure Study)
Panoramic views:		
Generally no		
Open views from High lawn in the east of the parcel		
across to Deerslaughter Plain and Leigh Park urban		
edge		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/High	Medium	Medium/Low
Visual sensitivity score:		1
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Timber post and rail fencing	Noise from road traffic on southern edge. More
Gently undulating landform	Post and wire fencing	tranquil to north.
High: 35m AOD		
Low: 20m AOD		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character: None –screened by adjacent vegetation	Leigh park post-war residential urban edge
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Non-agricultural	Part of designed 19 th century parkland (Thicket Lawn and	Leigh Park residential areas to south
	High Lawn) but not main pleasure park and gardens. Groups of parkland trees.	Street lighting along Middle Park Way to south
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Stream along western end of southern boundary,	Whole parcel within Sir George Staunton Conservation	Staunton Way runs through parcel
ditches	Area / Leigh Park (Staunton Country Park) Registered Park	
	and Garden (grade 2*)	
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Grazing, rank/wet grassland areas of mature trees and	Some remaining parkland tree clumps	national trails:
ornamental shrub planting, plant nursery	Although not observed during fieldwork, The Sir George	Staunton Way long distance walking route runs
	Staunton Conservation Area Appraisal refers to a	through parcel.
	'fountain' which existed in High Lawn and is today	
	surrounded by scrub	
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Field trees/ tree belts along boundaries and along	No	No – whole parcel falls within a Country Park but
stream/ditch sides		is outside the controlled public access area
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Intermittent hedgerows	None	openness/enclosure:
		Generally open with some enclosure provided by
		boundary vegetation and topography

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Section of woodland to west	Post 1810 Parkland	Irregular large fields
Small copse in northern area of east field	Whole parcel within nationally important Registered Park	
	and Garden (grade 2*)	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Areas of periodically wet grassland	Leigh Park (Staunton Country Park) Registered Park and	No
Semi improved grassland	Garden (grade 2*)	
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
None	No	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Small area on the northern side of the parcel is BAP		
Habitat: Lowland meadows; The whole parcel is BAP		
Habitat: Woodpasture and Parkland;		
The area of Thicket Lawn is BAP Habitat: Coastal and		
Floodplain Grazing Marsh; a small area of woodland		
along the eastern edge of the parcel is BAP Habitat:		
Deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Whole site falls within a SINC		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Presence in a floodplain:		
Small area of Flood Zone 3 along stream in western		
section of southern boundary		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/High	Medium/High	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:	1	1
Medium/High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Post-war housing in the north part of Leigh Park adjacent to southern edge.

Character of the urban edge:

Raw/open to southern boundary in parts

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Contained on southern edge by Leigh Park

Character of the wider landscape:

Gently undulating open landscape with occasional tree belts and large areas of woodland

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Stronger relationship to character of the rest of the Country park to the north/west

Physical and visual links to Deerslaughter Plain/Gammons Hill

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Part of the gap between Havant and Rowlands Castle

Historic links with the wider area if known:

Parkland boundary extends to the north with a clear link provided by 'The Avenue' protruding to the north west

Thicket Lawn and High Lawn are areas of original parkland have been severed from the site of Sir George Staunton's house and associated buildings (to the south) by the construction of Middle Park Way road as discussed in the The Sir George Staunton Conservation Area Appraisal

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Stream

Recreational links with the wider area:

Staunton Way regional long distance walking route

VDS/Parish Plan - relevant extracts:

The Sir George Staunton Conservation Area Appraisal refers to a 'fountain' which existed in High Lawn and is today surrounded by scrub.

The Appraisal also mentions that parkland tree clumps have been greatly diminished by aging trees, dutch elm disease and storm damage. Thicket Lawn and High Lawn are also described as areas of original parkland which have been severed from the site of Sir George Staunton's house and associated buildings (to the south) by the construction of Middle Park Way road.

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	20.3
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East (2f)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA20 Staunton Country Park / LCTB Lowland settled wooded farmland
Presence in South Downs National Park	No, though approximately 2km outside the boundary of the South Downs National Park
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	15.09.2014
Surveyors:	AG/IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/Good

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Country Park	Walkers	Mature trees and boundaries hedges and
Footpath: Staunton Way – Long distance walking route	Land managers and staff	woodland cover(Great Copse)
LCA20.2 to the north	Country Park visitors	
Middle Park Way road	Drivers	
High Lawn Way road	Residents	
Views out of the area to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Leigh Park settlement edge	Busy road	mitigation:
Housing along B2149	Popular Country Park	Good - Strong tree, boundary hedges and
Country Park	Regional long distance walking route	woodland
High Lawn and mature trees along boundary of LCA		
20.2		
Gammon's Hill and Deerslaughter Plain		
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Future potential of new walking and cycling routes
	Rural character to north, urban edge, Country Park/	and biodiversity gains provided by proposed
	Historic park, gardens and 'ornamental farm'	

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
		Havant Thicket Reservoir (Target note LEI of Havant Green Infrastructure Study) Additional play facilities (Target note LE6 of Havant Green Infrastructure Study)
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium	Low
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Tono graphy and landforms including hisbast and	Poundom footunes other then verstation	
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	White electric fencing tape	Noise from road traffic along northern edge and
Gently sloping landform	Various back garden boundaries	through centre of the parcel
High: 35m AOD	Post and wire fencing	Noise arising from popular visitor attraction
Low: 20m AOD	Timber post and rail fencing	(Country Park)
	Unpainted estate railings and gates	
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Leigh Park post-war residential urban edge
	Limited	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Non-agricultural/Urban	Part of designed 19 th century parkland but not main	Leigh Park residential areas to south, east and
	pleasure park and gardens.	west

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
	Formal gardens, pinetum and 'ornamental farm' Parkland trees	Street lighting along Middle Park Way to north and High Lawn way through centre of parcel
Water features: Stream through Great Copse	Conservation Area: Whole parcel within Sir George Staunton Conservation Area / Leigh Park (Staunton Country Park) Registered Park and Garden (grade 2*)	Accessibility to area by public footpath: Staunton Way runs along western edge of parcel Path through Great Copse used by the public
Landcover and land use: Car Park, formal garden and 'ornamental farm', grazing	Landscape features of CA: Features associated with the designed 19 th century pleasure grounds and parkland. Walled garden with crinkle-crankle wall, formal gardens, ornamental farm, Pinetum	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: Staunton Way long distance walking route runs along western edge of parcel.
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Field trees/ tree belts along road boundaries and car park	Setting of listed buildings: The parkland and gardens in the eastern area of parcel form part of the setting to a number of Listed Buildings/Structures: Garden wall, Gatepiers and gotto (grade 2) The Gothic Library (grade 2) Cartshed (grade 2) Leigh Park Farmhouse (grade 2) Barn and Cowshed (grade 2)	Recreational areas: 'Ornamental farm' and formal gardens in the eastern area of the parcel
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedgerows and hedgerow trees along field boundaries	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: None	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Generally enclosed by boundary vegetation and topography
Woodland and copses: Great Copse in western area of parcel	Historic landscape (HLC): Post 1810 Parkland Manor/Estate Houses Assarted woodland (pre1810 (Great Copse) Whole parcel within nationally important Registered Park and Garden (grade 2*)	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Irregular small fields and grouping of buildings and gardens typical of a 19th century gentleman's country house and designed landscape.
Wetland and meadow: Managed grassland Grazing	Cultural associations: Leigh Park (Staunton Country Park) Registered Park and Garden (grade 2*)	Open access areas: No

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
None	Built form consists of the main Staunton Park buildings:	
	generally two storey houses associated with the 19 th	
	century estate, agricultural buildings, glasshouses, walled garden	
Other significant vegetation cover: None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Areas of woodland within the parcel BAP Habitat:		
Deciduous woodland		
Eastern half of the parcel is BAP Habitat: Woodpasture and Parkland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Great Copse is designated SINC and Ancient and semi natural woodland		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Small area of Flood Zone 3 along stream through Great Copse		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/High	Medium/High	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern: Post-war housing and industrial complex in the northern area of Leigh Park adjacent to southern edge/western edge and 60's and 70's housing adjacent to eastern edge.

Character of the urban edge:

Raw/open in parts

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Contained on southern, eastern and western edge by Leigh Park

Character of the wider landscape:

Gently undulating open landscape with occasional tree belts and large areas of woodland

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

The parcel's historic associations and character gives it a strong relationship with the rest of the Country Park to the north. However, the parcel is severed from the wider parkland by Middle Park Way along its northern edge which means the built form within the parcel also feels associated with the urban edge of Leigh Park which bounds the parcel on three sides

Visual links Gammon's Hill, Deerslaughter Plain, High Lawn in LCA 20.2 and entrance to main controlled public access area of Country Park in LCA 20.1

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Part of the gap between Havant and Rowlands Castle

Historic links with the wider area if known:

Historic parkland boundary extends to the north

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Stream

Recreational links with the wider area:

Staunton Way regional long distance walking route

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

The Conservation Area Appraisal mentions that Thicket Lawn and High Lawn to the north are areas of original parkland which have been severed from the site of Sir George Staunton's house and associated buildings (in the east of the parcel) by the construction of Middle Park Way road.

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	21.1
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East
District Landscape character area/landscape type:	LCA21 Southleigh Forest / LCT B: Lowland Settled Wooded Farmland
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Havant -Emsworth Gap
Date of land parcel survey:	18/3/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Sun/cloud

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Adjacent local road network	Road users	Additional parkland style planting
Adjacent houses	Local residents	Enhance existing parkland character
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Very filtered views from southern edge to	Well used roads	mitigation:
LCA21/Southleigh Farm		Tree and small scale woodland planting in keeping
		with local character
		Potential loss of few open views of small areas of
		pasture
		Potential harm to parkland landscape
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Tree cover on higher ground visible on skyline in views	local visual receptors):	Potential links with woodland in LCA 22.3
from the south	Established parkland on rising ground	

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Panoramic views:		
Not from public view points (possible from within the		
upper part of the parkland		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium/high	Medium/high
Visual sensitivity score:	•	·
Medium/high		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
	Providence (and the state of th	Theory will be a low by
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Some residential boundary treatment	Local traffic
Sloping ground falling from north to south		
Steeper gradient in the upper slopes		
North part contributes to ridgeline		
40m AOD in the north to 13m AOD in the south		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	None of significance
	Limited to a few properties with well treed good sized	
	gardens	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
X	Unlisted parkland associated with Southleigh Park House	Local street lighting
	include parkland trees, clumps of trees, tree lined	
	boundaries, tree covered setting to the house	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Pond within grounds of Southleigh Park House	N/A	footpath:
Stream leading from Hollybank House to Horndean	N/A	None
Road		INORE
Landcover and land use:		PDOM (Salas in the diagram of a direction and
	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pasture	N/A	national trails:
Paddocks		None
Parkland		
woodland		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Strong tree belts enclose the area along roadsides	Southleigh Park House	None
Parkland trees	Southleigh Park Lodge	
	Locks Farm (LCA21.2) on the south-west corner on the	
	area	
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Hedgerow with hedgerow trees along southern	Not known	openness/enclosure:
boundary		Variety of small to large open areas enclosed by
		woodland and tree cover
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Small copses	HLCI.10 Medium regular with straight boundaries	Mixed pasture and parkland
Woodland edge in LCA22.3	(Parliamentary type)	Range of small to larger scale with irregular
	HLC 4.1 Pre 1810 assarted woodland	boundaries
	HLC9.7 pre 1810 village/hamlet	Diverse
	HLC9.14 Manor/Estate Houses	
	HLC10.2 Post 1810 Parkland	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Not known	Forest of Bere	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	Southleigh Park House	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
No	Southleigh Park House and lodge	
	Commercial premises at Southleigh Park House	
	Home Farm and some limited residential property	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
No		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland		
Woodpasture and parkland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
None		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/high	Medium/high	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		I
Medium/high		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Modern low cost housing to the east in New Brighton (LCA23)
Mix of Radburn housing and 1960s residential estates in north-west New Brighton
Late 20 th century housing estates within the north part of Denvilles
Character of the urban edge:
Exposed urban edge to the east
Separated from Denvilles (LCA19) by LCA21.2

Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Contrast with settlement to the east
Forms centre piece of northern part of the gap between New Brighton and Denvilles
Character of the wider landscape:
Open arable landscape to the south and west
Wooded landscape to the east and north
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Landscape contrasts with the surrounding landscape
Semi-open/tree covered character creates a transition between the open arable landscapes to S and W and the wooded to the N and E
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Forms centre piece of northern part of the gap between New Brighton and Denvilles
Historic links with the wider area if known:
Southleigh Park is part of a series of gentlemen's residences and isolated farmsteads along the ridge at 35m AOD with views south to the harbour
Other settlement on the edges of the former commons at Emsworth
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
N/A
Recreational links with the wider area:
None
VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:
N/A

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	21.2: North of Locks Farm
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East
District Landscape character area/landscape type:	LCA21 Southleigh Forest / LCT B: Lowland Settled Wooded Farmland
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Havant-Emsworth Gap
Date of land parcel survey:	18/3/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Sun/cloud

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Adjacent local road network	Road users	New copses, hedgerows and tree lines
Adjacent houses in Denvilles	Local residents	
Locks Farm		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Filtered views from southern edge to LCA21/Southleigh	Well used roads	mitigation:
Farm	Residents in Denvilles	Loss of open views to the south
Across Bartons Road to the open countryside from the		Loss of open landscape and contrast with
northern part of the land parcel		LCA21.1
South from the north ridge along Bartons Road to		Linear tree belts could be acceptable
Southleigh Farm open landscape and to the harbour		
beyond		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
North part sits on the skyline	local visual receptors):	Additional planting to the eastern edge of the
	Open farmland gap between the urban area and parkland rising up the hill	allocated site south-west of Helmsley House
Panoramic views:		
From Bartons Road		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/high	Medium	Medium/high
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium/high		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landforms including highest and	Poundamy factures other than vegetations	
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Railings in the north-west	Local traffic
Sloping ground falling from north to south		
Steeper gradient in the upper slopes		
North part contributes to ridgeline		
40m AOD in the north to 13m AOD in the south		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	None of significance
	Small gardens to residential property in the south-west	
	Gardens of Locks Farm	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade 2 in west	None	Local street lighting

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Assessibility to land named by public
	N/A	Accessibility to land parcel by public
None	N/A	footpath:
		None
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable farmland	N/A	national trails:
		None
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Strong tree belts along east boundary	Locks Farm	None
	East Leigh House abuts the northern edge	
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Hedgerow with hedgerow trees along southern	Not known	openness/enclosure:
boundary		Open
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Several small copses a prominent feature on the edge of	HLC1.9 small regular field pattern with straight boundaries	Very simple medium scale landscape
the land parcel	(Parliamentary type)	
	HLC1.10 Medium regular with straight boundaries	
	(Parliamentary type)	
	HLC9.7 pre 1810 village/hamlet	
	HLC9.6.4 pre war residential	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	Not known	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	Locks Farm	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
No	Locks Farm and adjacent housing at Woodleigh Close	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Amenity landscape to new crematorium north of		
Bartons Road		
BAP/Phase I records:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
None		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/low	Medium/high	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:	•	•
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Late 20 th century housing estates within the north part of Denvilles
Character of the urban edge:
Exposed urban edge to Denvilles (LCA19) at present
Helmsley House and East Leigh House are framed by tree cover
New allocated site for development to the west of the land parcel
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Contrast with settlement to the west
Forms western part of the gap between New Brighton and Denvilles
Character of the wider landscape:
Open arable landscape to the south
Wooded and parkland landscape to the east and north
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Landscape contrasts with the parkland to the east
Area north of Bartons Road merges with the open countryside to the north
Part of open arable landscape to the south

ontribution to the gap between settlements:
rms north-western part of the gap between New Brighton and Denvilles
storic links with the wider area if known:
mnants of historic settlement pattern at Locks Farm
ological links with the wider area if known:
A
ecreational links with the wider area:
one
DS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:
A

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	21.3 Hollybank Wood and hinterland
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East
District Landscape character area/landscape type:	LCA21 Southleigh Forest / LCT B: Lowland Settled Wooded Farmland
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	HavantEmsworth Gap
Date of land parcel survey:	8/8/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Sun/cloud

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	–	
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Emsworth Common Road	Road users	Woodland extensions
Housing on the northern edge of New Brighton	Local residents	Tree lines
Local road network	Local walkers and long distance path users	
Sussex Border Path		
Local footpaths through Hollybank Wood		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Parkland at Southleigh Park	Well used roads	mitigation:
Emsworth Common and Southleigh Forest	Well used footpath network	Tree and small scale woodland planting in keeping
Northern edge of New Brighton	Several residents	with local character
		Loss of contrast between wooded area and
		grounds of houses
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Tree cover on higher ground visible on skyline in views	local visual receptors):	Assist in the achievement of EMI to maximise the
from the south	Large woodland with adjoin low density rural housing	multifunctional opportunities of Hollybank Woods
		by continuing to support bio-diversity aspects and
		enhancing areas for recreation

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
Hollybank Wood		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium/High	Medium/Low
Visual sensitivity score:		·
Medium/high		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Some residential boundary treatment	Local traffic
Sloping ground falling from north to south	Paddock fencing	Local trainc
North part contributes to ridgeline		
42m AOD in the north to 25m AOD in the south		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	None of significance
	Large and small private gardens make a significant	
	contribution to the western part of the area	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
X	None	Local street lighting in New Brighton
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Streams within Hollybank Wood and open pasture	N/A	footpath:
,		Sussex Border Path
		Local footpath network within Hollybank Wood
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pasture	N/A	national trails:
Paddocks		National promoted route: Sussex Border Path -
Woodland		extends to the north and south
Edge of disused tip		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Private houses and gardens		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree lined along Long Copse Lane	Hollybank House	Hollybank Wood (designated a Local Green Space
Tree belt along southern edge of houses in south-east	Southleigh Park House to the west in LCA21.1	Policy AL8)
corner of the area (thinning to the east end)	Cale dalad An alant Managaran tar	
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Gappy hedgerow with hedgerow trees along boundary with LCA21.4	Not known	openness/enclosure: Most of area enclosed within woodland
with LCA21.4		
		Semi-enclosed area in the west
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Hollybank Wood is a major woodland feature of the	HLC1.9 Small regular with straight boundaries	Mixed pasture and woodland
area and the Borough	(Parliamentary type)	Range of small to larger scale with irregular
Small copses to the south of Hollybank Wood within	HLC2.4 Wooded over commons	boundaries
private gardens	HLC9.14 Manor/Estate Houses	Diverse
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	Not known	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	Not known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
No	Several dwellings including Hollybank House	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Ornamental planting and lawns to gardens		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Hollybank Wood SINC		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	High	Medium/high
Landscape sensitivity score:	I	· · · · ·
High ,		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Modern C20 th housing to the south in New Brighton (LCA23)
Radburn housing in north-west New Brighton
New housing estate under construction to the south at Hampshire Farm
Character of the urban edge:
Radburn housing buts up to Hollybank Wood
Tree lined Long Copse Lane separates New Brighton from the area
Housing is exposed but its rural setting gives it a semi-rural character
Long Copse Lane has a distinctive semirural character becoming distinctly rural east of Hollybank Farm
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Good contrast with settlement to the south
Woodland provides important rural landscape setting to the Borough
Part of the open pastoral landscape within private grounds which separates New Brighton from Westbourne
Character of the wider landscape:
Open medium scale arable landscape to the east bounded by strong hedgerow pattern
Some small scale pasture along the River Ems
Wooded landscape continues to the north
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Hollybank Wood is an integral part of the extensive woodland which continues as part of Southleigh Forest the north (part of the Forest of Bere)
Private grounds form a transition landscape between the woodland and open farmed landscape to the east
Use as paddocks continues into LCA21.4
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Part of the open northern swathe of landscapes (open arable, parkland, woodland and pasture) which separate northern Leigh Park from New Brighton and Westbourne
The western part of LCA21.3 contributes to the mix of open grassland and arable fields which straddle the River Ems in the narrow gap between New Brighton and
Westbourne
Historic links with the wider area if known:
Hollybank House is part of a series of gentlemen's residences and isolated farmsteads along the ridge at 35m AOD although it no longer has views south to the harbour
Hollybank Farm, together with the former Hampshire Farm to the south, managed the farmland along the River Ems valley
Part of the surviving wider Forest of Bere
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
Hollybank Wood is part of the SINC extending over Southleigh Forest
Recreational links with the wider area:
Linear link via Sussex Border Path
Link into Local Green Space AL8 at Hampshire Farm to the south within LCA21.4

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts: N/A

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	21.4 River Ems valley
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Forest of Bere East
District Landscape character area/landscape type:	LCA21 Southleigh Forest / LCT B: Lowland Settled Wooded Farmland
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	HavantEmsworth Gap
Date of land parcel survey:	8/8/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Sun/cloud

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
New housing at Hampshire Farm and on the northern	Road users	Tree lines
edge of New Brighton off Westbourne Road	Local residents	Hedgerows and hedgerow trees
Properties on the western edge of Westbourne	Local walkers and long distance path users	
Local road network	Users of new 'country park' at Hampshire Farm	
Sussex Border Path along Westbourne Road and down		
the river Ems corridor		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Northern edge of New Brighton	Well used roads	mitigation:
Western edge of Westbourne	Well used footpath network and recreational open space	Planting would enhance the urban edge of New
River Ems valley	Several residents	Brighton and help to maintain the separate
		identity of Westbourne
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Contribute to the multifunctional value of the
	Farmed river valley corridor	river Ems landscape corridor (landscape, bio-
		diversity, agricultural, flood capacity and
		recreational)

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General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium/high	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Some residential boundary treatment	Local traffic
Shallow river valley falling gently to the south	Paddock fencing	
Maximum height 35m AOD north of Hollybank House		
falling to 10m AOD in the south (north of the A27(T)		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	None of significance
	Insignificant	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade 3B in centre	None	Local street lighting in New Brighton and
		Westbourne
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
River Ems	N/A	footpath:
Balancing pond in Hampshire Farm 'county park'		Sussex Border Path
		New paths into 'country park' at Hampshire Farm
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pasture and rough grassland	N/A	national trails:
Paddocks		National promoted route: Sussex Border Path -
Designed' country park' at Hampshire Farm		extends to the north and south
Amenity grassland east of Oakmeadow Close		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Former farmstead at Hampshire Farm (now workshops)		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Riverside trees along river Ems	None	Country park to Hampshire Farm housing
Tree lined along Long Copse Lane	None	development (designated a Local Green Space
Thee fined along Long Copse Lane		Policy AL8)
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Limited mature hedgerows with hedgerow trees along	Not known	openness/enclosure:
field boundaries to the north of Long Copse Road		Semi-enclosed area
Gappy hedge remnants elsewhere north and south of		
Long Copse Road		
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None of significance	HLC1.9 Small regular with straight boundaries	Mixed pasture, amenity grassland and arable
-	(Parliamentary type)	Range of small to medium scale with irregular
		boundaries in the south and straight regular
		boundaries north of Long Copse Lane
		Diverse
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Flood meadow along the river Ems	Not known	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	Not known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
No	Former Hampshire Farm (now workshops with	
	hardstandings)	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Patches of amenity grassland associated with New		
Brighton and Hampshire Farm		
BAP/Phase I records:		
None		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
None		
Presence in a floodplain: Yes		
Open land north of Hampshire Farm east of the river		
Ems		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Along course of the river Ems east of New Brigh	ton	
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/high	Medium/low	Medium/high
Landscape sensitivity score:		6
Medium		
Relationship with the wider landscape/town	scape	
Adjacent settlement character and pattern		
Modern C20 th housing to the west in New Brigh		
New housing estate under construction to the se		
	mixed housing with gardens fronting onto the rive	er Ems
Character of the urban edge:		
	n is currently exposed but will be mitigated by pro	posed new woodland structure planting as shown on the indicative
landscape masterplan for the 'country park'		
Soft edge to housing in LCA21.3 along Long Cop		
Edge of Westbourne largely screened and blende	d into the riverside tree cover along the Ems	
Relationship with adjacent settlement:		
Open farmland setting to New Brighton		
	efines the western setting of the village of Westbo	urne
Character of the wider landscape:		
	tbourne changes to larger scale open arable fields	
	arm has a similar field pattern but retains the struc	
	in the north to wooded as it flows up to Southleig	gh Forest ; and to the south as it flows between Emsworth and
Hermitage		
Relationship with adjacent wider countrys	de:	
Generally a rather self contained landscape		
Good intervisibility between the northern fields and the wider landscape beyond with some continuity of landscape character, although interrupted by woodland on		
Longcopse Hill		
Southern section contrasts with landscape east of		
Contribution to the gap between settleme		
	Nestbourne which have very different townscape p	patterns and character
Historic links with the wider area if known		
	rm to the north, managed the farmland along the F	River Ems valley
Northern part lies within the surviving wider For	est of Bere	

MAY 2015

Ecological links with the wider area if known: Part of the river Ems corridor Recreational links with the wider area:

Linear link via Sussex Border Path

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	22.1Land around Emsworth Recreation Ground
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area/landscape type:	LCA22 Southleigh agricultural plain / LCT F: Open Upper Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	HavantEmsworth Gap
Date of area survey:	18/3/14
Surveyors:	BK
Weather/visibility:	Cloud/ sun /clear

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
from:	Local residents	Additional tree and hedgerow planting
B2148	Road users on minor urban road and major	Retain field pattern
Motel and service	trunk road	
stations	Walkers	
A27 (t)		
Local houses		
Footpath through		
recreation ground		
Views out of the area	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation:
to:	popularity):	New tree and hedgerow planting in keeping with local character
New Brighton to east	Very busy roads	
A27 (T)	Local link footpath between urban areas	
LCA 22.2 and 22.3	Small number of residents	
Does the area form	Visual perceptions (activity and	Green Infrastructure links:
part of a skyline?	expectations of local visual receptors):	GI Target note EM4: Opportunity to enhance north-south footpath link
No		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	Recreation ground and small fields of pasture on edge of open arable landscape and urban edge	GI Target note EM5: Recognise and support the role of the A27 as a wildlife corridor by maintaining the tree embankments for biodiversity and visual screening purposes. GI Target note EM7: Improve the multifunctionality and quality of Emsworth recreation ground and the adjacent land to support biodiversity and provide enhanced recreational opportunities. Improve links with biodiversity value and visual screening of vegetation along A27 Ad to GI value of recreation ground
Panoramic views: No		
Landmark features: None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium	Medium/low
Visual sensitivity scor Medium	e:	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
To no such the ord long forms in studies a bishoot and	Downdows footswood others there we get the inter-	
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Railings	High levels of traffic noise
Flat	Chain link fencing	
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	A27
	Insignificant a few medium sized gardens enclosed by tree	Service areas
	cover	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
X	None	Surrounded by street lighting and lighting to A27
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Stream	N/A	Single link to south of the A27

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landcover and land use:		PROW/ links including promoted routes and
	Landscape features of CA: N/A	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails:
Amenity grassland	IN/A	Not connected
Bowling green and pitches Pasture		Not connected
Arable		
Trunk road		
Service stations		
Car park		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Along stream	N/A	Extensive facilities at Emsworth Recreation
Adjacent to A27		Ground
Tree avenue around recreation ground		
Individual trees along northern boundary to LCA 22.2		
Trees along edge to houses		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Mature hedgerow and tree boundary to western edge	N/A	openness/enclosure:
of SINC		Semi-enclosed
Hedgerow remnants to boundary with houses		
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Tree clump around motel	HLC 1.6 Medium to large regular fields with wavy	Varied and fairly complex pattern of medium to
Semi-mature small clumps next to A27	boundaries	small areas, well divided by vegetation
	HLCI1.3 Sports Fields	
	HLC 9.5 Large scale commercial	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	Not known	N/A
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Not known	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
None	Recreational pavilions	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Amenity grassland		
BAP/Phase I records:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
No		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Westbrook Meadows SINC west of the recreation		
ground		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Flood Zone 2 and 3 along stream north-south through		
western edge of recreation ground		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium	Medium/low
Landscape sensitivity score:	·	•
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
To the east - New Brighton LCA 23: Sub-urban housing area including some Edwardian villa housing along Horndean Road. In filled with later post war housing. Lin
recent housing development
To the south - Emsworth -western suburbs LCA25: bounded by the railway line; incremental 19 th and 20 th century residential expansion of Emsworth
Character of the urban edge:
Tree cover, hedgerows and small fields filter the urban edge
Linear edge to south created by railway line
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
New Brighton extends into the western side of Horndean Road
Emsworth – western suburbs contained by railway line
Character of the wider landscape:
Very open arable landscape across land parcels 22.2.and 22.3
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Level of both physical and visual connectivity between western part of land parcel 22.1 and southern part of land parcels 22.2 and 22.3
Divided from these two by strong line of trees to northern boundary of this land parcel and the character of its field pattern
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Area to the west of SINC identified as important to the gap in 2008
This area contributes to the open character between the settlements
Historic links with the wider area if known:
--
Part of wider field pattern to the north
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
Not known
Recreational links with the wider area:
Rather isolated recreational area with limited footpath links
Emsworth DS
Trees and hedgerows bordering open spaces, which protect the rural nature of these areas and screen new development
Woodland, which provides a buffer to the urban environment
Maintenance and enhancement of boundaries between urban areas and these nature conservation areas.
Areas of Importance for Nature Conservation and associated wildlife corridors in and around Emsworth
Minimise the visual impact of buildings and the physical impact of increased access
The strengths and distinctive characteristics of Emsworth's settlement pattern including: variety of buildings and styles; sky brought right down into the
town by open spaces and water and relatively low building heights
Small scale "village atmosphere" with healthy mixture of residential, commercial and industrial use
Horndean Road: dating back to the late 19th century is the main route into Emsworth from the northwest, with views across arable farmland and
Horndean recreation ground. Architecturally valued Victorian and Edwardian houses are also aread along this road. There are a number of mature trees
close to the road frontage, which contribute to the ambience
Use of trees and hedges for screening new developments
Ose of thees and nedges for scheening new developments

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	22.2Land east of Southleigh Farm
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area/landscape type:	LCA22 Southleigh agricultural plain / LCT F: Open Upper Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	HavantEmsworth Gap
Date of site survey:	18/3/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Cloud/ sun /clear

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the site from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Southleigh Road	Local residents	Additional tree and hedgerow planting
Across UEI3 at the moment from Horndean Road	Road users on minor semi-rural road and well used urban	Small copses
Entrance to Southleigh Farm	road	
Adjacent housing to east (until UE13 developed)		
Views out of the site to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Northern edge of land parcel 22.1	Fairly busy roads	mitigation:
Land parcel 22.3	Small number of residents	New tree and hedgerow planting in keeping with
Trees along southern edge of LCA 21		local character
		Small wooded copses to link to parkland
Does the site form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Nearby tree cover within parkland or covered by
	Large open area between two separate settlements	ТРО

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Panoramic views:		
Possible from centre north to wooded ridgeline		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium / High	Medium / Low
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Post and wire fencing	Local traffic noise
Flat		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	None
	None	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Х	None	Surrounded by street lighting
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to site by public footpath:
Ditches	N/A	No
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable land	N/A	national trails:
		Not connected
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Along western edge with Southleigh Farm	N/A	None

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Mature hedgerow to northern edge	N/a	openness/enclosure:
Thattire nedgerow to northern edge	i v/a	Open
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	HLC 1.6 Medium to large regular fields with wavy	Simple uniform large scale regular pattern
	boundaries	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	Not known	N/A
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Not known	
Heathland:	Built form on site:	
None	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
None		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
No		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
TPOs:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / Low	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:	·	· ·
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
To the east - New Brighton LCA 23: Sub-urban housing area including some Edwardian villa housing along Horndean Road. In filled with later post war housing. Limited
recent housing development
Character of the urban edge:
Edwardian and more modern housing along Horndean road
Urban edge will change as UE13 is developed for housing
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
New Brighton extends into the western side of Horndean Road
Character of the wider landscape:
Very open arable landscape across land parcels 22.3.
Contrast with varied land cover, smaller fields and strong tree and hedgerow boundaries of land parcel 22.1
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Strong landscape and visual links with 22.3
Divided from 22.1 by strong line of trees to northern boundary of this land parcel and the character of its field pattern
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Part of the important landscape feature of the gap – it's very open and agricultural character but not visible from ridgeline
Visual exposure of the area leads to greater vulnerability to erosion
Historic links with the wider area if known:
Part of wider field pattern to the west and south
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
None
Recreational links with the wider area:
None
Emsworth DS
Long open views across the agricultural plain can be seen from the junction of Horndean and Southleigh Roads
Minimise the visual impact of buildings
Buildings in scale within the context of the surrounding buildings and located where they will not overwhelm their surroundings

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	22.3 Southleigh Farm and land to the west
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area/landscape type:	LCA22 Southleigh agricultural plain / LCT F: Open Upper Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	HavantEmsworth Gap
Date of site survey:	18/3/14
Surveyors:	BK
Weather/visibility:	Cloud/ sun /clear

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the site from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Ridgeline to the north	Local residents	Additional tree and hedgerow planting
Southleigh Road (limited)	Road users on semi-rural roads and trunk road	Small copses
Across UEI3 to the southern part at the moment from		
Horndean Road		
Southleigh Farm		
Adjacent housing to the southern part (until UE13		
developed)		
Settlement edge at Denvilles		
A27		
Views out of the site to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Land parcels 22.1 and 22.2	Fairly busy minor roads	mitigation:
Trees along southern edge of LCA 21: Southleigh Park	Heavily trafficked A27	Small wooded copses to link to parkland
Ridgeline to the north	Good number of residents	Reinforce landscape setting to farm
Settlement edge to west		Loss of open landscape
A27 and railway line		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Does the site form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Large open area between two separate settlements Self-contained farmstead with workshops	Green Infrastructure links: GI Target note EM5: Recognise and support the role of the A27 as a wildlife corridor by maintaining the tree embankments for biodiversity and visual screening purposes. Nearby tree cover within parkland
Panoramic views:		
From centre north to wooded ridgeline		
Landmark features:		
Farmhouse		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium	Medium / High
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Post and wire fencing	Relatively quiet area away from A27
Flat	Post and rail fencing	Local traffic noise along northern edge
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	None
	2 residential properties within land parcel have gardens	
	Existing small gardens along north-west edge with little	
	vegetation	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
X	None	Surrounded by street lighting
		Lighting on A27
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to site by public footpath:
Ditches	N/A	No

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable land	N/A	national trails:
Paddocks		Not connected
Hardstanding		Not connected
Farmstead		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Along eastern edge with land parcel 22.2	N/A	None
Groups and lines of trees around the farmstead		None
Trees and shrubs along A27		
Node of trees in the centre of site		
Individual trees along north-south field boundary		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Mature hedgerow to northern edge	N/A	openness/enclosure:
Part hedged boundary leading south from farmstead		Very open
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Copse in north-west corner of farmstead	HLC 1.6 Medium to large regular fields with wavy	Very simple uniform large scale regular pattern
Copie in north West conner of harmistead	boundaries	across most of site
	HLC 9.13 Small farmsteads	Complex varied small scale irregular pattern
	HLC 9.6.5 post war residential	around the farmstead
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	Not known	N/A
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Farmstead on the site from late 18th century	
Heathland:	Built form on site:	
None	Victorian non listed farmstead and ancillary buildings of	
	heritage interest	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Gardens to two properties at the farmstead		
BAP/Phase I records:		
None		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
No		
Presence in a floodplain:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features	
No			
TPOs:			
None			
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	
Medium	Medium	Medium	
Landscape sensitivity score:	T rediant	i rodium	
Medium			
Relationship with the wider landscape/	townscape		
	combeupe		
Adjacent settlement character and p	attern		
		but closely related to open land scape to the east; isolated from	
	south has large well kept gardens; development in north		
Character of the urban edge:			
	n and the Nursery forms eastern edge of Denvilles wit	h public open space to the edge of the land parcel	
Housing in north exposed due to little veg		in public open space to the edge of the land parter	
Relationship with adjacent settlemen			
Strong contrast with the character of Den			
Farmstead isolated from adjacent Denvilles			
Character of the wider landscape:			
Open arable landscape across land parcel 2	<i>י י י</i>		
	elds and strong tree and hedgerow boundaries of land I	parcel 22 l	
Relationship with adjacent wider cou			
Strong landscape and visual links with 22.2			
		ter of its field pattern	
	Divided from 22.1 by strong line of trees to northern boundary of this land parcel and the character of its field pattern Landscape around farmstead contrasts with the open arable landscape but forms an integral part of the agricultural character		
Contribution to the gap between set			
	Part of the most important landscape feature of the gap – it's very open and agricultural character		
Visual exposure of the area leads to greater vulnerability to erosion			
Historic links with the wider area if k			
Part of wider field pattern to the east			
Ecological links with the wider area if	f known:		
None			
Recreational links with the wider are	a:		
None			

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Emsworth DS

Long open views across the agricultural plain can be seen from the junction of Horndean and Southleigh Roads Minimise the visual impact of buildings Buildings in scale within the context of the surrounding buildings and located where they will not overwhelm their surroundings

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	22.4 East of Warblington Station
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area/landscape type:	LCA22 Southleigh agricultural plain / LCT F: Open Upper Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Havant- Emsworth Gap
Date of site survey:	18/3/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Cloud/ sun /clear

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the site from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
A27	Local residents	Additional tree and hedgerow planting
Railway line	Road users on trunk road	Small copses
Houses in Castle Avenue and St George's Avenue,	Rail users	
Havant		
Views out of the site to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Walderton Down to NE	Heavily trafficked A27	mitigation:
Manor Farm development west of land parcel 22.3	Few residents	New tree and hedgerow planting in keeping with
A27		local character
Houses on settlement edge		Small wooded copses to link to planting along A27
Does the site form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	GI Target note EM5: Recognise and support the
	Contained area of fields between railway line and A27	role of the A27 as a wildlife corridor by

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
		maintaining the tree embankments for biodiversity
		and visual screening purposes.
		Link with tree and shrub cover along the A27
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / Low	Medium / Low	Medium / Low
Visual sensitivity score:	•	
Medium / Low		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Post and wire fencing	High levels of noise from A27 and passing trains
Flat		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Traffic and lighting columns on A27
	Well vegetated back gardens along western boundary	Trains
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Mostly Grade 2	None	Lighting on A27
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to site by public footpath:
Small pond on western boundary	N/A	No
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Grass ley	N/A	national trails:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
		Not connected
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree planting along the A27 embankment	N/A	None
Some individual trees along back gardens		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Mature gappy hedgerow with hedgerow trees across	N/A	openness/enclosure:
the site		Open
Rear garden hedges		
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	HLC 1.6 Medium to large regular fields with wavy	Very simple uniform large scale regular pattern
	boundaries	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	Not known	N/A
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None		
Heathland:	Built form on site:	
None	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Gappy scrub along the railway line		
BAP/Phase records:		
None		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
No		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / Low	Medium / Low	Medium / Low

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium / Low		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

djacent settlement character and pattern:
stern edge of LCA 14 Havant historic core to the west: Suburban 20C housing with many hedgerows with pre-war close to Southleigh Road and post war housing
e eastern edge
naracter of the urban edge:
rden trees and other vegetation screens post war housing
elationship with adjacent settlement:
nd parcel is orientated towards the existing settlement
naracter of the wider landscape:
pen arable landscape across land parcel 22.3.
elationship with adjacent wider countryside:
parated from the wider landscape by the railway line and A27
ares common characteristics with the rest of LCA22: open medium sized field
ontribution to the gap between settlements:
rt of the very narrow gap (400-500m wide) between the south-east of Havant and Warblington
p defined by A27 and its boundary vegetation, the open land between the A27 and A259 and the open fields of the land parcel
storic links with the wider area if known:
rt of wider field pattern to the north
ological links with the wider area if known:
one
ecreational links with the wider area:
one

Emsworth DS

Long open views across the agricultural plain

Identified as part of the area at Warblington roundabout requiring enhancement

Minimise the visual impact of buildings

Buildings in scale within the context of the surrounding buildings and located where they will not overwhelm their surroundings

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	22.5 Eastern Brook Meadow
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area/landscape type:	LCA22 Southleigh agricultural plain / LCT F: Open Upper Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	HavantEmsworth Gap
Date of site survey:	18/3/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Cloud/ sun /clear

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the site from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Adjacent industrial premises	Walkers	Additional tree and hedgerow planting
Railway line	Local residents	Small copses
Sussex Border Path and local footpaths across the	Road users on A259	
Meadow	Rail users	
Houses in Lumley Road, Hermitage		
Palmer's Road public surface car park		
A259		
Views out of the site to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Emsworth industrial area	Brook Meadow is a popular local area of open space	mitigation:
Peter's Pond in Chichester District	A good number of residents	Loss of balance between wetland, pasture and
Settlement edge of Hermitage		tree / scrub cover
A27 and A259		Loss of filtered views across the land parcel

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
		Opportunities to screen existing built form
Does the site form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	With the remainder of Brook Meadow
	Contained area of wetland, pasture and tree and scrub	With the promoted Sussex Border Path
	separating Emsworth from Hermitage	 GI Target note EM2: Continue to promote and encourage neighbourhood involvement and recreation at local areas important for nature conservation such as Brook Meadow Nature Reserve. Maximise the educational potential of these sites, especially with schools. GI Target note EM5: Recognise and support the role of the A27 as a wildlife corridor by maintaining the tree embankments for biodiversity and visual screening purposes.
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:	· · ·	· ·
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Railings	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Valley floor with local undulations and some artificial	Walls to railway line	High levels of noise from A27, A259 and passing
banks		trains
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
River gravels	character:	Trains
	Small back gardens along eastern boundary	Industrial premises to the west
	Large garden on eastern edge of land parcel	Mast and sub-station
	Area north of railway line influenced by large open garden	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
X	None	Lighting on A27 and A259
		Local town lighting
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to site by public footpath:
River Ems	N/A	Yes
Flood plain	Separated from Emsworth CA by the A259	
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Grass meadow	N/A	national trails:
Wetland		Connected to Sussex Border Path and onto
		Wayfarer's Walk along the coast
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Good tree cover focussed on boundary with Hermitage	N/A	Informal recreational area
and links across the land parcel		
Several individual trees in large garden north of the		
railway line		
Riverside trees		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Possible remnant hedgerows within scrub and tree	N/A	openness/enclosure:
cover		enclosed

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Weedland and concern	Historia landacena (HLC):	Acethodia consitiuity, landsone acttores
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Several willow copses south of the railway line	HLC 1.6 Medium to large regular fields with wavy	Complex mix of varied irregular spaces and land
Medium sized tree group of mixed species north of the	boundaries	uses
railway line		
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Yes	Not known	N/A
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Water meadow since I9C	
	Connection with former mill dating back to Doomsday	
	Book 1086	
Heathland:	Built form on site:	
None	Large residential property in south-east area of the land	
	parcel	
	Sub-station with mast	
	Railway line	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Garden lawns north of the railway line		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Yes – Brook Meadow SINC		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Yes		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / High	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		-
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Eastern edge of LCA 24 Emsworth historic core to the west: Historic medieval and post mediaeval core flanked by 20C suburban commercial development and
industrial complexes
Character of the urban edge at Emsworth:
Separated by dense tree cover (TPO)
Modern commercial medium scale development
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Land parcel forms an important wetland lands cape setting to the urban form
Character of the wider landscape:
Adjacent landscape includes part of the River Ems and wetland and tree cover
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Close links with adjacent landscape immediately to the west
Isolated from the wider landscape by urban settlement and the A27 and A259
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Part of a very narrow gap between Emsworth in Havant Borough and Chichester District
Historic links with the wider area if known:
Part of the River Ems history of wetland and mills with millponds
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
SINC extends west of the land parcel
Recreational links with the wider area:
Part of Brook Meadow which provides local recreational opportunities
Emsworth DS
Minimise the visual impact of buildings
Buildings in scale within the context of the surrounding buildings and located where they will not overwhelm their surroundings
Retain woodland buffer to the urban form and enhance boundary between the two
Retain the rural and informal character of the open space
Encourage better habitat links and avoid fragmentation of landscapes

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	26.1
County landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LAC26 Warblington and Wade Court / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Local Gap (ref Policy CSII.9)	Yes – part of open space between Emsworth and Havant
Date of land parcel survey:	13.3.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny, hazy

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Local PRoWs within and adjacent to the Langstone	Walkers	Some hedgerow and tree belt structure to build
Conservation Area and within the Chichester Harbour	Residents	upon
AONB	AONB visitors	
Houses within and adjacent to Langstone Conservation		
Area		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Houses / Langstone Conservation Area	Large number of houses	mitigation:
Wooded edge of Wade Court Conservation Area	Local but well used footpath	Woodland, tree belts and hedgerows all typical in
Relatively enclosed parcel		the area, potential loss of views to and from
		conservation area

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors): High expectations of visual beauty: conservation area setting, within AONB	Existing footpath network, Lymbourn Stream and woodland (adjacent to the eastern boundary), hedgerows sub-dividing fields, tree belts to boundaries
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium	Medium / Low
Visual sensitivity score:		- ·
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Mixed fencing to rear gardens, close board fence, post and	Some background traffic noise, otherwise quiet
Flat / gently sloping; sits between 0m and 5m contours	rail, post and wire, remnants of parkland railings along	
	eastern boundary with Wade Court Park, brick wall to	
	south west corner	
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	None
	Some small trees in rear gardens along southern boundary,	
	and on western side of land parcel (TPO); woodland in	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
	Wade Court Park forms a strong eastern edge (TPO); tree	
	belts and mature trees in gardens in south west corner	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade I	Remnants of parkland railings along eastern boundary with	Possible glow of Langstone, Havant and A27
	Wade Court Park	
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
None	Southern part of parcel is within Langstone CA; Wade	footpath:
	Court CA adjacent to eastern boundary	Local PRoW runs along the eastern boundary
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pasture	The open land to the north of the Langstone CA forms the	national trails:
gardens	rural backdrop setting for the conservation area. Trees	Links to Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk
-	within Wade Court CA form an important backdrop to	regional footpaths to south; links to national cycle
	and are important to the setting of the Langstone	network route 2 which runs along the north west
	Conservation Area and land parcel 26.1.	boundary
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belt forms north western boundary and separates	59 and 61 Langstone Road in the western part of land	None
the gardens of 56-61 Langstone Road and the open field	parcel; Royal Oak pub and a number of houses along the	
in the north west	High Street all have gardens that back onto the southern	
	edge of the land parcel	
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Hedges running east / west divide the land parcel into 3	None	openness/enclosure:
and remnants of hedgerow run north / south alongside route of public footpath		Enclosed
Weedland and concer	Historia landacana (HIC):	Acethodic considivity for Jonary rotter
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Woodland to east – outside boundary	1.9 Small regular with straight boundaries (Parliamentary	Strong, simple landscape structure with small scale
	type) – time depth is legible	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
None	None known	People informally using open fields off the
		footpath route
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Lowland mixed deciduous woodland adjacent to eastern		
boundary		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Langstone Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone		
Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar,		
Solent Maritime SAC all located a few metres away to the south		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Southern and eastern parts of land parcel are within		
flood zones 2 and 3		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium / High	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:	•	
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

djacent settlement character and pattern:
lucleated historic core of Langstone to the south, with modern expansions to the north west
haracter of the urban edge:
ree belt along footpath / cycleway to north west forms well-vegetated edge to the modern housing developments to the north west of land parcel
elationship with adjacent settlement:
ontained on the north, western and southern edges by Langstone
haracter of the wider landscape:
andscape to the east is parkland (Wade Court), with rural landscape to the east of that
elationship with adjacent wider countryside:
and parcel is separated from the wider landscape by Wade Court to the east
contribution to the gap between settlements:
lot critical to the perception of the separation of Emsworth and Havant as it is not widely visible and is not located between the 2 settlements. The open land may b
nportant in separating the old part of Langstone from the newer part to the north, and in separating Langstone and Emsworth.

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known: None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

Footpaths link with regional footpaths and national cycle paths

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:

Langstone VDS currently in progress; relevant aspects from Langstone Conservation Area Appraisal: The open land to the north of the Langstone CA forms the rural backdrop setting for the conservation area. Trees (including those around the boundaries of 26.1, within the garden of 59-61 Langstone Road - within Wade Court CA) form an important backdrop to and are important to the setting of the conservation area.

HAVANT OPEN LANDSCAPE CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land parcel:	26.2
County landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LAC26 Warblington and Wade Court / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Local Gap (ref Policy CSII.9)	Yes – part of open space between Emsworth and Havant
Date of land parcel survey:	13.3.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny, hazy

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
PRoWs within and adjacent to Wade Park	Walkers	Good structure of woodland to build upon in the
Conservation Area and within the Chichester Harbour	Residents	western part of the land parcel, and to eastern
AONB, including Church Path / Solent Way regional	AONB visitors	and southern boundaries
footpath	Motorists	
Houses within and adjacent to Wade Park		
Conservation Area and within the Chichester Harbour		
AONB		
A27, Wade Lane		
Southern edge is visible from Chichester Harbour and		
Hayling Island		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Warblington Castle, A27 traffic and road bridge	Small number of houses	mitigation:
Views south across harbour, Hayling and Thorney	Local and regional footpaths (including Church Path /	Woodland, tree belts and hedgerows all typical in
Islands	Solent Way regional footpath)	the area, potential loss of views to and from the
Western part of land parcel relatively enclosed (except	Busy harbour	Wade Park Conservation Area and to
southern edge)	Busy A27 road	Warblington Castle. Any mitigation would not
		affect views south from the footpath along the shoreline
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Existing footpath and cycle path network,
	High expectations of visual beauty: conservation area	Lymbourn Stream and woodland which links to
	setting, within AONB	highways planting along A27, hedgerows along
		Wade Lane
Panoramic views:		
Extensive views across harbour from southern edge		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium / Low
Visual sensitivity score:		•
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Mixed fencing to garden boundaries, including brick wall to	Some background traffic noise, otherwise quiet
Flat / gently rolling; west part of parcel sits largely	Wade Court and close board fence to lodge building,	
between 0m and 5m contours; east part largely	remnants of parkland railings along western boundary,	
between 5m and 10m contours	north western part of parcel used for horsiculture is sub-	
	divided by temporary electric fencing, post and wire, post	
	and rail, timber sleeper 'wall' along shoreline	
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Road bridge, overhead wire within eastern part
	Specimen trees and woodland in Wade Court Park forms a	
	strong western edge and backdrop to views from the	
	south	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Eastern part of land parcel is Grade 3; western part is	Remnants of parkland railings along western boundary,	Possible glow of Langstone, Havant and A27
Grade 2	parkland trees	
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Stream along western boundary; Langstone Mill Pond in	Wade Court CA covers much of the western part of the	footpath:
south western corner; ornamental water garden within	land parcel	Local PRoW runs north / south past Wade Court,
Wade Court		Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk runs along the shoreline
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Horsiculture (west), pasture (east), gardens (including	Trees and woodland within Wade Court CA form an	national trails:
parkland setting of Wade Court)	important backdrop to views from the south and are	Links to national cycle network route 2 which
	important to the setting of the conservation area and listed	runs along the north west boundary, and regional
	buildings	footpath along shoreline
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Poplar belt towards northern boundary, tree belt forms	Grade II listed Wade Court, Old Mill south of the mill	None
eastern boundary, woodland along Lambourn Stream,	pond	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
individual parkland specimen trees across land parcel (except south eastern corner) and including a stand of		
pine trees in the centre of the site; whole of land parcel covered by a TPO		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Hedges alongside Wade Lane and to southern boundary	None	openness/enclosure:
of fields with shoreline		Semi-enclosed in western part of land parcel,
		more open in eastern part and very open and
		exposed along shoreline
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Woodland to western part of land parcel (TPO)	The majority of the parcel is 10.2 Post 1810 Parkland – rare	Strong, simple landscape structure with medium
	in the county and district; time depth is legible; in addition	scale in east; western part is more complex and
	there are small areas of farmstead, manor / estate houses	smaller in scale
	and mills, mill ponds and leats	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
None	None known	None
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Wade Court, watercress beds	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	Wade Court and associated buildings, Wade Court Farm	
	clustered in centre of land parcel, small stable buildings in	
	west	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Reeds around Langstone Mill Pond		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
BAP/Phase I records:		
Lowland mixed deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Watercress bed / part of woodland and Lambourn		
Stream as well as Langstone Mill Pond are SINCs.		
Langstone Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone		
Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar,		
Solent Maritime SAC adjacent to the southern		
boundary		
Presence in a floodplain:		
South eastern and southern edge of land parcel are		
within flood zones 2 and 3		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	High	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:		
High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Nucleated core of Langstone to the south west, with modern expansions to the north west and modern parts of southern Havant to the north (separated by the A27)

Character of the urban edge:

The older part of Langstone separated by woodland; tree belt along footpath / cycleway to north west forms well-vegetated edge to the modern housing developments to the north west of land parcel; highways vegetation creates a soft northern edge

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Contained on the north by the A27 with Havant beyond; the north western edge by modern parts of Langstone; historic part of Langstone separated by 26.1

Character of the wider landscape:

Rural landscape to the east, harbour basin to the south

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Eastern part of the parcel links to the wider landscape to the east, southern edge relates to the open water of the harbour

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Not critical in the perception of the separation of Emsworth and Havant as it is not located between the 2 settlements. The open land in the eastern part of the parcel is important in separating Langstone and Emsworth.

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

Footpaths link with regional footpaths and national cycle paths

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal - relevant extracts:

Langstone VDS currently in progress; relevant aspects from Wade Court Conservation Area Appraisal and Langstone Conservation Area Appraisal: Trees (including those within Wade Court CA) form an important backdrop to and are important to the setting of the Langstone Conservation Area. The trees also contribute significantly to the rural appearance of the land bordering Chichester Harbour.

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HAVANT OPEN LANDSCAPE CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land parcel:	26.3
County landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LAC26 Warblington and Wade Court / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Local Gap (ref Policy CSII.9)	Yes – part of open space between Emsworth and Havant
Date of land parcel survey:	13.3.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny, hazy

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Hayling Island, Thorney Island, Chichester Harbour – all	Walkers	Good hedgerow structure to build upon across
within Chichester Harbour AONB	Residents	the land parcel; no woodland
Church Path / Solent Way regional footpath	AONB visitors	
Houses within Warblington	Motorists	
Warblington Conservation Area, including Warblington	Church and cemetery visitors	
church and cemetery and Warblington Castle	Working and leisure boat users	
Pook Lane		
A27		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
A27 traffic and road bridge	Small number of houses	mitigation:
Expansive views south across harbour, Hayling and	Local and regional footpaths (including Church Path /	Woodland, tree belts and hedgerows all typical in
Thorney Islands	Solent Way regional footpath)	the wider area, potential loss of views to and from

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Eastern part of land parcel more enclosed than eastern	Busy harbour	Warblington Castle, the church and Chichester
(except southern edge); areas around Warblington	Busy A27 road	Harbour. Any mitigation would not affect views
settlement also more enclosed	Busy cemetery, church in regular use	south from the footpath along the shoreline
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes – from the shore	local visual receptors):	Existing footpath network, including the regional
	High expectations of visual beauty: conservation area	Solent Way; links to highways planting along A27,
	setting, within AONB	hedgerows across the land parcel
Panoramic views:		
Extensive views across harbour from southern edge		
Landmark features:		
Warblington Castle and church		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranguillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Mixed fencing to garden boundaries, including brick and	Northern part affected by traffic noise, otherwise
Flat / gently rolling to south and south east; east part of	flint wall to Warblington Castle Cottage, and churchyard,	quiet
parcel sits largely between 0m and 5m contours; west	chainlink fence around cemetery, post and rail, post and	
part largely between 5m and 10m contours	wire	
Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
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Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	A27 traffic and road bridge affects northern part
	Trees in Old Rectory and Warblington Castle and Castle	
	Cottage	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
The majority of the site, including the farm / church /	None	Traffic on A27, otherwise dark
castle / cemetery is Grade 1; the northern and western		
edges are Grade 2; a small section to the north east and		
east is Grade 3		
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Watercress beds and stream / ditches / natural spring	Warblington CA covers much of the land parcel, excluding	footpath:
on eastern side	the northern edge; the eastern half of the CA has been	Church Walk, Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk
	identified by the County Archaeologist as being of	runs along the shoreline and through the
	archaeological importance	cemetery; shoreline accessibility at low tide,
		permissive path along western boundary
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Largely pasture; also cemetery, which is recently being	Castle, church and churchyard, trees in churchyard, stone	national trails:
extended to the east of the church, gardens	walls around churchyard and Warblington Castle Cottage,	Part of Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk regional
	trees in Old Rectory	footpaths
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belt along northern boundary, along eastern and	Grade II* Warblington Castle, Grade II Warblington Castle	None
western boundaries, individual trees within gardens,	Cottage and Farmhouse, Old Rectory	
churchyard and cemetery		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Hedges alongside Pook Lane and to field boundaries	Black Barn, and Warblington Castle	openness/enclosure:
(not in west of area); frequent hedgerow trees		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
		South and west feels generally more open; some
		enclosure created by hamlet of Warblington,
		fields on eastern edge more enclosed
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	The majority of the parcel is 1.9 Small regular with straight	Strong, simple landscape structure with medium
	boundaries (Parliamentary type) – time depth is legible; in	scale in west; eastern part is more complex and
	addition there are small areas of cemetery, farmstead,	smaller in scale
	manor / estate houses	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Warblington Meadow coastal grazing marsh	None known	None
	None known	None
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Warblington Castle and church, watercress beds	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	Wade Court and associated buildings, Wade Court Farm	
	clustered in centre of land parcel, small stable buildings in	
	west	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Coastal grazing marsh (Warblington Meadow)		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Warblington Meadow SSSI is an unimproved grazing		
marsh adjoining Chichester Harbour and is of special		
interest for its gradation from freshwater, baserich		
marsh to old reclaimed saltmarsh, and for its rich		
associated flora, with a total of 158 species of flowering		
plants having been recorded up to the time of		
notification. Langstone Harbour SSSI, Chichester and		
Langstone Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone		
Ramsar, Solent Maritime SAC adjacent to the southern		
boundary		
Presence in a floodplain:		
South eastern and southern edge of land parcel are		
within flood zones 2 and 3		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	High	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:		
High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

The modern parts of southern Havant are closest to the north (separated by the A27); the nucleated core of Langstone is to the south west, with north Langstone modern expansions to the west (both separated by Ica 26.1 and 26.2); the modern western edge of Emsworth is to the east, separated by Ica 26.4

Character of the urban edge:

To the north the A27 highways vegetation creates a soft northern edge; the other nearby settlements are separated by open and wooded landscape and only the historic Langstone sea front is visible to the south west, set within a wooded backdrop.

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Contained on the north by the A27 with Havant beyond; open countryside separates Langstone and Emsworth

Character of the wider landscape:

Rural / parkland landscape to the west; rural landscape to the east, harbour basin to the south

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Western part of the parcel links to the adjacent landscape to the west; the central core of Warblington is self-contained; the north eastern part relates to the countryside to the east; as a whole the land parcel forms an important part of the open countryside between Langstone and Emsworth and south of Havant; the southern edge relates to the open water of the harbour

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

The northern section is part of the narrow separation of Emsworth and Havant – evident from the A259; The open land in the southern part of the parcel is important in separating Langstone and Emsworth.

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

Footpaths link with regional footpaths and national cycle paths

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal - relevant extracts:

Emsworth Design Statement relevant extracts;

- The open space surrounding Emsworth is fundamental to the identity and character of the settlement, giving a strong sense of place and contributing to the quality of life.
- To the west, open countryside mainly consisting of large open fields of arable farmland with few hedgerows, provides a clear separation from the larger urban area of Havant;
- The old Church Path provides a dramatic view of Warblington Castle

Warblington Conservation Area Appraisal relevant extracts;

- The Conservation Area is part of the open area of countryside bordering this stretch of Hampshire coastline separating the built-up areas of Havant and Emsworth.
- The hedged fields associated with the hinterland of many harbourside villages that were used for grazing working animals are characteristic of the Conservation Area.
- There are a number of significant yews within the churchyard and Warblington Castle Farmhouse and the Old Rectory have substantial tree planting within their grounds. Trees are also a significant feature in hedgerows along Pook Lane, although they are notably lacking in the filed hedgerows to the west of the area. While they are a feature of the hedgerows to the east, here the hedgerows themselves weak in places and need reinforcing. Trees provide a backdrop to most internal views with the Conservation Area.
- To the south west the land slopes gently down to the water with no sea wall hedgerow or woodland fringe separating the meadows from the foreshore. This open boundary is highly visible when viewed from Hayling Island and the harbour itself, although the hedgerow trees and tree groups further inland give an impression of woodland.
- There are significant views across Chichester Harbour from the footpath and from the whole of the foreshore bordering the southern boundary of the Conservation Area.
- Long views across the western meadows where distant hedgerow trees and tree groups provide a woodland backdrop.

HAVANT OPEN LANDSCAPE CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land parcel:	26.4
County landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LAC26 Warblington and Wade Court / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes – part of open space between Emsworth and Havant
Date of land parcel survey:	13.3.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny, hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
AONB locally (not visible from harbour)	Walkers	Good hedgerow structure to build upon across
Church Path / Solent Way regional footpath	Residents	the land parcel; including woodland adjacent to
Houses within Warblington and in north west	AONB visitors	A27 / Warblington roundabout
Emsworth	Motorists	
Trains (into fields in north)	Train travellers	
Warblington Conservation Area,		
A259		
A27 is within Ica 26.4 but visibility of open fields is assessed		
rather than the roads		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
A259 traffic	Fairly large number of houses	mitigation:
Warblington Castle, Warblington Church	Local and regional footpaths (including Church Path /	Woodland, tree belts and hedgerows all typical in
Long views to South Downs ridge from Church Path /	Solent Way regional footpath)	the wider area; potential loss of views of
Solent Way in south west of 26.4	Busy A259 road	Warblington Castle and church.
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	High expectations of visual beauty: within AONB; part of landscape setting of Emsworth (Emsworth Design Statement)	Existing footpath network, including the regional Solent Way; links to highways planting along A27, hedgerows across the land parcel
Panoramic views: No		
Landmark features: No		
Sensitivity score: Medium / High	Sensitivity score: Medium / High	Sensitivity score: Medium
Visual sensitivity score: Medium / High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Flat / gently rolling to south and south east; most of parcel sits between 5m and 10m contours; north part just above the 10m contour	Boundary features other than vegetation: Mixed fencing to garden boundaries, including close board fence, post and wire, post and rail	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Northern part affected by traffic and train noise, more quiet towards south
Geological features: None	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Very few trees of any significant size	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: A259 traffic, signage and light columns affect northern part,
Soil quality: The majority of the site, is Grade 2 with Grade 1 in the southern parts	Parkland features: None	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Street lights on A259 and Warblington roundabout, darker in south
Water features: Ditches in north east part	Conservation Area: Warblington CA adjacent to the western boundary	Accessibility to land parcel by public footpath:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
		Church Walk, Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk runs along the southern boundary
Landcover and land use: Largely arable with pasture north of A259; also contains A27 and A259 roads	Landscape features of CA: Castle, church and churchyard, trees in churchyard, stone walls around churchyard and Warblington Castle Cottage, trees in Old Rectory	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: Part of Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk regional footpaths
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Tree belt south side of A27; a small number of individual trees in north west on line of former field boundary	Setting of listed buildings: None within land parcel	Recreational areas: None
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedges alongside A259 and to most field boundaries; some hedgerow trees, particularly in north	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: None	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Feels generally open but not to wider views; some enclosure created by north western edge of Emsworth and by A27 corridor to north; northern fields enclosed
Woodland and copses: Woodland adjacent to A27 / Warblington roundabout and within northern field	Historic landscape (HLC): 1.10 Medium regular with straight boundaries (Parliamentary type) – type is abundant locally and county- wide; time depth integrity is low	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Strong, simple landscape structure
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
None	None known	None
Common land: None	Features of cultural importance: watercress beds	
Heathland: None	Built form on land parcel: 2 houses just south of A27	
Other significant vegetation cover: None		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
BAP/Phase records:		
None		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Langstone Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone		
Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar,		
Solent Maritime SAC 100-200m from the southern		
boundary		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Small area at northern edge is within flood zone		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Low	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

The modern parts of north western Emsworth contain the northern fields to the east; the historic core of Emsworth is some 800m away to the east; the southern part of Havant is to the north west, separated by the A27

Character of the urban edge:

The edge of Emsworth is open in parts; to the north the A27 highways vegetation creates a soft northern edge

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Contained on the north east by Emsworth and on the north by the A27 with Havant beyond to the north west;

Character of the wider landscape:

Rural landscape to the south, east and west, and to the north (separated by the A27 and the railway line)

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

The site is part of the open countryside between Havant and the coast

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

The northern section forms most of the narrow separation of Emsworth and Havant and is visible from the A259; the open land in the southern part of the parcel is important in separating Langstone and Emsworth.

Historic links with the wider area if known:

Old Roman Road (A259)

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

Footpaths link with regional footpaths

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:

Emsworth Design Statement relevant extracts;

- The open space surrounding Emsworth is fundamental to the identity and character of the settlement, giving a strong sense of place and contributing to the quality of life.
- To the west, open countryside mainly consisting of large open fields of arable farmland with few hedgerows, provides a clear separation from the larger urban area of Havant;
- In some areas strips of countryside bordering the road could be enhanced to better define the countryside, including areas around and east of Warblington roundabout
- The old Church Path provides a dramatic view of Warblington Castle
- Warblington Conservation Area Appraisal relevant extracts;
 - The Conservation Area is part of the open area of countryside bordering this stretch of Hampshire coastline separating the built-up areas of Havant and Emsworth.
 - The hedged fields associated with the hinterland of many harbourside villages that were used for grazing working animals are characteristic of the Conservation Area.
 - Trees are a feature of the hedgerows to the east, here the hedgerows themselves weak in places and need reinforcing. Trees provide a backdrop to most internal views with the Conservation Area.

HAVANT OPEN LANDSCAPE CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land parcel:	26.5
County landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LAC26 Warblington and Wade Court / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Local Gap (ref Policy CSII.9)	Yes – part of open space between Emsworth and Havant
Date of land parcel survey:	13.3.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny, hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Church Path / Solent Way / Wayfarers Way regional	Walkers	Good hedgerow structure to build upon across
footpath; permissive footpath linking Solent Way with	Residents	the land parcel; including woodland along shore in
A259	AONB visitors	south east corner
Houses on west side of Emsworth	Harbour users – water sports	
Warblington Conservation Area,		
Chichester Harbour AONB (southern parts of parcel)		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Chichester Harbour, Hayling Island	Small number of houses	mitigation:
Warblington Castle	Local and regional footpaths (including Church Path /	Woodland, tree belts and hedgerows all typical in
Long views to South Downs ridge	Solent Way regional footpath)	the wider area; potential loss of views of
	Busy harbour	Warblington Castle and to Chichester Harbour.

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes - houses could in places; land currently does where	local visual receptors):	Existing footpath network, including the regional
it rises slightly in the western field (when viewed from	High expectations of visual beauty: within AONB; part of	Solent Way; links with Nore Barn Woods,
lower ground)	landscape setting of Emsworth (Emsworth Design	hedgerows across the land parcel
	Statement)	
Panoramic views:		
From southern edge – across Chichester Harbour		
Landmark features:		
No		
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Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours :	Boundary features other than vegetation: Mixed fencing to garden boundaries, including close board	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Quiet, particularly in south
Gently rolling between three gently incised valleys running north / south carrying water to the harbour; much of the parcel sits between 0m and 5m contours, rising just above between the valleys and at the north end of the central valley	fence, post and wire	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character: Very few trees of any significant size	Some overhead wires
Soil quality: The majority of the site, is Grade I with Grade 2 in the eastern and northern tips and Grade 3 at the western end	Parkland features: None	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Generally dark – possible glow from Emsworth
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Streams running north / south on western edge of parcel and down long central section; 2 small ponds in central section	Warblington CA adjacent to the western boundary	footpath: Church Walk, Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk runs across parcel; permissive footpath runs north / south in centre of parcel; also permissive way along shoreline
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Largely arable with pasture down central section of	Castle, church and churchyard, trees in churchyard, stone	national trails:
parcel; community woodland in south east corner	walls around churchyard and Warblington Castle Cottage, trees in Old Rectory	Part of Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk regional footpaths
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belt runs north / south up centre of site; tree belt along south western boundary; riverside trees along stream corridor in centre of site; a small number of individual trees in pasture fields	None within land parcel	Community woodland
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Hedges to most field boundaries; few hedgerow trees	None	openness/enclosure:
		Mixed – southern edge is open to the harbour, rest is enclosed

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Nore Barn Woods community woodland	1.9 Small regular with straight boundaries (Parliamentary type) – time depth is legible;	Strong, simple landscape structure
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Central section classed as lowland meadow in Havant	None known	Shoreline
Biodiversity Plan – Conigar Point Meadows		
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Saltmarsh to south east shore		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Conigar Point Meadows – unimproved grassland supporting I or more notable species;		
Nore Grassland and Saltmarsh – semi-natural coastal		
and estuarine habitat including saltmarsh		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Linear fields comprising the central part of parcel are		
Conigar Point Meadow SINC;		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Langstone Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone		
Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar,		
Solent Maritime SAC adjacent to the southern		
boundary		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Much of the central and eastern parts of the land parcel		
are within flood zones 2 and 3		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / Low	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium/ High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Modern western parts of Emsworth to the north east; the historic core of Emsworth is some 800m away to the east
Character of the urban edge:
The south western edge of Emsworth is partly vegetated
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Eastern edge of parcel is adjacent to Emsworth; the majority of the site has no physical connection with Emsworth
Character of the wider landscape:
Rural landscape to the north and west, harbour to the south
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
The site is part of the open countryside between Emsworth and Havant, Emsworth and Warblington

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

The parcel is important in separating Emsworth and Warblington (and Langstone beyond), and has some importance in separating Emsworth from Havant (particularly when walking the footpaths and when viewed from the harbour).

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known: None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

Footpaths link with regional footpaths

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal - relevant extracts:

Emsworth Design Statement relevant extracts;

- The wooded shoreline at Nore Barn Woods is a characteristic feature of the shoreline around Chichester Harbour. Although not designated as ancient woodland, it has 8 ancient woodland indicators.
- The open space surrounding Emsworth is fundamental to the identity and character of the settlement, giving a strong sense of place and contributing to the quality of life.
- To the west, open countryside mainly consisting of large open fields of arable farmland with few hedgerows, provides a clear separation from the larger urban area of Havant;
- The old Church Path provides a dramatic view of Warblington Castle

Warblington Conservation Area Appraisal relevant extracts;

- The Conservation Area is part of the open area of countryside bordering this stretch of Hampshire coastline separating the built-up areas of Havant and Emsworth.
- The hedged fields associated with the hinterland of many harbourside villages that were used for grazing working animals are characteristic of the Conservation Area.
- Trees are a feature of the hedgerows to the east, here the hedgerows themselves weak in places and need reinforcing. Trees provide a backdrop to most internal views with the Conservation Area.

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HAVANT OPEN LANDSCAPE CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land parcel:	26.6
County landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LAC26 Warblington and Wade Court / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes – part of open space between Emsworth and Havant
Date of land parcel survey:	13.3.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny, hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from: Church Path / Solent Way regional footpath Houses on west side of Emsworth A259, AONB (localised)	Types of viewers: Walkers Residents AONB visitors Motorists	Opportunities for mitigation Some hedgerow structure to build upon in north and at edges
Views out of the land parcel to: A259 traffic Warblington Castle, Warblington Church	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Large number of houses Local and regional footpaths (including Church Path / Solent Way regional footpath) Busy A259 road	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Woodland, tree belts and hedgerows all typical in the wider area; potential loss of views of Warblington Castle and church.
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): High expectations of visual beauty: within AONB; part of landscape setting of Emsworth (Emsworth Design Statement)	Green Infrastructure links: Existing footpath network, including the regional Solent Way; links to highways planting along A27, hedgerows at edges of land parcel

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Flat / gently rolling to south and south east; most of parcel sits between 5m and 10m contours; north part just above the 10m contour	Boundary features other than vegetation: Mixed fencing to garden boundaries, including close board fence, north eastern part of parcel used for horsiculture is sub-divided by temporary electric fencing, post and wire, post and rail	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Northern part affected by traffic noise, more quiet towards south
Geological features: None	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Very few trees of any significant size	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: A259 traffic, signage and light columns affect northern part
Soil quality: The majority of the site, is Grade 2 with Grade 1 in the southern parts	Parkland features: None	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Street lights on A259 darker in south
Water features: Ditches in north east part	Conservation Area: None	Accessibility to land parcel by public footpath: Permissive footpath runs along western edge

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landcover and land use: Arable with horsiculture in north	Landscape features of CA: no	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk regional footpaths to south
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Tree belt runs north / south along western edge of parcel, trees on highway north of parcel	Setting of listed buildings: None within land parcel	Recreational areas: None
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedges alongside A259 and to southern boundary; some hedgerow trees in north	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: None	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Feels generally open but not to wider views; some enclosure created by edge of Emsworth
Woodland and copses: None	Historic landscape (HLC): I.10 Medium regular with straight boundaries (Parliamentary type) – type is abundant locally and county- wide; time depth integrity is low	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Simple landscape structure
Wetland and meadow: None	Cultural associations: None known	Open access areas: None
Common land: None	Features of cultural importance: None known	
Heathland: None	Built form on land parcel: Small group of stables just south of A259	
Other significant vegetation cover: None		
BAP/Phase I records: Brook Farm (supports more than one species)		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: Large field comprising the eastern part of site is Brook Farm SINC – open field; Langstone Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar, Solent Maritime SAC 100-200m from the southern boundary		
Presence in a floodplain: The eastern side, centre and south western corner of the land parcel is within flood zones 2 and 3		
Sensitivity score: Medium / High	Sensitivity score: Low	Sensitivity score: Medium
Landscape sensitivity score: Medium	1	1

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

The modern parts of western and north western Emsworth contain the site to the east and north; the historic core of Emsworth is some 800m away to the east

Character of the urban edge:

The western edge of Emsworth is open, with little vegetation; the highways vegetation along the A259 creates a soft northern edge

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Contained on the east and north by Emsworth

Character of the wider landscape:

Rural landscape to the west and to the south with the harbour beyond

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

The site is part of the open countryside between Havant and the coast and between Emsworth and Havant and Emsworth and Langstone

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

The northern section forms part of the narrow separation of Emsworth and Havant and is visible from the A259; the open land in the southern part of the parcel is important in separating Langstone and Emsworth.

Historic links with the wider area if known:

Old Roman Road (A259)

Ecological links with the wider area if known: None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

Footpaths link with regional footpaths

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:

Emsworth Design Statement relevant extracts;

- The open space surrounding Emsworth is fundamental to the identity and character of the settlement, giving a strong sense of place and contributing to the quality of life.
- To the west, open countryside mainly consisting of large open fields of arable farmland with few hedgerows, provides a clear separation from the larger urban area of Havant;
- In some areas strips of countryside bordering the road could be enhanced to better define the countryside, including areas around and east of Warblington roundabout
- The old Church Path provides a dramatic view of Warblington Castle

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	29.1
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	North Hayling/ LCAH: Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Open land around Stoke Common village
Date of land parcel survey:	23/9/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Misty/sun

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Langstone Harbour and Langstone Bridge	Walkers and cyclists	Very few due to characteristic openness of the
East Portsmouth	Road users	landscape
A3023	Boats	
Hayling Billy		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Langstone Harbour and Langstone Bridge	Very popular and well used	mitigation:
East Portsmouth		Tree screening would not be in keeping
Ports Down		Development would be exposed in this open flat
		landscape
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	Coastal edge in recreational use; largely natural in	
	appearance (if not actually so)	
Panoramic views:		
West over Langstone Harbour		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	High	High
Visual sensitivity score:		
High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	None	Local traffic on A3023
Flat		
0 – 4m AOD		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
Exposed tidal edge	character:	Long distant views to urban built form at
	none	Portsmouth
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Х	None	Local lighting
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Muddy coast	None	footpath:
Former oyster beds		Important walking and cycling route along Hayling
Wetland east of Hayling Billy		Billy

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Coastal wetland	N/A	national trails:
Former oyster beds		Hayling billy continues south along west side of
Pasture		Hayling Island
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Winding linear tree belt separating coastal wetland area	No	Informal access to coastal landscapes
from pasture in the east		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Hedgerow scrub along part of Hayling Billy	No	openness/enclosure:
		Very open and exposed landscape
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	HLC 8.8 Oyster beds	Diverse medium scale pattern
	HLC 8.1 Coastal wetland	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Coastal wetland east of Hayling Billy	Important oyster farming area	None
Salt marsh to the west		
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
N/A	Oyster beds	
	Hayling Billy (former railway line)	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
No	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
No		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland		
Saline lagoon		
Lowland meadow		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
SINC east of Hayling Billy		
LNR over oyster beds		
Coastal edge is in SSI and a Ramsar site		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Area east of Hayling Billy		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium/high	High
Landscape sensitivity score:	•	
High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:	
Dense modern housing within Stoke Common	
Character of the urban edge:	
Tree planting to urban edge	
Housing sometimes exposed	
Relationship with adjacent settlement:	
Forms coastal hinterland to Stoke Common	
Character of the wider landscape:	
Coastal edge continues to north and south	
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:	
Part of important coastal landscape along eastern edge of Langstone Harbour	
Contribution to the gap between settlements:	
None	
Historic links with the wider area if known:	
Part of historic oyster beds on Hayling Island	

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Contributes to important coastal habitats around Hayling Island

Recreational links with the wider area:

Part of Hayling Billy recreational route

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

Х

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	29.2
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	North Hayling/ LCAH: Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester AONB	Northern part only
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Open land around Stoke Common village
Date of site survey:	23/9/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Misty/sun

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the site from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Langstone Harbour and Langstone Bridge	Walkers	Tree lines and hedgerows inland which follow the
Langstone village	Boat users	local inland landscape pattern
A3023	Road users	
Stoke Common	Recreational users and tourists	
	Residents	
Views out of the site to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Langstone Harbour and Langstone Bridge	Very well used and popular	mitigation:
Langstone and Emsworth Village		Tree screening would be out of keeping in the
Central agricultural area		coastal area
-		Development would be exposed in this open flat
		landscape
Does the site form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Improved links to the coastline
	Mixed area of rural settlement and coastal activity broken	Enhance hedgelines around fields south of North
	up by areas of pasture	Common
Panoramic views:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
No		
Landmark features:		
Marina		
Hotel		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/high	Medium/high	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		1
Medium/high		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Garden fences and walls	Local rural traffic
Flat	Post and wire fencing	A3023
0-5m AOD		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Clutter associated with hotel
	Define outer edge of linear villages	Dilapidated buildings
	Indented settlement edge	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
X	Parkland character to open land at Northney	Local village lighting
	, , ,	North edge affected by lighting to A3023 and
		Langstone village
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to site by public footpath:
Coastal harbour	North Hayling centred on church	Footpath network in the north-east part of the
Inlets	, 5	area
		Access from parking area into open landscape
		south of the marina
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pasture	Small clumps of trees	national trails:
Salt marsh	Walls	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Arable Marina/hotel complex Villages of North common, Northney and north	Close relationship to open fields to the west and east	Link across harbour to former 'Wadeway' along public right of way to Langstone Village
Common		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Tree belts separate area from land parcels 29.3 Tree lines along A3023 and around pasture north-east of A3023 Back garden trees	Setting of listed buildings: Several listed buildings scattered through Northney and North Hayling set within more recent development	Recreational areas: Marina Hotel complex Recreation ground
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Rear garden hedges Hedgerow scrub south of marina Hedgerows along footpaths in west of area	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: N/A	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Coastal part east of bridge open Remaining area semi-enclosed by vegetation and built form
Woodland and copses: Groups of trees in area of pasture in Northney	Historic landscape (HLC): Small Regular Fields with Straight Boundaries (Parliamentary Type) (1.9); 20th Century Plantations (4.12); Salterns (8.3); Harbours and Marinas(8.5); Mudflats (8.7); Edwardian Residential (9.6.3); Pre-War Residential (9.6.4); 60's and 70's Residential (9.6.5); Late 20th Century Residential (9.6.7); Pre 1810 Village/Hamlet (9.7);	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Complex and very varied landscape of small scale grain
Wetland and meadow: Salterns in north-east Coastal marsh	Cultural associations: N/A	Open access areas: No
Common land: No	Features of cultural importance: Surviving authentic settlement pattern Spire of St Peter's Church	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Heathland:	Built form on site:	
No	Three villages	
	Linear settlement with short perpendicular roads leading	
	off	
	Marina	
	Hotel complex	
	Isolated buildings associated with pasture areas	
	Farmsteads	
	Petrol station	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
No		
BAP/Phase records:		
Lowland meadow		
Mudflats		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
SINC south of the marina		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Large part of the north of the area around the marina		
and hotel		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/high	High	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium/high		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Traditional historic linear village at Northney and North Hayling
Indented edge
Character of the urban edge:
Rural character
Some development exposed

Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Includes and encloses Northney and North Hayling
Character of the wider landscape:
Pattern of medium sized fields, increasingly larger to the south
Strong costal influence
Hedgerow and tree belt pattern
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Similar to LCA30 with a mix of settlement and smaller fields
Contrast to open landscape of LCA29.3 and 29.4
Coastal edge contributes to harbour character
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Contributes to separation of Northney and North Hayling from South Common
Historic links with the wider area if known:
Part of historic settlement pattern on Hayling Island
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
Contributes to coastal habitat value to Chichester Harbour
Recreational links with the wider area:
Marina and hotel are part of marine recreational facilities
VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:
Northney Tye VDS Design Considerations:
• The open characteristics of the settlement edges with views of agricultural land and the harbour environs.
• The key feature is the open character of land, hedgerows.
- Dependent interpretent of actual accounts of Departure Directory with active accesses will another actual his diversity.
 Potential impoverishment of natural resources. Planting hedgerows with native species will protect natural biodiversity
 Potential impoverishment of natural resources. Planting nedgerows with native species will protect natural biodiversity The importance of future farming practices to the rural character of the area

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	29.3
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	North Hayling/ LCAH: Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester AONB	Eastern coastal edge
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	N/A
Date of site survey:	23/9/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Misty/sun

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the site from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Chichester Harbour	Residents	Tree planting would not be in keeping with the
Eastern edge of Northney and North Hayling	Boat users	local character
	Road users	
Views out of the site to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Chichester Harbour	Well used adjoining areas with view over the land parcel	mitigation:
Eastern edge of Northney and North Hayling		Loss of open views and local character
Does the site form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Improved footpath links would be welcome
	Open swathe of productive land and coastal edge	Retain continuity of coastal landscapes
Panoramic views:		
Eastwards over Chichester Harbour from private land		
(not visited)		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/high	Medium	Medium/high
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium/high		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	None of significance	Good level of tranquillity
Flat		
3 – 0m AOD		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	No significant detractors
	Rear gardens to Northney and north Hayling define	
	western edge	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade 3A in west	None	Very low levels of lighting in village
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to site by public footpath:
Coast	North Hayling to the west	No accessible
Short narrow inlets along coast		
Ditches south east of north Hayling		
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable	Open landscape setting to North Hayling	national trails:
Coastal grassland		None
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Along northern boundary	Open landscape setting to listed building east of Northney	None
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Intermittent hedgerows and hedgerow trees mark	N/A	openness/enclosure:
eastern edge of arable fields		Very open
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	Medium Regular Fields	Very simple large scale landscape
	with Straight Boundaries (Parliamentary Type) (1.10)	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Coastal marsh on eastern side (Northney Marsh)	N/A	None
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	N/A	
Heathland:	Built form on site:	
None	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Coastal and floodplain grazing marsh		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Triangular SINC in south of the area		
Coastal edge is in SSI and a Ramsar site		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Most of area except central part east of Church Farm		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/high	Medium	Medium/high
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium/high		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Traditional linear settlement with indented edges to the west
Character f the urban edge:
Largely softened by vegetation but exposed in parts
Indented edge
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Forms the open landscape setting linking to the coast
Sharp contrast between settlement and landscape
Character of the wider landscape:
Coastal marshes around the coast to the north and south
Small scale pasture around villages to the north and south
Large scale open arable landscape to the west link south of North Hayling
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Part of continuity of coastal landscape
Contrast with small scale pasture
Separated form land parcel 29.4 by the village, and tree cover and small field of pasture on St Peter's Road
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
N/A
Historic links with the wider area if known:
Not known
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
Part of the coastal habitat matrix
Recreational links with the wider area:
None
VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

Northney Tye VDS Design Considerations:

- The open characteristics of the settlement edges with views of agricultural land and the harbour environs.
- The key feature is the open character of land, hedgerows.
- Potential impoverishment of natural resources. Planting hedgerows with native species will protect natural biodiversity
- The importance of future farming practices to the rural character of the area
- Although new development may only be relatively small, its impact on the ecological resource and its connectivity may break up the existing habitat mosaic

Land Parcel:	29.4
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	North Hayling/ LCAH: Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Open land east of Stoke Common
Date of land parcel survey:	23/9/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Misty/sun

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Local footpath network	Residents	Some opportunity for additional hedgerows and
North Hayling and Stoke Common	Walkers	tree belts
Road network between North Hayling and Tye	Few road users	
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
North Hayling and church spire	Quite well populated	mitigation:
Stoke Common		Care to avoid enclosing the landscape with the
Coast and North Common from north edge		loss of extensive views
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Build on footpath network
	Calm very open uneventful landscape	Enhance hedgerow network
		Improve settlement edge at Stoke Common
Panoramic views:		
Across open fields		
Landmark features:		
None		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium/high	Medium/high
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium/high		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Flat	Boundary features other than vegetation: Very open boundaries	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Quiet area
3-5m AOD		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character: Rear gardens of Stoke Common and North Hayley define edge with these villages	None
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade 3A in west	None	Adjacent village lighting
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Agricultural ditches	North Hayling to the east	footpath: Several footpath links
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable	Open landscape setting to North Hayling	national trails: No
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Between arable land and parkland like are to the north-	Open landscape setting to listed buildings west of St.	No
east and along north-west boundary	Peter's Road	
Small groups of trees along field boundaries		
Poplars along St Peter's Road		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Some hedgelines	Hayling Island Roman temple	openness/enclosure:
Mainly fragmented		Very open and exposed area

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Occasional tree		
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	Medium Regular Fields	Very simple large scale uniform landscape
	with Straight Boundaries (Parliamentary Type) (1.10)	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
None	N/A	N/A
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
None		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
None		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/Low	Medium	Medium/high
Landscape sensitivity score:	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Traditional linear settlement with indented settlement edge to east
Modern nucleated village to west
Scattered settlement to north
Character of the urban edge:
Well vegetated edge to North Hayling
Exposed edge to Stoke Common

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Forms open setting with a strong contrast with both settlements

Character of the wider landscape:

Smaller fields surrounding settlement

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Strong contrast with wider landscape character but part of the continuity of rural landscape which runs between settlements up to the coastal edge

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Important to maintaining the separate identity of Stoke Common and North Hayling

Historic links with the wider area if known:

Important site for Roman settlement in the area

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

No

Recreational links with the wider area:

Part of footpath network through the rural hinterland of north Hayling Island

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

Northney Tye VDS Design Considerations:

- The open characteristics of the settlement edges with views of agricultural land and the harbour environs.
- The key feature is the open character of land, hedgerows.
- Potential impoverishment of natural resources. Planting hedgerows with native species will protect natural biodiversity
- The importance of future farming practices to the rural character of the area

Land Parcel:	30.1
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA 30 Stoke and North-west Hayling/Enclosed lower Harbour Plain LCT
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Part of open land around Stoke Common, Stoke and Fleet
Date of site survey:	23/9/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Mist/sun

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the site from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Edge of three villages	Walkers and cyclists	Build on pattern of hedgerow and tree lines
Hayling Billy	Local residents and visitors	around fields
Langstone Harbour	Local road users	Improve urban edge of Stoke Common
East edge of Portsmouth	Boat users	
Road network		
Views out of the site to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Langstone Harbour and Portsmouth	Very well used routes	mitigation:
Views limited by hedgerows	Large numbers of visitors	Opportunities to enhance the landscape structure
		of the inland zone between settlements and the
		coastal edge
Does the site form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Improve links into the Hayling Billy from the
	Farmed coastal edge with narrow shore line	villages
Panoramic views:		
Eastwards from coastal edge		
Landmark features:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/high	Medium/high	Medium/low
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Rear garden fences	Traffic on A3023
Almost flat	Post and rail fencing	
0.5m AOD	Paddock fencing	
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Exposed urban edge at Stoke Common
	Exposure of settlement edge is defined by the variation in	
	the character of the rear gardens.	
	Softer edges to Fleet	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
x	None	Local lighting
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to site by public footpath:
Coast	No	Hayling Billy only
Some inlets		
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable	N/A	national trails:
Pasture		Hayling Billy continues north and south
Coastal grazing marsh along eastern edge		, , ,
Stoke Common		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belt along Daw Lane	Rural landscape setting to single listed building at Stoke west of A3023	None

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Many thick boundary hedges with hedgerow trees	N/A	openness/enclosure:
, , , , ,		Largely enclosed landscape with narrow open
		coastal edge
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Small copses	Small Rectilinear with Wavy Boundaries (1.16);	Complex and diverse landscape as a transition
	Orchards (3.1);	between the Langstone Harbour edge and
	20th Century Plantations (4.12);	settlements
	Disused Railway (13.5.2)	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Coastal wetland habitats	Former railway line along Hayling Billy	None
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
Stoke Common	Hayling Billy	
	WW2 pill boxes	
Heathland:	Built form on site:	
None	Pill boxes	
	Farmstead	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Former orchards now under arable/horticultural use		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Saline lagoons		
Deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Outer western coastal edge within SPA, SAC and		
Ramsar site		
Presence in a floodplain:		
North of Stoke and west of Stoke Common		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium/high	Medium	Medium/high

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

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Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Stoke Common: Linear village expanded through modern development
Stoke and Fleet: linear settlements with intermittent ribbon development, now largely suburban in character
Stoke Common blends into Stoke with high intervisibility between the settlements
Fleet appears more distinct
Character of the urban edge:
Well vegetated edge to Stoke Common
Short gardens with hedges to Stoke
Longer gardens with varied edge of hedges, some trees and open boundaries
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Eastern edge has a close relationship with the string of settlements and the open land forms part of the small gaps in the ribbon development
Stoke Common is separated by dense tree cover from the village
Coastal edge feels distinct from the village
Open farmland in the south separates coastal landscape from built form of the settlements
Character of the wider landscape:
Narrow continuous coastal landscape of along Langstone Harbour
Pattern of arable and pasture extends south towards Newtown
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Western coastal edge an important part of Langstone Harbour landscape
Strong landscape and visual relationship between land north and south of Daws Lane since orchards north of Daws Lane were removed and ploughed up
Field pattern around settlements are locally distinctive
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Land forms part of the open area between Stoke Common and Stoke and between Stoke and Fleet (land parcel 30.2 also plays a role)
Lack of continuity of open land between Stoke Common and Stoke due to high level of intervisibility and modern expansion
Historic links with the wider area if known:
A surviving area of Stoke Common (west if the village) reflects the former unenclosed coastal fringe
Hedgerows reinforce historic field patterns
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
Part of the SSSI, SAC and Ramsar of Langstone Harbour coastal margins
Recreational links with the wider area:
Hayling Billy continues to south and north
VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:
N/A

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Land Parcel:	30.2
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA 30 Stoke and North-west Hayling/Enclosed lower Harbour Plain LCT
Presence in Chichester AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Part of open undeveloped land east of Stoke and Fleet and south of Stoke Common
Date of land parcel survey:	23/9/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Sun/misty

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Fleet	Local walkers	Reinforce field boundaries and soften edge of
Verner Common area	Residents and visitors	settlements
Stoke Common and Stoke	Road users on A3023	Enhance tree cover in hedgerows and along
A3023		boundaries
Local footpaths south-east of Stoke Common		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Verner common	Well used road	mitigation:
Settlement edge of Stoke Common, Stoke and Fleet	Several residential properties	For most of area additional boundary vegetation
	Popular with visitors to the area and passing through	would be in keeping with the local character and
		enhance the existing settlement edge
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	
	Hinterland to settlements	

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium/high	Medium/low
Visual sensitivity score:		•
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
To some har and har dealers in the diam his hard and	Providence for the second sector in the	Tree willite Nation Levels
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Rear garden fences	Traffic on A3023
Flat landscape	Post and rail fencing	Commercial business noise south of Stoke
4-5m AOD	Paddock fencing	Common
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Commercial business south of Stoke Common
	Exposure of settlement edge is defined by the variation in	Caravans where exposed to sensitive viewpoints
	the character of the rear gardens.	such as the coast
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Х	None	Local village lighting
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Very small section of coast in the south opposite	None	footpath:
Verner Common		North-west of land parcel well served by
		footpaths. Footpath link to coast at Verner
		common
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pasture	N/A	national trails:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Linear settlement		None
Caravan park		None
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belts along boundaries south of Northwood Farm,	Several listed buildings scattered east of A3023 in Stoke	None
between Stoke and Stoke Common and south of Fleet	and Fleet	T tone
Individual trees around Northwood Farm and north of		
the caravan site		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Well defined hedgerows to landscape east of Stoke and	N/A	openness/enclosure:
the A3023		Enclosed landscape
Some lack of hedgerow trees		
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape
Small copse in field pattern south of Northwood	Small Regular Fields with Straight Boundaries	pattern:
Farm	(Parliamentary Type) (1.9);	Enclosed and diverse landscape
	Small Rectilinear with Wavy Boundaries (1.16);	Fragmented by settlement
	Edwardian Residential (9.6.3);	Small scale pattern
	Pre-War Residential (9.6.4);	
	Post-War Residential (9.6.5);	
	Late 20th Century Residential (9.6.7);	
	Pre 1810 Village/Hamlet (9.7);	
	Caravan Sites (9.11);	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
None	Not known	None
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Not known	
Heathland:	Built form on site:	
None	Small estate between Stoke Common and Stoke	
	Sman estate between stoke Common and stoke	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
	Linear development of older settlement at Stoke and	
	Northwood Farm	
	Linear settlement along Copse Lane	
	Caravan park	
	Car park	
	Commercial premises between Stoke and Stoke Common	
	Some individual buildings in the field pattern	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
No		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
No		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Extensive area between Stoke Common and Stoke		
TPOs:		
Not known		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium/high	Medium/low
Landscape sensitivity score:		·
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:	
toke Common: modern estate development	
toke and Fleet: linear settlements with intermittent ribbon development extending into land parcel	
leet well defined in the south by the junction of the A3023 south of the pub	
Open land between Stoke Common and Stoke eroded by small estate and commercial premises with high intervisibility between the settlements	
Character of the urban edge:	
xposed settlement edges particularly in the north of the land parcel	
mall gardens with little tree cover	
aried indented edge as built form extends into land parcel	
Relationship with adjacent settlement:	
Vestern part of the land parcel has a close inter-related relationship with Stoke and Fleet	
eparation of Stoke from Stoke Common eroded by housing and commercial development	
Character of the wider landscape:	
arge scale open landscape to the north	
ransition landscape between this large scale landscape and very small scale complex landscape pattern to the east (land parcel 30.3)	
Coastal landscape to the south	
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:	
Contrast with coastal landscape around Verner Common	
trong Contrast with open landscape to the north	
andscape links with character of land parcel 30.3 to the east	
Contribution to the gap between settlements:	
nportant contribution to separating Stoke and Fleet	
and between Stoke Common and Stoke eroded within the land parcel	
listoric links with the wider area if known:	
Continuity of historic field pattern with land parcel 30.1	
cological links with the wider area if known:	
None of significance	
Recreational links with the wider area:	
None of significance	

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts: N/A

Land Parcel:	30.3
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA 30 Stoke and North-west Hayling/Enclosed lower Harbour Plain LCT
Presence in Chichester AONB	Eastern coastal edge
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	No
Date of land parcel survey:	23/9/14
Surveyors:	ВК
Weather/visibility:	Misty/sun

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Chichester Harbour	Residents and visitors to private residences and to Garden	Reinforce and replace field boundaries with
Verner Common	Centre	hedgerow and hedgerow trees
Local road network	Walkers	Additional tree lines and small copses
Single footpath	Road users	
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
From private views to Chichester Harbour and Verner	Low number of walkers	mitigation:
Common	Several residents	Greater openness of land along coastal edge
Open centre of Hayling Island (land parcel 29.4) from	Locally popular rural roads	would be lost
short stretch of boundary		Potential to recreate small scale landscape where
		lost
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Better habitat connectivity through reinstatement
	Close knit community on the coastal fringe	of nay lost field boundaries
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium	Medium/low
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Post and rail fences	Tranquil area
Flat	Paddock fencing	
4 to 0m AOD	Garden fencing	
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
Coast	character:	Localised visual intrusion from caravans and larger
Intertidal shingle in south (continuing into LCA32)	Matrix of medium to large gardens are an important feature of this area	more commercial buildings associated with garden centre and Gutner Farm
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
x	None	Low levels of light pollution
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Coast	None	footpath:
		Poor – one path along coastal edge opposite Verner Island
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pasture	N/A	national trails:
Settlement with large gardens		None
Caravan land parcel		
Salt marsh		
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Strong tree belts in the south of the garden centre and	Small scale pasture around listed buildings around Tye	No
east of Gutner Farm	Farm area	
Tree lines along roads		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Surviving good hedgerow pattern in west Many boundaries lost in the east	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: No	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Enclosed inward looking area
Hedges around local property Woodland and copses: Several small copses along the coastal fringe except in the south-east of the land parcel Two prominent woods on Copse Lane	Historic landscape (HLC): Small Regular Fields with Straight Boundaries (Parliamentary Type) (1.9); Nurseries with Glass Houses (3.3) Salterns (8.3); Pre-War Residential (9.6.4); Post-War Residential (9.6.5); Late 20th Century Residential (9.6.7); Pre 1810 Village/Hamlet (9.7); Caravan land parcels (9.11); Small Farmsteads (9.13)	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Complex and varied pattern of small holdings, gardens, pasture in the main Larger scale simpler farmed landscape borders the coast
Wetland and meadow: Salt marsh along coastal edge Coastal grazing marsh	Cultural associations: Not known	Open access areas: No
Common land: None Heathland: None	Features of cultural importance: None Built form on land parcel: Several individual properties in short or small group Private slipways and landings east of Gutner Farm	
Other significant vegetation cover: No BAP/Phase I records: Coastal saltmarsh Grazing saltmarsh		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: Coastal habitats in SSSI, SPA, SAC and Ramsar site Presence in a floodplain: Northern area around Tye and along coast		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features			
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:			
Medium/high	Medium	Medium/high			
Landscape sensitivity score:	ricdum				
Medium					
Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape					
Adjacent settlement character and pattern:					
Isolated from settlements in Hayling Island					
Character of the urban edge:					
Open fields, tree lines and scattered settlement in land pa	arcel 30.2 separate the area from the lo	ocal settlements			
Relationship with adjacent settlement:					
Separated from settlements in Hayling Island					
Character of the wider landscape:					
Area to the north is a large scale simple agricultural lands	саре				
Harbour to east and south with coastal landscape					
Pattern of medium to small sized fields to the west	Pattern of medium to small sized fields to the west				
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:	Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:				
Contrast with landscape to the north					
	Coastal landscape sweeps through the edge of this land parcel				
Similarities with open countryside to the west					
Contribution to the gap between settlements:					
Not applicable					
	Historic links with the wider area if known:				
Field pattern continues into land parcel to the west					
Tradition of salt industry along this coast as elsewhere in Hayling Island					
Ecological links with the wider area if known:					
Coastal habitat links around Chichester Harbour					
Recreational links with the wider area:					
No					
VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:					
N/A					

Land Parcel:	31.1
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA31 Central Hayling Plain / LCT H Open lower harbour plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No (approx. 0.5km west of AONB boundary)
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	22.7.14
Surveyors:	AG / KB
Weather/visibility:	Sunny

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
PRoW towards western edge (Hayling Billy Coastal	Walkers; residents; cyclists; motorists; sailors	Some woodland pockets along PRoW (south) and
Path / Shipwright's Way / National Cycle Route 2		in pockets off of lane; few hedgerows
Houses in Newtown; Langstone Harbour; West Lane		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Expansive views across Langstone Harbour to	Large number of houses in south	mitigation:
Portsmouth, including Spinnaker Tower; Portsdown	Well used footpath; fairly busy road	Loss of openness particularly in north and
Hill; St Patrick's church on Manor Road		towards shoreline, loss of expansive views and
		important views across Langstone Harbour to
		Spinnaker Tower, loss of views to St Patrick's
		church

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Deep the land neurol form next of a sluding?	Visual powerstipps (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	
Yes	local visual receptors):	Hayling Billy Coastal Path is part of National Cycle
	Expectations of visual beauty in general area; national cycle	Route 2 and Shipwright's Way
	route; Hayling Billy path is a local attraction; part of wider	
	Shipwright's Way path	
Panoramic views:		
Yes		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Flat / low-lying; sits mostly between 0m and 5m contours	Boundary features other than vegetation: Mixed fencing to rear gardens, close board fence, post and rail, block walls	Tranquillity – Noise levels: West Lane is fairly busy, otherwise quiet especially along coastal edge
Geological features: None	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Little Thornicks Wood part of garden, some trees and hedges in gardens of Newtown houses to south of parcel	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Parts of urban edge

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Grade 2 and 3	None	Possible glow of Portsmouth, otherwise dark – no street lighting along West Lane
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Pond / inlet close to shore; ditches crossing fields	None	footpath: Hayling Billy Coastal Path which is also part of the Shipwright's Way and National Cycle Route no. 2
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable; private gardens; shoreline; woodland; grazing marsh	N/A	national trails: Links to Solent Way and Wayfarer's Walk regional footpaths to south; links to wider Shipwright's Way and National Cycle Route no. 2
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belt forms northern boundary; tree belt along parts of PRoW (south); few individual trees internally (in eastern fields)	N/A	None
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Hedgerow to eastern boundary along Manor Road;	None	openness/enclosure:
hedgerows generally lacking		Open and exposed along shore, some enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcel
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Small area of wet woodland towards shore; wooded gardens off of West Lane	Med – large reg fields with wavy boundaries (only area of this HLC within Borough), small farmsteads, disused railway	Simple, irregular pattern, medium to large scale
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Coastal grazing marsh	Hayling Billy	No

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Railway route	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	Houses off of West Lane	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Reeds		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland and Coastal Floodplain Grazing		
Marsh		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Langstone Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone		
Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar,		
Solent Maritime SAC all adjacent to the western edge;		
Hayling Billy Local Nature Reserve, SINC woodland		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Flood zone 3 along shoreline and small area in south of		
parcel		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:	1	
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Post-war housing at Newtown

Character of the urban edge:

Open in places in south of parcel

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Southern section almost surrounded by the settlement at Newtown, northern section isolated from main settlement

Character of the wider landscape:

Flat farmland to north, seascape to west

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Strong relationship between western edge and harbour; southern part is largely disconnected from the farmland to the north

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

North part of parcel forms an important part (with 31.2) of the open farmland between Newtown and the small / linear hamlets of Fleet and Stoke to the north

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Shoreline links with harbour

Recreational links with the wider area:

Footpaths link with regional footpaths and national cycle paths

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:

None known

Land Parcel:	31.2
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA31 Central Hayling Plain / LCT H Open lower harbour plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No (adjacent to eastern boundary)
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	22.7.14
Surveyors:	AG / KB
Weather/visibility:	Sunny

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Some glimpsed views from edge of AONB, though not	Walkers; residents; cyclists; motorists	Good structure of vegetation to build upon
visible from wider AONB. PRoW crossing parcel;		particularly in south and east of parcel
views from (Hayling Billy Coastal Path / Shipwright's		
Way / National Cycle Route 2) at western edge of 31.1;		
Houses, possibly including South Hayling Manor; West		
Lane and glimpses from A3023		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Portsmouth skyline (harbour not visible) including	Small number of houses in south; local footpath crossing	mitigation:
Spinnaker Tower; Portsdown Hill – from northern	parcel; busy road but A3023 not openly visible	Loss of openness in north and loss of long views
section		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	None known
	Expectations of visual beauty next to and within AONB;	
	national cycle route; Hayling Billy path is a local attraction;	
	part of wider Shipwright's Way path	
Panoramic views:		
No		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		1
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Flat / low-lying; sits mostly between 0m and 5m contours	Boundary features other than vegetation: Mixed fencing and walls to gardens, post and rail	Tranquillity – Noise levels: West Lane is fairly busy, A3023 is very busy
Geological features: None	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: South Hayling Manor is in a wooded setting	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Urban edge largely well hidden

Soil quality: Grade 2 and 3 Parkland features: None seen Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Street lighting along A3023, no street lighting along West Lane Water features: Pond in South Hayling Manor gardens; ditches crossing fields Conservation Area: None Accessibility to land parcel by public footpath: PROW crosses eastern part of parcel Landcover and land use: Arable; private gardens; possible orchard Landscape features of CA: N/A PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: None known Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Betts around South Hayling Manor and dividing south eastern fields; few individual trees Setting of listed buildings: South Hayling Manor and barn are Grade II Recreational areas: None Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedgerow to eastern boundary along A3023; hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcel Scheduled Ancient Monuments: None Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcel Woodland and copses: None Historic landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate houses Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in south None Open access areas: None No None Parkland features: None known Open access areas: No	Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Grade 2 and 3None seenStreet lighting along A3023, no street lighting along West LaneWater features: Pond in South Hayling Manor gardens; ditches crossing fieldsConservation Area: NoneAccessibility to land parcel by public footpath: PROW crosses eastern part of parcelLandcover and land use: Arable; private gardens; possible orchardLandscape features of CA: N/APROW links including promoted routes and national trails: None knownTree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Tree belts around South Hayling Manor and dividing south eastern fields; few individual treesSetting of listed buildings: South Hayling Manor and barn are Grade IIRecreational areas: NoneHedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcelScheduled Ancient Monuments: NoneAesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcelWoodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity - landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoNoneScheduler alsociations: None knownOpen access areas: No	Soil quality	Parkland features:	Tranquillity - Light pollution/dark skies:
Pond in South Hayling Manor gardens; ditches crossing fieldsNonefootpath: PROW crosses eastern part of parcelLandcover and land use: Arable; private gardens; possible orchardLandscape features of CA: 			Street lighting along A3023, no street lighting
fields PRoW crosses eastern part of parcel Landcover and land use: Arable; private gardens; possible orchard N/A PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: None known Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Setting of listed buildings: None known Tree belts around South Hayling Manor and dividing south eastern fields; few individual trees South Hayling Manor and barn are Grade II None Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Scheduled Ancient Monuments: Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcel Woodland and copses: Historic landscape (HLC): Aesthetic sensitivity - landscape pattern: None Mouses Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in south Wetland and meadow: Cultural associations: No None None known No	Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Arable; private gardens; possible orchardN/Anational trails: None knownTree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Tree belts around South Hayling Manor and dividing south eastern fields; few individual treesSetting of listed buildings: South Hayling Manor and barn are Grade IIRecreational areas: NoneHedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedgerow to eastern boundary along A3023; hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcelScheduled Ancient Monuments: NoneAesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcelWoodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity - landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoWooneFeatures of cultural importance:State of cultural importance:		None	•
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Tree belts around South Hayling Manor and dividing south eastern fields; few individual treesSetting of listed buildings: South Hayling Manor and barn are Grade IIRecreational areas: NoneHedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcelScheduled Ancient Monuments: NoneAesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcelWoodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity - landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoKoneFeatures of cultural importance:South regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in south	Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Tree belts around South Hayling Manor and dividing south eastern fields; few individual treesSetting of listed buildings: South Hayling Manor and barn are Grade IIRecreational areas: NoneHedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedgerows to eastern boundary along A3023; hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcelScheduled Ancient Monuments: NoneAesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcelWoodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity - landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoNoneFeatures of cultural importance:Open access areas: No	Arable; private gardens; possible orchard	N/A	national trails:
Tree belts around South Hayling Manor and dividing south eastern fields; few individual treesSouth Hayling Manor and barn are Grade IINoneHedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedgerow to eastern boundary along A3023; hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcelScheduled Ancient Monuments: NoneAesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcelWoodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity - landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoKoneFeatures of cultural importance:Open access areas: No			None known
south eastern fields; few individual treesScheduled Ancient Monuments: NoneAesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcelWoodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity - landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoKetland and in the south of the sout	Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Hedgerow to eastern boundary along A3023; hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcelScheduled Ancient Monuments: NoneAesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcelWoodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity - landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoKoneFeatures of cultural importance:Heatures of cultural importance:	Tree belts around South Hayling Manor and dividing	South Hayling Manor and barn are Grade II	None
Hedgerow to eastern boundary along A3023; hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcelNoneopenness/enclosure: Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcelWoodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoCommon land:Features of cultural importance:Open access areas: No	south eastern fields; few individual trees		
hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcel Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere, particularly in south of parcel Woodland and copses: Historic landscape (HLC): Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: None Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate houses Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in south Wetland and meadow: Cultural associations: Open access areas: None None known No Features of cultural importance: Importance:	Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Woodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity - landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoWoneFeatures of cultural importance:Importance:	Hedgerow to eastern boundary along A3023;	None	openness/enclosure:
Woodland and copses: NoneHistoric landscape (HLC): Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate housesAesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in southWetland and meadow: NoneCultural associations: None knownOpen access areas: NoWoneFeatures of cultural importance:Importance:	hedgerows largely lacking in northern part of parcel		Open in north east, enclosure elsewhere,
None Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate houses Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in south Wetland and meadow: Cultural associations: Open access areas: None None known No Features of cultural importance: Features of cultural importance: Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex and smaller scale in south			particularly in south of parcel
houses and smaller scale in south Wetland and meadow: Cultural associations: Open access areas: None None known No Common land: Features of cultural importance: Importance:	Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Wetland and meadow: Cultural associations: Open access areas: None None known No Common land: Features of cultural importance: Open access areas:	None	Med reg fields with straight boundaries, manor and estate	Simple, regular pattern in north, more complex
None None known No Common land: Features of cultural importance: Importance		houses	and smaller scale in south
Common land: Features of cultural importance:	Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
	None	None known	No
None None known	Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
	None	None known	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	Scattered housing including South Hayling Manor House,	
	farmstead at South Hayling Manor House, pillbox in north	
	west corner of parcel, pub off of A3023	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Orchard (north east of South Hayling Manor)		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
None		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Flood zone 2 and 3 in south of parcel		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium / High	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Post-war housing at Gable Head to south

Character of the urban edge:

Largely well vegetated

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Small boundary in south eastern section adjacent to the settlement edge, with the north east corner near to Fleet and scattered development along A3023 to eastern boundary

Character of the wider landscape:

Flat farmland to north and west; coastal edge to east

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

North part has a strong relationship with the farmland to the west and north; southern part not linked to wider landscape

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

North part of parcel forms an important part (with 31.1) of the open farmland between Newtown and the small / linear hamlets of Fleet and Stoke to the north

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

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None known

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal - relevant extracts:

None known

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Land Parcel:	31.3
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA31 Central Hayling Plain / LCT H Open lower harbour plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes (except small part in north west of parcel and holiday village in south)
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	22.7.14 and 15.9.14
Surveyors:	AG / KB and AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny; hazy

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Chichester Harbour AONB; PRoW along shoreline	Walkers; residents, cyclists; motorists, sailors, AONB	Southern part has some structure of vegetation to
north of parcel; houses, possibly including Old Fleet	visitors, holiday makers, golfers	build upon; very little in north
Manor; glimpses from A3023; caravan park; holiday		
village, boatyard, golf course		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Harbour, Thorney Island to east, LCA 30 to north,	Popular holiday destination, popular harbour, local PRoW,	mitigation:
south east Hayling, South Downs	few houses	Loss of openness and long views
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes from shore / sea	local visual receptors):	None known

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	High expectations of visual beauty within AONB; leisure	
	uses	
Panoramic views:		
Yes		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium / High
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Mixed fencing and walls to gardens, post and wire,	A3023 is very busy and affects western edge of
Flat / low-lying; sits below 5m contour	temporary electric stock fencing	parcel, noise from school intermittently affects
		south western part, Verner Common generally
		tranquil
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Large shed at boatyard, caravans, holiday village
	Limited	buildings
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Mixed, grades 2-5	None seen	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
		Street lighting along A3023, no street lighting
		along smaller lanes, possible lighting at boatyard,
		glow from holiday park
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Shoreline and inlets; tide mill at Mill Rythe; boating and	None	footpath:
fishing lakes in Mill Rythe Holiday Village		No
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pasture, holiday park and caravan park, boatyard,	N/A	national trails:
private gardens, horsiculture		None known
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belts to west and south, shoreline trees and scrub,	Old Fleet Manor and Granary Grade II in north	Sailing
few individual trees	one neer hand, and oranary orace in in north	Samily
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Few hedgerows	None	openness/enclosure:
		Open and exposed, more enclosed along east side
		of road
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
North of boatyard	Small reg fields with straight boundaries (Verner	Irregular with some complexity
	Common), small rectilinear fields with wavy boundaries	
	(Pound Marsh)	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Floodplain marsh and reedbed	Salt panning and oyster beds, tide mill	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	Scattered housing including Old Fleet Manor, houses off of	
	A3023, boatyard, holiday and caravan parks	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase records:		
Coastal floodplain grazing marsh (Pound Marsh),		
reedbed (Verner Common), deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Chichester Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone		
Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar,		
Solent Maritime SAC all adjacent to the eastern edge;		
SINC east of holiday village and south east of boatyard		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Much of parcel including Verner Common, shoreline		
and all of south part of parcel within flood zones 2 and		
3		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / Low	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape
Adjacent settlement character and pattern:	
ost-war housing at Gable Head to south west	
Character of the urban edge:	
argely well vegetated	
Relationship with adjacent settlement:	
outh western section only adjacent to the settlement edge, though scattered development within parcel	
Character of the wider landscape:	
eascape to east, flat farmland to west and north (smaller scale to north), golf course to south	
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:	
trong relationship with harbour; largely disconnected from the farmland to the north and west	
Contribution to the gap between settlements:	
orms part of the open land between Gable Head and the small / linear hamlets of Fleet and Stoke to the north	
listoric links with the wider area if known:	
None known	
cological links with the wider area if known:	
horeline links with harbour	
Recreational links with the wider area:	
lavant Borough Townscape, Landscape and Seascape Character Assessment strategy to provide pedestrian access to eastern shoreline	
/DS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:	
None known	

MAY 2015

Land Parcel:	31.4
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA31 Central Hayling Plain / LCT H Open lower harbour plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes (except small part in north west of parcel)
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	22.7.14 and 15.9.14
Surveyors:	AG / KB and AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny; hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Chichester Harbour AONB; glimpses from PRoW	Walkers; residents, sailors, AONB visitors, holiday makers,	Golf course has some structure of vegetation to
along western edge of parcel; houses, holiday village,	golfers	build upon; little in east
golf course		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Harbour, Thorney Island to east, south east Hayling,	Popular holiday destination, popular harbour, local PRoW,	mitigation:
South Downs	few houses, busy golf course	Loss of openness and long views
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	None known

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	High expectations of visual beauty adjacent to AONB;	
	leisure uses	
Panoramic views:		
Possible		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Mixed fencing and walls to gardens, post and wire, post	Largely quiet
Largely flat / low-lying; sits just above and below the 5m	and rail around golf course access drive, temporary electric	
contour	stock fencing	
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Large shed at golf course
	Limited	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Mixed, grades 2-3	None seen	Possible lighting of clubhouse

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Stream / ditches	None	footpath:
		No – ProW adjacent to western boundary
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Largely golf course with improved grassland in south	N/A	national trails:
eastern field		None known
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Few individual trees (possible remnant hedgerow trees)	None	Golfing
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Few hedgerows	None	openness/enclosure:
5		Open and exposed
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	Golf course and small rectilinear with wavy boundaries	Regular field pattern with irregular golf course
		layout
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
None	None known	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	Golf course clubhouse and maintenance sheds	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
BAP/Phase I records:		
None		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Chichester Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone		
Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar,		
Solent Maritime SAC all adjacent to the eastern edge;		
Presence in a floodplain:		
South eastern part of parcel within flood zones 2 and 3		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Low	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

 Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

 Post-war housing at Gable Head to south west and north west

 Character of the urban edge:

 Vegetated in parts

 Relationship with adjacent settlement:

 South western and north western corners only adjacent to the settlement edge

haracter of the wider landscape:
larsh to east and south east, wooded mosaic to south, holiday park and marsh to north
elationship with adjacent wider countryside:
hysically connected to marshland to east but different in character, though still open
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
lot a critical part of the gap between Gable Head and the small / linear hamlets of Fleet and Stoke to the north
listoric links with the wider area if known:
lone known
cological links with the wider area if known:
lone known
ecreational links with the wider area:
lone known
DS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:
lone known

Land Parcel:	31.5
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA31 Central Hayling Plain / LCT H Open lower harbour plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	22.7.14 and 15.9.14
Surveyors:	AG / KB and AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny; hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Chichester Harbour AONB, golf course, holiday village, Mengham Rythe Sailing Club, not widely visible from public viewpoints on the land	Sailors, AONB visitors, holiday makers, golfers	Limited structure of vegetation to build upon
Views out of the land parcel to: Harbour, Thorney Island to east, south east Hayling, South Downs	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Popular holiday destination, popular harbour	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of openness and long views across Chichester Harbour
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes from shore / sea	local visual receptors):	None known
	High expectations of visual beauty within AONB; leisure uses	
Panoramic views:		
Yes – across harbour		
Landmark features:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	High	High
Visual sensitivity score:		
High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Concrete post and chainlink fence to boundary with	Generally quiet
Flat / gently domed low-lying; sits below 5m contour	holiday village, golf course boundary not visible from public viewpoints	
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Holiday village buildings
	None	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Mostly poor, grade 4	None	Generally dark, glow from holiday park
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Shoreline, inlets, small ponds and streams	None	footpath:
·		No
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Coastal grazing marsh, improved grassland	N/A	national trails:
		None known
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belt towards north and near south boundary, shoreline scrub, few individual trees	None	Adjacent to sailing areas

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Few hedgerows	Adjacent to Tourner Bury Iron Age hillfort	openness/enclosure: Open and exposed
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	Medium to large regular fields with wavy boundaries (only area of this HLC within the Borough), salterns	Simple with overall coherence
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Floodplain marsh	Salt workings and oyster beds	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase records:		
Most of parcel is Coastal floodplain grazing marsh with some reedbed towards north		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: Much of parcel is within Chichester Harbour SSSI,		
Chichester and Langstone Harbours SPA, Chichester		
and Langstone Ramsar, Solent Maritime SAC		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Much of parcel is within flood zone 3		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / High	Medium

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Character of the urban edge:	
Largely well vegetated	
Relationship with adjacent settlem	ent:
Isolated from nearby settlements	
Character of the wider landscape:	
Seascape to east, wooded shore / inlet t	o south, holiday village to north, golf course to west
Relationship with adjacent wider co	ountryside:
Strong relationship with harbour; similar	r open character to adjacent golf course, separated from Pound Marsh and Verner Common to north by the Mill Rythe Holiday
Village, links with wood shoreline to sou	ıth
Contribution to the gap between so	ettlements:
Parcel does not sit between settlements	·
Historic links with the wider area if	f known:
None known	
Ecological links with the wider area	a if known:
Shoreline links with harbour	

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts: None known

Land Parcel:	31.6
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA31 Central Hayling Plain / LCT I Enclosed lower harbour plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	15.9.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Sunny; hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from: Chichester Harbour AONB; PRoW along shoreline to south of parcel at Selsmore, PRoWs west and north of Mengham House; Mengham Rythe Sailing Club, houses, including Mengham House; golf course	Types of viewers: Walkers, residents, sailors, AONB visitors, golfers	Opportunities for mitigation Western part has some vegetation structure to build upon; very little along shore in east
Views out of the land parcel to: Harbour, Thorney Island to east, South Downs	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Popular golf course, popular harbour, local PRoW, few houses, busy sailing club	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of openness and long views – east; mitigation planting would be in character of fields and woodland mosaic in west
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline? Yes from shore / sea	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): High expectations of visual beauty within AONB; leisure uses	Green Infrastructure links: None known
Panoramic views: Yes – from open shore		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential	
Landmark features:			
Tourner Bury Iron Age hillfort (not publicly accessible			
or visible)			
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	
High	High	Medium	
Visual sensitivity score:	·		
High			

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Flat / low-lying; mostly sits below 5m contour, north west corner rises just above the 5m contour	Boundary features other than vegetation: Mixed fencing and walls to gardens, post and wire, temporary electric stock fencing, chestnut pale fencing	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Largely quiet
Geological features: None	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Wooded gardens of Mengham House / Pond Head House continue the wooded character around the inlet	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Urban edge
Soil quality: Mixed, grades 2-4	Parkland features: None seen	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Street lighting along residential roads to south west
Water features: Shoreline, Mengham Rythe, formal pool in grounds of Mengham House, pond within woodland and at Tournerbury Farm, ditch in field	Conservation Area: None	Accessibility to land parcel by public footpath: Yes – along south western edge
Landcover and land use: Pasture, private gardens, horsiculture, plantation, woodland	Landscape features of CA: N/A	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: None known

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belts in south west of parcel	None	None
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Some hedgerows dividing fields west of woodland	Tourner Bury Iron Age hillfort (not publicly accessible or	openness/enclosure:
6 · · · · · · ·	visible)	Generally enclosed
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Tournerbury Wood and plantation	Prehistoric and Roman, 19 th and 20 th century plantations,	Irregular with some complexity
, ,	manor and estate houses	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Meadow west of woodland	Salt workings and oyster beds	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	Evidence of Roman presence at the hillfort which possibly	
	had military significance	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	A number of houses in large gardens, small stable buildings	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
BAP/Phase I records:		
deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Eastern part of parcel is within Chichester Harbour		
SSSI, Chichester and Langstone Harbours SPA,		
Chichester and Langstone Ramsar, Solent Maritime SAC		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Much of eastern part of parcel is within flood zones 2 and 3		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score: Medium / High	·	

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:	
960s and 70s, post war and late 20 th century housing at Gable Head to south west	
vous and vos, post war and late 20° century housing at Gable ricad to south west	
Character of the urban edge:	
argely well vegetated, some open sections in south	
Relationship with adjacent settlement:	
Contained by settlement (or allocated site) to west and south	
Character of the wider landscape:	
Open shoreline and harbour to north east, golf course to north, Mengham Rythe to south east	
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:	
strong relationship with Mengham Rythe and open shoreline; some relationship with golf course	
throng relationship with riengham tythe and open shoreline, some relationship with gon course	
Contribution to the gap between settlements:	
Parcel sits to the side rather than between settlements	
Historic links with the wider area if known:	
None known	
Ecological links with the wider area if known:	
horeline links with harbour	

Recreational links with the wider area: None known

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts: None known

Land Parcel:	34.1	
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain / LCTs Coastal plain open and Open coastal shore	
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	E: LCA34 Sinah Common and The Kench/ LCT I Enclosed lower harbour plain, LCT J Harbo	
	Basin, LCT O Lowland open coastal plain	
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No	
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes	
Date of land parcel survey:	22.7.14	
Surveyors:	AG / KB	
Weather/visibility:	Sunny	

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from: Sinah Warren holiday village is within the parcel, PRoW (eastern fields) and Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk along Ferry Point Road, Langstone Harbour, Ferry Point Road Kench, golf course, much of parcel enclosed	Types of viewers: Walkers; residents; motorists; sailors, holiday makers, golfers	Opportunities for mitigation Good vegetation structure to build upon
Views out of the land parcel to: Views across Langstone Harbour to Portsdown Hill from open north shore, views to Portsmouth including Spinnaker Tower (from open western shore), much of parcel enclosed	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Few houses, local footpath route; fairly busy road, busy holiday village, busy harbour	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of openness and views from open shores, but additional planting would largely be in keeping with character
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline? Yes – in parts from shore and water	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors):	Green Infrastructure links: Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	Expectations of visual beauty in general area; local tourist footpath route, popular holiday destination, leisure activities	
Panoramic views: Yes from open shores but largely enclosed		
Landmark features: None		
Sensitivity score: Medium	Sensitivity score: Medium	Sensitivity score: Medium / Low
Visual sensitivity score: Medium		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Flat / low-lying; sits mostly between 0m and 5m contours	Boundary features other than vegetation: Chainlink fence, temporary fencing in horse fields, range of boundary features in holiday village	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Ferry Point Road is seasonally busy, otherwise quiet especially along coastal edge, holiday village is reasonably quiet
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character: Some trees in gardens to eastern boundary, Sinah Warren holiday village is in a wooded setting which provides screening and a wooded character to the shoreline	None
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Non-agricultural or urban soils	None	Possible glow of Portsmouth, otherwise dark – no street lighting along Ferry Point Road

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Shoreline to north, Kench to west	None	footpath:
		Along eastern edge
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Much of parcel is within the holiday village, horsiculture,	N/A	national trails:
grazing marsh, woodland		Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belts to eastern boundary and along Ferry Point	N/A	None
Road		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Hedgerows dividing eastern fields	Adjacent to Sinah Common anti-aircraft gun site	openness/enclosure:
		Mostly enclosed, open at shores
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Woodland to southern part of holiday village	Small regular fields with straight boundaries, salterns, caravan sites	Simple, regular pattern, small scale; holiday village more complex
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Coastal grazing marsh		No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	Holiday village, stable in eastern fields	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
BAP/Phase I records:		
Deciduous woodland and Coastal Floodplain Grazing Marsh		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: Langstone Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar, Solent Maritime SAC all adjacent to the north western edge; Kench Local Nature Reserve, SINC in west of parcel and north east of holiday village, Sinah Common SSSI to south		
Presence in a floodplain: Most of parcel within flood zone 3 part of parcel within flood zone 2		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / Low	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:	•	· · · · · ·
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

60s and 70s and post-war housing to east, holiday village within parcel is medium density built form in parkland setting

Character of the urban edge:

Largely well wooded

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Eastern edge only adjacent to the settlement

Character of the wider landscape:

Open golf course to south west, wooded setting of world war 2 defence structures to south, harbour to north, Kench to west

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Strong relationship between northern edge and harbour and western edge and Kench; wooded holiday village links with wooded area south of road

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Parcel is not between settlements

Historic links with the wider area if known:

World war 2 defence area

Ecological links with the wider area if known: Shoreline links with harbour

Recreational links with the wider area:

Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal - relevant extracts: None known

Land Parcel:	34.2
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain / LCTs Coastal plain open and Open coastal shore
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA34 Sinah Common and The Kench/ LCT I Enclosed lower harbour plain, LCT J Harbour
	Basin, LCT O Lowland open coastal plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	22.7.14
Surveyors:	AG / KB
Weather/visibility:	Sunny

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from: Solent, Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk along Ferry Point Road, Langstone Harbour, Ferry Point Road, houses Kench, golf course (within parcel), ferry, open access to shore / beach	Types of viewers: Walkers; residents; motorists; sailors, holiday makers, golfers, beach users, ferry passengers	Opportunities for mitigation Very little existing vegetation
Views out of the land parcel to: Views across Langstone Harbour to Portsdown Hill and Portsmouth including Spinnaker Tower, across Solent to Isle of Wight	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Few houses to north Local footpath route; fairly busy road, busy holiday village, busy harbour, seasonally busy beach	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of openness and views
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline? Yes – in parts from shore and water	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Expectations of visual beauty in general area; local tourist footpath route, popular holiday destination, leisure activities	Green Infrastructure links: Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Panoramic views:		
Yes		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / High	High
Visual sensitivity score:		
High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Low-lying with localised mounding on golf course and in sand dunes; sits mostly between 0m and 5m contours	Boundary features other than vegetation: Chainlink fence to western shore and near Kench, barbed wire, security fence to golf course	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Ferry Point Road, car parks and beaches are seasonally busy, otherwise quiet away from road and Ferry Point
Geological features: Sand dunes	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: None	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Poor quality buildings, signage, fencing, bollards around pub and in car parks at and near Ferry Point, large maintenance buildings on northern edge of golf course
Soil quality: Non-agricultural soils	Parkland features: None	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Possible glow of Portsmouth, otherwise dark – no street lighting along Ferry Point Road
Water features: Shoreline, harbour mouth, Kench to north, lake	Conservation Area: None	Accessibility to land parcel by public footpath: Open access to shore
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA: N/A	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Golf course, beach, parking, buildings at Ferry Point, world war 2 defence structures, lake		Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Some trees along Ferry Point Road and on golf course and around lake, scrubby trees in south west corner	Setting of listed buildings: N/A	Recreational areas: Beach, angling lake and golf course
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Some gappy hedgerows in north east of parcel	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: Sinah Common anti-aircraft gun site	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Mostly open and exposed, though sand dunes give localised enclosure, more enclosed in north east corner
Woodland and copses: Woodland in north east	Historic landscape (HLC): Fish pond and hatchery complexes and natural ponds and lakes, Golf course	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Simple, irregular pattern, large scale
Wetland and meadow: Yes in north east	Cultural associations: Defence and military	Open access areas: Shoreline
Common land: None	Features of cultural importance: Pill boxes and other world war 2 defence features	
Heathland: Yes – on golf course	Built form on land parcel: Club house, golf course maintenance buildings, pub and buildings at Ferry Point	
Other significant vegetation cover: Sand dunes vegetation		
BAP/Phase I records:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Deciduous woodland, Lowland dry acid grassland,		
Lowland heath, Coastal sand dunes and Coastal vegetated shingle		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Langstone Harbour SSSI, Chichester and Langstone		
Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone Ramsar,		
Solent Maritime SAC all adjacent to the north western		
and western edge; Kench Local Nature Reserve to the		
north, small SINC in north east of parcel, Sinah Common SSSI		
Presence in a floodplain:		
South of Kench and parts of golf course in flood zone 3,		
east part of golf course within flood zone 2		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / High	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

60s and 70s and post-war housing to north east, holiday village to north is medium density built form in parkland setting

Character of the urban edge:

Largely well wooded

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

North eastern corner only adjacent to the settlement – otherwise isolated

Character of the wider landscape:

Solent to south, harbour mouth to west, wooded setting of holiday village to north, harbour and Kench to north

lationship with adjacent wider countryside:
ong relationship with sea and harbour, wooded north east area links with holiday village
ntribution to the gap between settlements:
rcel is not between settlements
storic links with the wider area if known:
orld war 2 defence area
ological links with the wider area if known:
oreline links with harbour
creational links with the wider area:
ngstone Harbour Waterside Walk
OS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:
ne known

Land Parcel:	35.1
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain (LCT Coastal plain open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA35 West Town Hayling Island / LCTH Open lower harbour plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No (approximately 300m to north east)
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	14.10.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Overcast

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from: PRoW, houses, caravan site, churchyard	Types of viewers: Walkers, residents, holiday makers, church visitors	Opportunities for mitigation Some existing vegetation
Views out of the land parcel to: Glimpses of South Downs, Spinnaker Tower and Portsdown Hill, church spires (St Marys to east and St Patricks to west)	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Lots of houses, several PRoWs	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of long views
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Expectations of visual beauty in general area; popular holiday destination, local PRoW	Green Infrastructure links: None known
Panoramic views: No		
Landmark features: None		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:	· · ·	
Medium		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Flat - between 5m and 10m contours	Boundary features other than vegetation: Post and wire, various fences and modern walls to rear gardens	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Background traffic hum otherwise fairly quiet
Geological features: None	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Some trees in adjacent gardens, substantial trees in churchyard of St Mary's	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Caravans, large buildings to east, overhead wires
Soil quality: Urban and Grade 2	Parkland features: None	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Street lighting on A3023, holiday park
Water features: Ditches, small pond / stream in south	Conservation Area: None	Accessibility to land parcel by public footpath: Yes
Landcover and land use: Caravan and camping parks, arable	Landscape features of CA: N/A	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: None known
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Tree belts in south west and north	Setting of listed buildings: Church of St Mary's Grade II* on eastern edge, Flint Cottage Grade II on western edge	Recreational areas: Holiday park facilities; field being used for informal children's play
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: Some hedgerows internally and notably in south west	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: None	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
		Semi-enclosed, more enclosed in north
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Small woodland in north	Assarted pre-1810 woodland, small rectilinear with wavy boundaries	Simple, irregular pattern, medium to small scale
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	None known	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	Static caravans and permanent buildings in holiday park	
Other significant vegetation cover: None		
BAP/Phase I records: Deciduous woodland in north		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: No		
Presence in a floodplain: Flood zone in north of parcel		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium	Medium	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score: Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

djacent settlement character and pattern:
buth Hayling – mix of modern and older housing with some institutional and business uses
haracter of the urban edge:
lixed – raw in places including south eastern edge of parcel
elationship with adjacent settlement:
lmost entirely surrounded by settlement – less enclosed to north west
haracter of the wider landscape:
entral Hayling Plain to north
elationship with adjacent wider countryside:
ut off from wider landscape to north by development and road
ontribution to the gap between settlements:
arcel is central to South Hayling separating the linear development along the two main roads
listoric links with the wider area if known:
one known
cological links with the wider area if known:
one known
ecreational links with the wider area:
one known
DS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:
one known

Land Parcel:	35.2
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain / LCTs Coastal plain open and Open coastal shore
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA35 West Town, Hayling Island / LCTO Lowland open coastal plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	14.10.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Overcast

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from: Shipwright's Way regional PRoW, houses, Solent, golf	Types of viewers: Walkers; residents; motorists; sailors, holiday makers,	Opportunities for mitigation Some existing vegetation mostly in north west
course and clubhouse, pitch and putt course, Sea Front Road, Beachlands fun fair, skate park, café, pub (latter 3 within parcel)	golfers, beach users, café / pub / fun fair visitors	section
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Portsmouth, Spinnaker Tower, across Solent to Isle of	Regional footpath, several houses / flats, fairly busy road,	mitigation:
Wight	busy beach and fun fair, busy Solent	Loss of openness and views
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes – from shore and water	local visual receptors):	Shipwright's Way regional PRoW, part of shoreline recreation and SSSI / SINC

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	Expectations of visual beauty in general area, popular	
	holiday destination, leisure activities	
Panoramic views:		
Yes – across water to Isle of Wight		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	High	Medium / High
Visual sensitivity score:		
High		

LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Post and wire, post and rail, timber bollards common along	Sea Front Road, car parks, Beachlands Fun Fair
Low-lying; sits mostly between 0m and 5m contours,	beach parking	and beaches are seasonally busy, otherwise quiet
sloping down to the water		particularly towards western end
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	Poor quality buildings, signage, fencing, bollards
	Some trees in properties north side of Sea Front Road	around car parks
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Urban soils	None	Possible glow of Portsmouth, street lighting along
		Sea Front Road, golf clubhouse

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Shoreline	Coastguard Cottages CA - adjacent to north boundary	footpath:
	Coastguard Cottages Cr - adjacent to north boundary	Shipwright's Way and open access to shore
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pitch and putt course and kiosk, beach, parking, café /	Wooded grounds of Gorseway House, and backdrop to	national trails:
toilet block / pub, heathland and grassland	Seaview Terrace which fronts on to the parcel	Shipwright's Way, Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Some individual trees along Sea Front Road, scrubby	Grade II Norfolk Crescent, Shades Public House and Royal	Beach, fishing, skate park, pitch and putt course,
trees in centre (away from shoreline)	Hotel – important group of seafront buildings	walking, horse riding, sailing
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
None	Sinah Common anti-aircraft gun site a few metres from	openness/enclosure:
	north western boundary	Mostly open and exposed, though areas of scrub
		give localised enclosure, more enclosed in north
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	Open ground, Shingle and Dunes	Simple, irregular pattern, large scale
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
None	Defence and military	Shoreline
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
Yes – in centre (away from shoreline)	Pitch and putt kiosk, café, toilets, pub, beach huts	

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Coastal vegetated shingle, scrub		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Lowland dry acid grassland, Lowland heath, Coastal		
vegetated shingle		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Whole of parcel within Sinah Common SSSI, Solent		
Maritime SAC adjacent to the southern edge; SINC		
adjacent to eastern edge		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Shoreline and parts of north west section within		
floodplain		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / High	Medium
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Late Victorian / early 20th century detached villas of West Town, with more modern housing beyond to the north

Character of the urban edge:

Well wooded in places - some prominent seafront buildings particularly in east

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Northern edge adjacent to the settlement - the parcel forms a transition between the settlement and the sea

Character of the wider landscape:

Solent to south, shoreline continues to the east and west

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Strong relationship with sea and rest of shore

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Parcel is not between settlements

Historic links with the wider area if known:

World war 2 defence area

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Shoreline links with harbour

Recreational links with the wider area:

Shipwright's Way, Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:

None known

Land Parcel:	36i. l
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain / LCT Settlement
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA36i Eaststoke / LCTN Lowland coastal settlement
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	14.10.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Overcast

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Chichester Harbour AONB; PRoW along shoreline,	Walkers, residents, sailors, AONB visitors, holiday makers	Some vegetation structure to build upon; very
Mengham Rythe Sailing Club, houses, holiday village,		little along shore
Sparkes Marina and restaurant, some of parcel less		
visible due to screening vegetation (i.e southern section		
away from open shoreline)		
Views out of the land parcel to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Harbour, Thorney Island to east, South Downs	Popular holiday resort, popular harbour, local PRoW, few	mitigation:
	houses, busy sailing club / marina	Loss of openness and long views along open
		shore; mitigation planting would be in character of
		fields and woodland mosaic in parts

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General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
Yes from shore / sea	local visual receptors):	None known
	High expectations of visual beauty within AONB; leisure	
	uses	
Panoramic views:		
Yes – from open shore		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Post and wire, post and rail, sea defences	Largely quiet
Flat / low-lying; sits below 5m contour		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None	character:	None
	Some trees in gardens opening onto shore contribute to	
	wooded shoreline	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Urban	None seen	Dark

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to land parcel by public
Shoreline, Mengham Rythe, pond in north	None	footpath:
onorenne, riengnam ryare, pone in noren		Yes – along shore
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Pasture, private gardens, holiday village grounds,	N/A	national trails:
woodland		None known
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belts in south section of parcel, individual trees	None	Sailing
mostly away from shoreline in north		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Some gappy hedgerows along Marine Walk	None	openness/enclosure:
		Open along shore, enclosed away from shore in places
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Small woodland in north	Boatyard, small farmstead, open ground	Irregular with some complexity
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Much of parcel is grazing marsh	Salt workings and oyster beds	None
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	House, sailing club, WW2 pillbox	
Other significant vegetation cover:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Coastal and Floodplain Grazing Marsh		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
North part of parcel is a designated SINC, parcel is		
adjacent to Chichester Harbour SSSI, Chichester and		
Langstone Harbours SPA, Chichester and Langstone		
Ramsar, Solent Maritime SAC		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Whole of parcel is within flood zone		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / Low	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:	·	•
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Early 20th century housing at Sea View, Selsmore, 20th century holiday village

Character of the urban edge:

Largely well vegetated

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Contained by settlement to west

Character of the wider landscape:

Harbour to east, Mengham Rythe to north, Eaststoke inlet to south

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Strong relationship with Mengham Rythe and Eaststoke inlet and with harbour; links with wider countryside to north across Mengham Rythe (though more enclosed)

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Parcel sits to the side rather than between settlements

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Shoreline links with harbour

Recreational links with the wider area:

None known

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal - relevant extracts:

None known

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	36i.2
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain / LCTs Coastal plain open and Open coastal shore
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA36i Eaststoke / LCTO Lowland open coastal plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	14.10.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Overcast

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Shipwright's Way regional PRoW to west, houses, Solent, Sea Front Road, Beachlands fun fair, Hayling Seaside Railway	Walkers; residents; motorists; sailors, holiday makers, beach users, amusement park visitors	Limited existing vegetation
Views out of the land parcel to: Portsmouth, Spinnaker Tower, across Solent to Isle of Wight	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Regional footpath, many houses / flats, fairly busy road, busy beach and amusement park, busy Solent	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of open character and views
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline? Yes – from shore and water	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Expectations of visual beauty in general area, popular holiday destination, leisure activities	Green Infrastructure links: Shipwright's Way regional PRoW, part of shoreline recreation and SSSI / SINC
Panoramic views: Yes – across water to Isle of Wight		
Landmark features:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	High	Medium / High
Visual sensitivity score:		
High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Low-lying; sits mostly between 0m and 5m contours Geological features: None	Boundary features other than vegetation:Sea defences, timber bollards common along beachparking, iron railings at east end, post and wire to fence offrailwayContribution of private gardens to landscapecharacter:Some trees in properties north side of Sea Front Road	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Sea Front Road, car parks, amusement park and beaches are seasonally busy Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Poor quality buildings, signage, fencing, bollards around car parks
Soil quality: Urban soils Water features:	Parkland features: None Conservation Area:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Possible glow of Portsmouth, street lighting along Sea Front Road Accessibility to land parcel by public
Shoreline	None	footpath: Open access to shore
Landcover and land use: Beach, parking, toilet block, grassland, promenade, play areas	Landscape features of CA: N/A	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: Shipwright's Way, Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk to west
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Some individual trees along Sea Front Road	Setting of listed buildings: None	Recreational areas: Beach, fishing, play area, tourist railway, walking, sailing

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
None	None	openness/enclosure:
		Mostly open and exposed
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
None	Open ground, Shingle and Dunes	Simple, irregular pattern, large scale
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
None	Defence and military	Shoreline
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
None	Cadets building, Coast Watch building, toilets, beach huts	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Coastal vegetated shingle, scrub		
BAP/Phase records:		
Lowland dry acid grassland, Coastal vegetated shingle		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Western section of parcel within Sinah Common SSSI,		
Solent Maritime SAC adjacent to the southern edge;		
central and eastern parts of parcel are a designated SINC		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Shoreline and eastern section within floodplain		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / Low	Medium / Low

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Sea View - detached 2-storey houses set back from Sea Front Road
Character of the urban edge:
Prominent seafront buildings
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Northern and eastern edges adjacent to the settlement – the parcel forms a transition between the settlement and the sea
Character of the wider landscape:
Solent to south, shoreline continues to the west
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Strong relationship with sea and rest of shore to west
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Parcel is not between settlements
Historic links with the wider area if known:
None known
Ecological links with the wider area if known:
Shoreline links with harbour
Recreational links with the wider area:
Shipwright's Way, Langstone Harbour Waterside Walk
VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts:
None known

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	37.1
County landscape character area (HCC):	Hayling Island Coastal Plain / LCT Coastal plain open and Open coastal shore
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA37 Black, Sandy and Eaststoke Points / LCTO Lowland open coastal plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	Yes
Undeveloped Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of land parcel survey:	14.10.14
Surveyors:	AG / IDT
Weather/visibility:	Overcast

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the land parcel from: Chichester Harbour AONB; PRoWs through parcel, Sparkes Marina and restaurant, Hayling Island Sailing Club (which is within northern part of parcel), central part of parcel less visible due to screening vegetation, Sandy Point Nature Reserve (which makes up southern part of parcel), lifeboat station (in centre of parcel); not widely visible from within settlement	Types of viewers: Walkers, residents, sailors, AONB visitors, beach users	Opportunities for mitigation Some vegetation structure to build upon; very little along shore and in north
Views out of the land parcel to: Harbour, East Head / Witterings to east, South Downs, Thorney Island to north east	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Popular informal recreation area (walking, fishing, bird watching), popular harbour, local PRoWs, several houses, busy sailing club / marina	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of openness and long views along open shore; mitigation planting would be in character with woodland mosaic in centre
Does the land parcel form part of a skyline? Yes from shore / sea	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors):	Green Infrastructure links: Links to shoreline walks to south

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General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	High expectations of visual beauty within AONB; leisure	
	uses	
Panoramic views:		
Yes		
Landmark features:		
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	High	Medium / High
Visual sensitivity score:		
High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Some undulation and flood prevention landform, low-lying; sits below 5m contour	Boundary features other than vegetation: Post and wire, post and rail, sea defences	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Largely quiet
Geological features: None	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Some vegetation in gardens facing southern section	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Some detraction from urban edge
Soil quality: Urban	Parkland features: None seen	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Dark – glow of South Hayling
Water features: Shoreline, Mengham Rythe, inlet west of Black Point, stream / ditch and pond in southern section	Conservation Area: None	Accessibility to land parcel by public footpath: Through north part of nature reserve and up to Black Point; open access along shore but main nature reserve closed to public access

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Nature Reserve with scrub, woodland and heath, sailing club, beach, lifeboat station	N/A	national trails: Wider shore walks
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Some individual trees in centre of parcel mostly away from shoreline	None	Sailing
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Some gappy hedgerows along Seafarer's Walk (road)	None	openness/enclosure:
		Open along shore, enclosed away in wooded centre of parcel
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Small woodland in centre	Unenclosed heath and scrub, Shingle and dunes, Boatyard	Irregular with some complexity
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
None	None known	Shoreline
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None known	
Heathland:	Built form on land parcel:	
Yes – in southern part	Lifeboat station, sailing club	
Other significant vegetation cover: None		
PAD/Dhase Lucesula		
BAP/Phase I records: Coastal sand dune, Lowland heathland, Low dry acid grassland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Central part of parcel is a designated SINC, southern part is within the Chichester Harbour SSSI, and Chichester and Langstone Ramsar, adjacent to Solent Maritime SAC		
Presence in a floodplain: Most of parcel is within flood zone		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / Low	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:
Early 20 th century housing at Sandy Beach Estate to the west
Character of the urban edge:
Open in parts
Relationship with adjacent settlement:
Southern part contained by settlement to west and north; northern part isolated from settlement
Character of the wider landscape:
Harbour to east and south
Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:
Strong relationship with harbour
Contribution to the gap between settlements:
Parcel does not sit between settlements

Historic links with the wider area if known: None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known: Shoreline links with harbour

Recreational links with the wider area:

None known

VDS/Parish Plan/Conservation Area Appraisal – relevant extracts: None known

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	41.1
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA41 South Moor and Broadmarsh Coastal Park / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB:	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2):	Yes
Date of area survey:	25.7.14
Surveyors:	AG/KB
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Glimpses from A27, A2030, Portsdown Hill Road, Fort	Residents, motorists, rail passengers, Fort visitors, walkers	Some existing structure to build upon
Purbrook, houses, railway, Wayfarer's Walk,		
Views out of the area to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Portsmouth, Portsdown Hill, Purbrook Fort, Langstone	Busy fast A27. A2030 and Portsdown Hill Road locally	mitigation:
Harbour	busy. Houses on Auriol Drive and Westways. Wayfarer's	Loss of openness and views to sea
	Walk regional PROW, Fort Purbrook is a busy visitor	
	destination and activity centre	
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	Railway and road corridors

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	Wayfarer's Walk and Fort Purbrook – expectation of elevated, attractive views. Buffer between urban edge and sea (although bisected by road and rail).	
Panoramic views:		
Limited		
Landmark features:		
None visible		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		•
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Temporary internal fencing for car boot sales, post and	Traffic noise from A2030, A 27 and railway
Largely flat and low-lying. Slopes gently southwards	wire	
approx. 8m-3m AOD.		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None visible	character:	Roads, railway
	Some hedges and individual trees on Westways	
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Grade I	None	Roads, railways, street lights
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Stream/small channel south of railway	No	No
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Arable, rough pasture south of railway.	No	national trails:
		No
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Tree belt east of entrance track and towards western	No	No
edge. Tree belt to eastern highways boundary. Small		
row of trees east-west to east of parcel. Tree belt in south west of parcel.		
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Low gappy hedge to northern boundary. Some internal	No	openness/enclosure:
hedges.		Open
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Small woodlands east and west ends of parcel south of	Medium regular with straight boundaries (Parliamentary	Simple, large scale.
railway	type)	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Probable floodplain and coastal grazing marsh/ reed	None	No
beds/ Lowland meadow south of railway		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Common log t	Frankriger of an I frankriger of an I frankriger	
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	None	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
No	Farm buildings at Forty Acre Farm - the small farmstead of	
	Forty Acres Farm, (one of the few remaining farmsteads	
	within Havant)	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase records:		
Probable floodplain and coastal grazing marsh/ reed		
beds/ lowland meadow south of railway. Small area of		
deciduous woodland along railway line.		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Western end of parcel south of railway is Local nature		
reserve, Ramsar area, SSSI. Rest of area is SSSI Impact		
risk zone. Remainder of parcel south of railway is SINC		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Southern half of area is Zone 2/3 floodplain		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium	Medium / Low
Landscape sensitivity score:	1	1
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Early/mid 20C grid pattern of Farlington to north and west. Separated from Bedhampton to east by A3 intersection

Character of the urban edge:

1930s housing facing into parcel from elevated position. Westways back on to parcel with mix of garden boundary treatments, but generally open edges. Wooded A3 corridor separates parcel from Bedhampton

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

North western field links well with housing to west

Character of the wider landscape:

Low-lying marshland / grazing meadow / intertidal mud flats

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

South west corner links into Farlington Marshes albeit separated by A27.

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Important open land between Farlington and Bedhampton which is evident in elevated views from the high ground to the north and when travelling east / west between the settlements. The open gap north of Havant Road (in LCA 12) is very narrow, making the open land of 14.1 more critical in maintaining the settlement separation.

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Area south of railway connects with wider coastal areas of ecological value and to A3 and railway corridors

Recreational links with the wider area:

None noticeable

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

None found

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	41.2
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA41 South Moor and Broadmarsh Coastal Park / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes
Date of area survey:	25.7.14
Surveyors:	AG/KB
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/hazy

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: Car parks, PROW, the foreshore and sea, roads, gravel works, slipway (within parcel)	Types of viewers: Walkers, sailors, fishermen, local workers, motorists	Opportunities for mitigation Build on existing structure
Views out of the area to: Portsmouth, Hayling Island, Isle of Wight, Langstone Harbour, gravel works	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Popular dog-walking and recreational area, popular slipway	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of open character, although somewhat compromised by local (manmade) landforms; loss of views
Does the area form part of a skyline? Yes – from sea and low ground along shore	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Panoramic seascape views although some industrial influence from adjacent gravel workings, regional footpath	Green Infrastructure links: Policy HB3: Improve the multifunctional opportunity around Broadmarsh by enhancing recreational aspects whilst supporting the biodiversity importance.
Panoramic views: Yes		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Landmark features:		
None visible		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity - Noise levels:
lowest contours : Low-lying - approx. I-3m AOD. Rolling up away from shoreline Localised mounding to eastern car park.	Sea defences	Some traffic noise to north of parcel. Otherwise fairly quiet
Geological features: None visible	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: None	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Gravel workings, power lines
Soil quality: Part Grade I, part reclaimed land	Parkland features: None	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Traffic to north of area, Portsmouth/Haying Island across Langstone Harbour
Water features: Sea to southern edge, Hermitage Stream mouth along eastern boundary	Conservation Area: No	Accessibility to area by public footpath: Yes footpath to southern and eastern boundaries
Landcover and land use: Car parking, informal recreation, boat slipway, grassland	Landscape features of CA: No	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: Solet Way to southern boundary

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Satting of listed buildings	Recreational areas:
Trees along Hermitage Stream, some individual trees next to internal roads	Setting of listed buildings: No	Slipway, informal recreation
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: No	Scheduled Ancient Monuments: No	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure: Open to south and west, more enclosed to east within small group of woodlands
Woodland and copses: Areas of woodland in east of parcel and to north-west highways boundary	Historic landscape (HLC): Western section is medium regular with straight boundaries (Parliamentary type); rest is reclaimed land	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern: Fairly simple and mid-scale
Wetland and meadow: West of area grazing marsh	Cultural associations: None known	Open access areas: Yes
Common land: No	Features of cultural importance: None	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
No	Slipway	
Other significant vegetation cover: None		
BAP/Phase I records: Deciduous woodland to east and north-west. Grazing marsh to west		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland: Langstone Harbour to south is SPA, SAC, RAMSAR & SSSI		
Presence in a floodplain: Small area adjacent to coast in floodplain		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Low	Medium / High
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Brockhampton industrial park to east with gravel extraction, sewage treatment works, haulage etc. To the north, Bedhampton separated by employment allocation, A27 corridor and open ground of LCA13

Character of the urban edge:

Brockhampton industrial park is somewhat harsh although some tree planting and scrub.

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Isolated from other residential areas; separated from industrial park by Hermitage Stream corridor, although gravel working visible from east of area.

Character of the wider landscape:

Inter-tidal mudflats and estuary to south

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Transitional landscape between land and seascape and well-connected with seascape but disconnected to vestigial countryside to north due to A27

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Forms part of gap between Brockhampton Industrial Estate and Bedhampton/ Farlington, evident when travelling along A27 and A3, and when viewed from the open water

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known: Hermitage Stream; shoreline of SSSI and Ramsar

Recreational links with the wider area:

Linked by footpaths to Bedhampton and to Wayfarers Walk

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

None

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	41.3	
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)	
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA41 South Moor and Broadmarsh Coastal Park / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain	
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No	
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes	
Date of area survey:	25.7.14	
Surveyors:	AG/KB	
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/hazy	

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from:	Types of viewers:	Opportunities for mitigation
Sea and foreshore, Broadmarsh Coastal Park to west,	Walkers, users of car park, workers at sewerage works,	Some, building on existing in west, limited in east
South Moor, Mill Lane Conservation Area, PRoW,	sailors and fishermen	due to flat, treeless terrain
AONB		
Views out of the area to:	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity):	Landscape impact and compatibility of
Sewage works, Broadmarsh Coastal Park to west, sea	Local open access land popular with employees in adjacent	mitigation:
and foreshore, Portsmouth, Hayling Island, Isle of	industrial park	Potential to block long-ranging sea views and loss
Wight, Ports Down Hill, South Downs, AONB		of openness
Does the area form part of a skyline?	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of	Green Infrastructure links:
No	local visual receptors):	

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
	Long-ranging panoramic sea views, regional PRoW, tranquil	Policy HB1: Enhance the setting of Langstone
	in east, expectations of beauty within nearby AONB	Technology Park and sewerage works to provide a more attractive work location with improvements to the quality of the natural spaces to benefit biodiversity HB5: Promote multifunctional stream enhancements to provide high quality linear features with enhanced biodiversity and recreation value which also encourage non- motorised travel options Policy HB6: Support the setting of key conservation areas such as Warblington Castle ensuring these are attractive and inviting places to visit.
Panoramic views:		
Yes		
Landmark features: None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / High	Medium / High	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and	Boundary features other than vegetation:	Tranquillity – Noise levels:
lowest contours :	Chain link fences, sea wall, post and wire, chestnut pale	Quiet, particularly in east part
Land rises up from sea, dropping steeply towards		
sewage works, man-made landforms in west, low-lying		
in east, below 5m AOD		
Geological features:	Contribution of private gardens to landscape	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors:
None noted	character:	Sewage and gravel works in west, industrial estate
	None	in east, power lines in east
Soil quality:	Parkland features:	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies:
Urban. Mostly Grade I in east of parcel.	No	Portsmouth, Industrial estate
Water features:	Conservation Area:	Accessibility to area by public footpath:
Sea to south and west and naturalized lake associated	Mill Lane Conservation Area to east	PROW to coastline and links to industrial estate
with sewage works, Hermitage Stream to west, ditches, stream and small pond to east		
Landcover and land use:	Landscape features of CA:	PROW links including promoted routes and
Ruderal grassland, car parking, woodland, boat	West Mill (adjacent to the south east corner of the parcel)	national trails:
mooring/angling to western tip, grazing in east	is a buildings of note (but not listed)	Solent Way follows southern boundary
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees:	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas:
Trees along stream in east	No	None
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees:	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of
Some in east	None	openness/enclosure:
		Largely open, western side more enclosed

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
Small woodlands to north-west, north east and centre	Reservoirs and water treatment/ Industrial factories and	Small in west, larger in east, medium complexity
of parcel	complexes, salterns, medium regular with straight	
	boundaries (Parliamentary type)	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
Floodplain grazing in east	None noted	Yes – much of site
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
None	None noted	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
None	Sheds on westerly tip facing Broadmarsh	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
None		
BAP/Phase I records:		
3 small areas of deciduous woodland		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
Adjacent Langstone harbour is SSSI, Ramsar, SPA, SAC,		
2 SINCs		
Presence in a floodplain:		
Majority of eastern part and foreshore are in floodzone		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
High	Medium / Low	Medium / High

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Landscape sensitivity score:		
Medium / High		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Industrial estate to north, Langstone to east

Character of the urban edge:

Largely well wooded, though industrial units are partly visible

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Contained to north by industrial park and sewage works, distant from residential areas, except low density housing in Langstone / Mill Lane to eastern boundary

Character of the wider landscape:

Foreshore, mudflats and seascape.

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Visual links with Broadmarsh to the west. Strongly linked to seascape

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Area acts as a buffer between the industrial estate at Brockhampton and the foreshore/SSSI/RAMSAR of Langstone Harbour and between the industrial estate and Langstone

Historic links with the wider area if known:

Not known

Ecological links with the wider area if known:

Hermitage Stream

Recreational links with the wider area:

Solent Way connects with wider footpath network and Wayfarers Walk

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

VDS for Langstone in preparation. Mill Lane Conservation Area appraisal – designation aims to protect the open, historic landscape adjacent to the harbour; Mill Lane itself retains the character of a rural lane; the trees (many of which are the subject of TPOs) within spacious gardens contribute to the rural character, including in views from the harbour.

HAVANT OPEN LAND LANDSCAPE SENSITIVITY AND CAPACITY STUDY 2015 RECORD SHEET

Land Parcel:	41.4	
County Landscape character area (HCC):	Havant and Emsworth Coastal Plain (landscape type: Coastal Plain Open)	
District Landscape character area / landscape type:	LCA41 South Moor and Broadmarsh Coastal Park / LCTH Open Lower Harbour Plain	
Presence in Chichester Harbour AONB	No but adjacent to south east corner	
Local Gap (ref Policy AL2)	Yes	
Date of area survey:	25.7.14	
Surveyors:	AG/KB	
Weather/visibility:	Sunny/hazy	

VISUAL SENSITIVITY

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
Views into the area from: Road, houses, Mill Lane Conservation Area, small section of AONB to east	Types of viewers: Residents, motorists, pedestrians on roadside	Opportunities for mitigation Little existing to build upon
Views out of the area to: Conservation area, road, houses	Magnitude of viewers (level of use and popularity): Busy road, few houses	Landscape impact and compatibility of mitigation: Loss of open field but would be in character
Does the area form part of a skyline? No	Visual perceptions (activity and expectations of local visual receptors): Open approach road to village and part of village and conservation area setting, edge / setting of AONB so there is an expectation of beauty	Green Infrastructure links: None known
Panoramic views: No		
Landmark features:		

General visibility	Population	Mitigation potential
None		
Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:	Sensitivity score:
Medium / Low	Medium	Medium
Visual sensitivity score:		
Medium		

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
Topography and landform including highest and lowest contours : Generally flat and low-lying approx. 5m AOD	Boundary features other than vegetation: Brick walls to southern boundary, post and rail fence	Tranquillity – Noise levels: Busy road
Geological features: None noted	Contribution of private gardens to landscape character: Trees in gardens to southern boundary	Tranquillity – Visual intrusion / detractors: Traffic
Soil quality: Grade I	Parkland features: None	Tranquillity – Light pollution/dark skies: Traffic
Water features: Stream adjacent to western boundary	Conservation Area: Mill Lane Conservation Area adjacent to southern boundary	Accessibility to area by public footpath: No
Landcover and land use: Pasture	Landscape features of CA: Houses – mostly modern – in wooded setting, brick wall to southern boundary. Flint House and lodge (adjacent to the south east corner of the parcel) are buildings of note (but not listed)	PROW links including promoted routes and national trails: No
Tree belts, individual trees and riverside trees: Mature tree belt to western boundary, young tree planting to eastern boundary	Setting of listed buildings:	Recreational areas: No

Natural factors	Cultural factors	Perceptual features
	Grade II 59 and 61 Langstone Road opposite south-east	
	corner of parcel. Parcel forms part of semi-rural, leafy	
	setting.	
Hedgerows and hedgerow trees: None	Scheduled Ancient Monuments:	Aesthetic sensitivity - Elements of openness/enclosure:
inone	INO	Open to east, enclosed on other sides
		open to east, chelosed on other sides
Woodland and copses:	Historic landscape (HLC):	Aesthetic sensitivity – landscape pattern:
No	Industrial complexes and factories; medium regular with	Simple and regular
	straight boundaries (Parliamentary type)	
Wetland and meadow:	Cultural associations:	Open access areas:
No	None noted	No
Common land:	Features of cultural importance:	
No	None noted	
Heathland:	Built form on area:	
No	None	
Other significant vegetation cover:		
Grazing marsh		
BAP/Phase I records:		
Coastal and floodplain grazing marsh		
Presence of SSSI/SINC/local wildlife		
designation/Semi-Natural Ancient Woodland:		
No		
Presence in a floodplain:		
No	Construction of the second	
Sensitivity score: Medium	Sensitivity score: Medium	Sensitivity score:
	medium	LOW
Landscape sensitivity score: Medium / Low		

Relationship with the wider landscape/townscape

Adjacent settlement character and pattern:

Nucleated historic core of Mill Road / Langstone to the south and south east, with modern expansions to the north and north east, industrial to the north west, large, detached houses along leafy Langstone Road to the east

Character of the urban edge:

Open to south - brick wall with conservation area houses beyond, partly open to north, largely wooded to east, beyond the Langstone Road

Relationship with adjacent settlement:

Surrounded on 3 sides by residential settlement. The western part of Mill Lane Conservation Area is adjacent to the southern boundary

Character of the wider landscape:

Wooded stream valley to west, salt marsh beyond; small scale, enclosed fields within the AONB north of the eastern part of Mill Lane CA (east of Langstone Road)

Relationship with adjacent wider countryside:

Disconnected by woodland belt and stream to west, minimal link with AONB landscape to east which forms the setting for the eastern part of Mill Lane Conservation Area

Contribution to the gap between settlements:

Not critical to the perception of the separation of Emsworth and Havant as it is not widely visible and is not located between the 2 settlements. The open land forms a separation between the old part of Langstone and the newer part to the north. Helps establish change of character from more built-up Havant to village of Langstone, and provides an open approach to and setting for the older part of Langstone to the south.

Historic links with the wider area if known:

None known

Ecological links with the wider area if known: None known

Recreational links with the wider area:

Cycle path opposite links with national cycle path network

VDS/Parish Plan – relevant extracts:

VDS for Langstone in preparation. Mill Lane Conservation Area appraisal – designation aims to protect the open, historic landscape adjacent to the harbour; Mill Lane itself retains the character of a rural lane; the trees (many of which are the subject of TPOs) within spacious gardens contribute to the rural character, including in views from the harbour.